

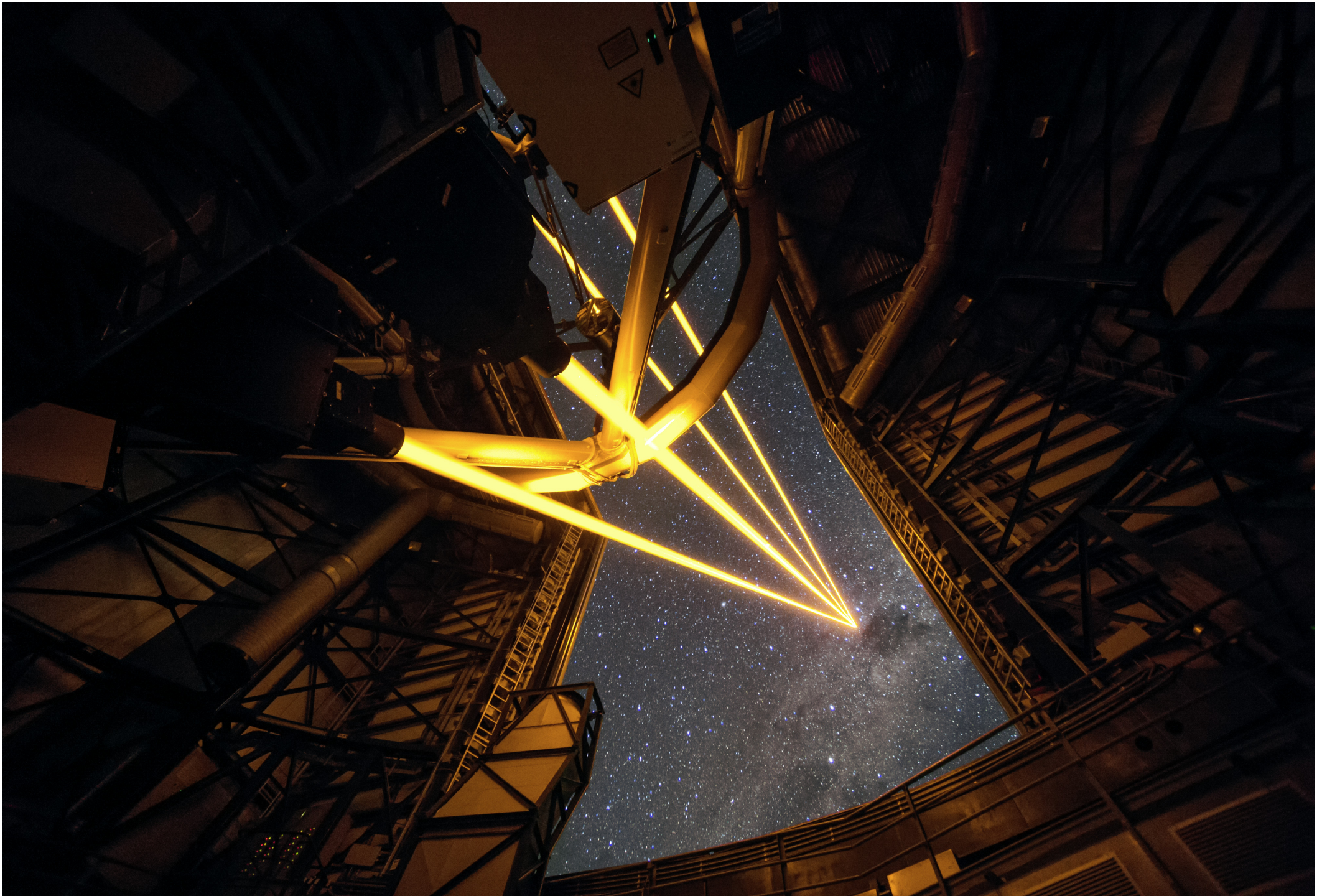
Mercator Telescope



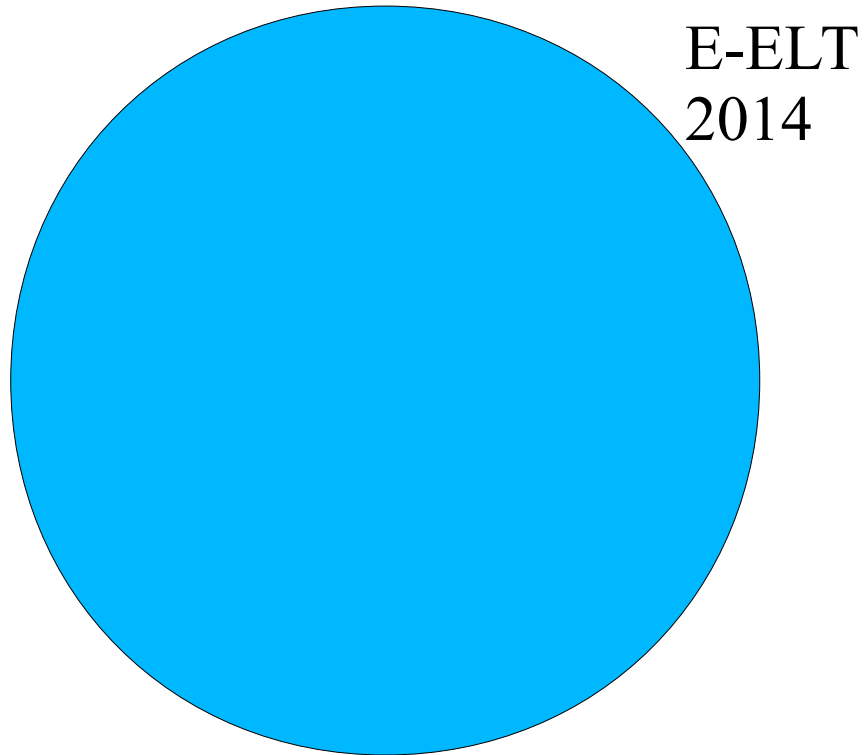
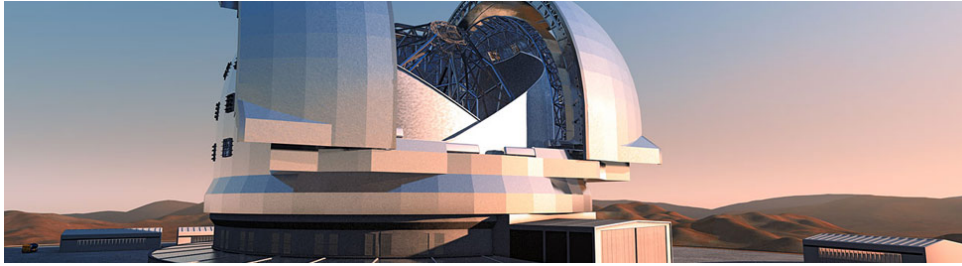
Prof. Hans Van Winckel
Instituut voor Sterrenkunde
KU Leuven



European Southern Observatory La Silla-Paranal observatory



Why Mercator ?



Mercator: Niche in observational astrophysics

Provides complementary unique possibilities to international (& space) facilities: **TIMES-SERIES** over a wide range of scales and cadences

Requirements:

World-class instruments: instrument development programme

Operational model: Pooled observations with priority driven scheduling.



Userfriendly robust operational environment

fwo: Big Science envelope



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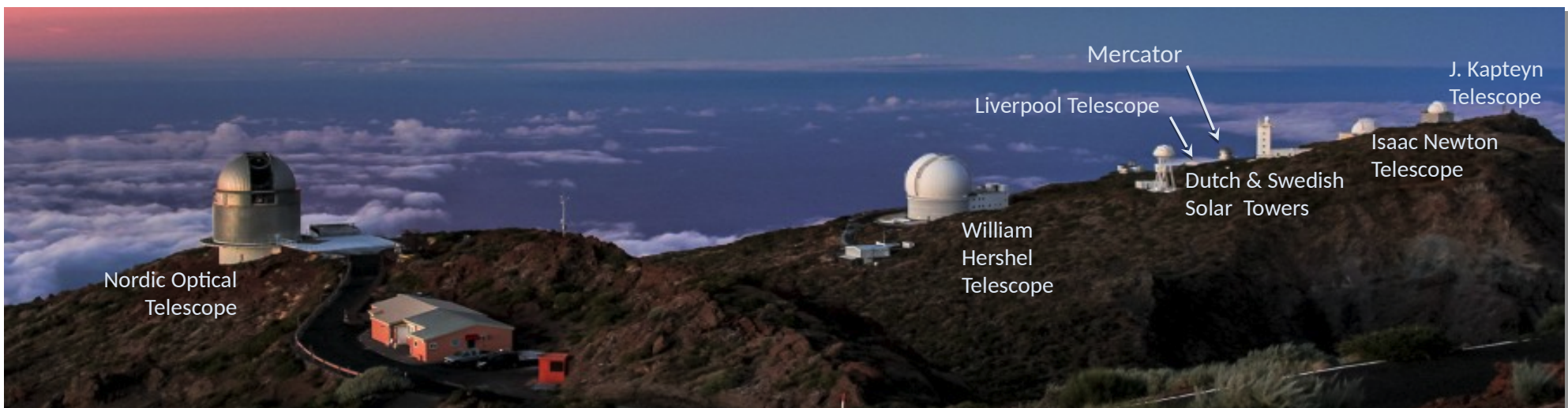
Outline

- Mercator for experimental astrophysics
- Instruments: HERMES
- Instruments: Maia
- Mercator Operations
- Science results

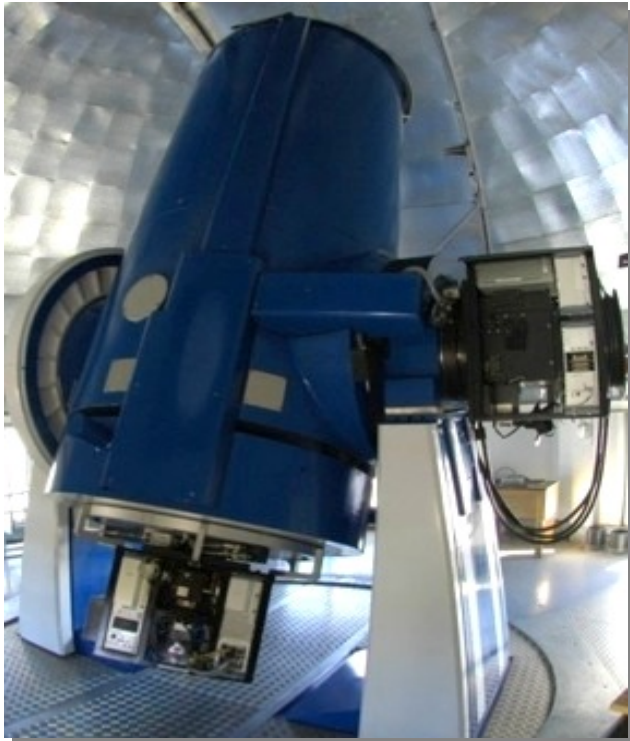


The Mercator telescope

- Owned and operated by the Institute of Astronomy, KU Leuven
- In operation since 2001
- Built in collaboration with the Observatoire de Genève (Euler twin, Chile)
- Roque de los Muchachos Observatory
 - La Palma (Canary Islands, Spain)
 - Altitude: 2400 m
 - Prime site for astronomical observations in Europe
 - Large international collection of telescopes

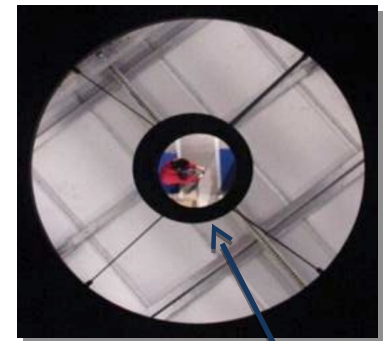
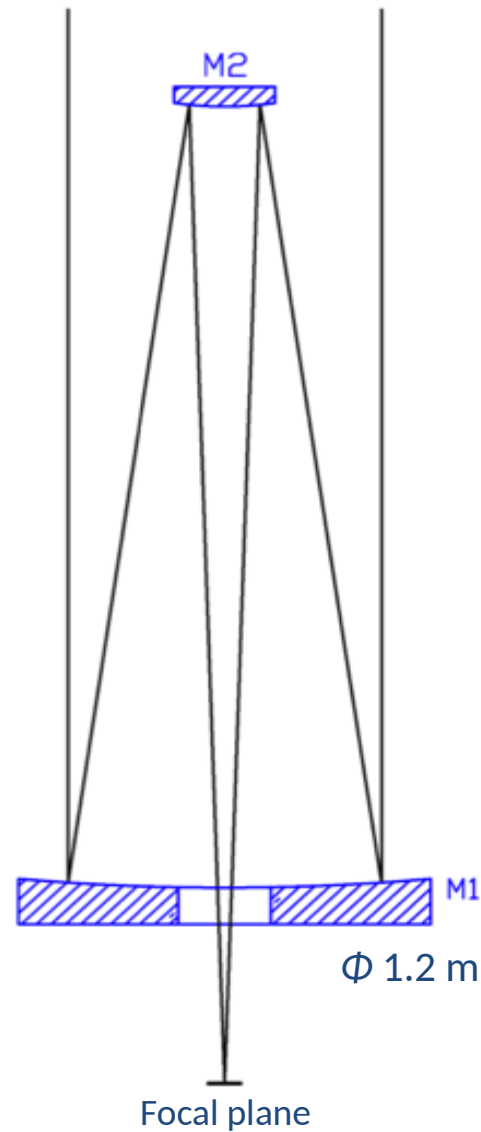


Mercator telescope optics



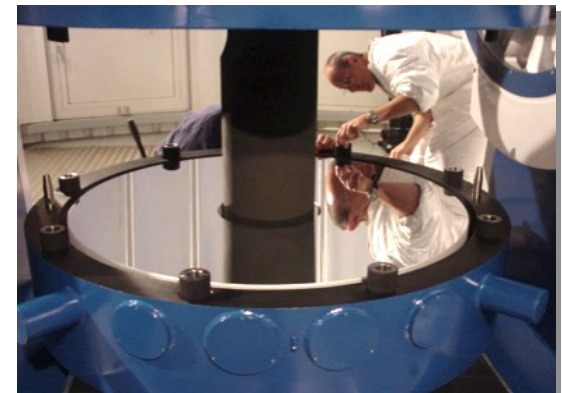
Ritchey-Chrétien optics:

- 2 Hyperbolic mirrors □ flat focal plane free of coma and spherical aberration
- Combined focal length:
 $f = 14.4 \text{ m}$ ($f/12$)
- Central obscuration (7.5%)



M2

M1

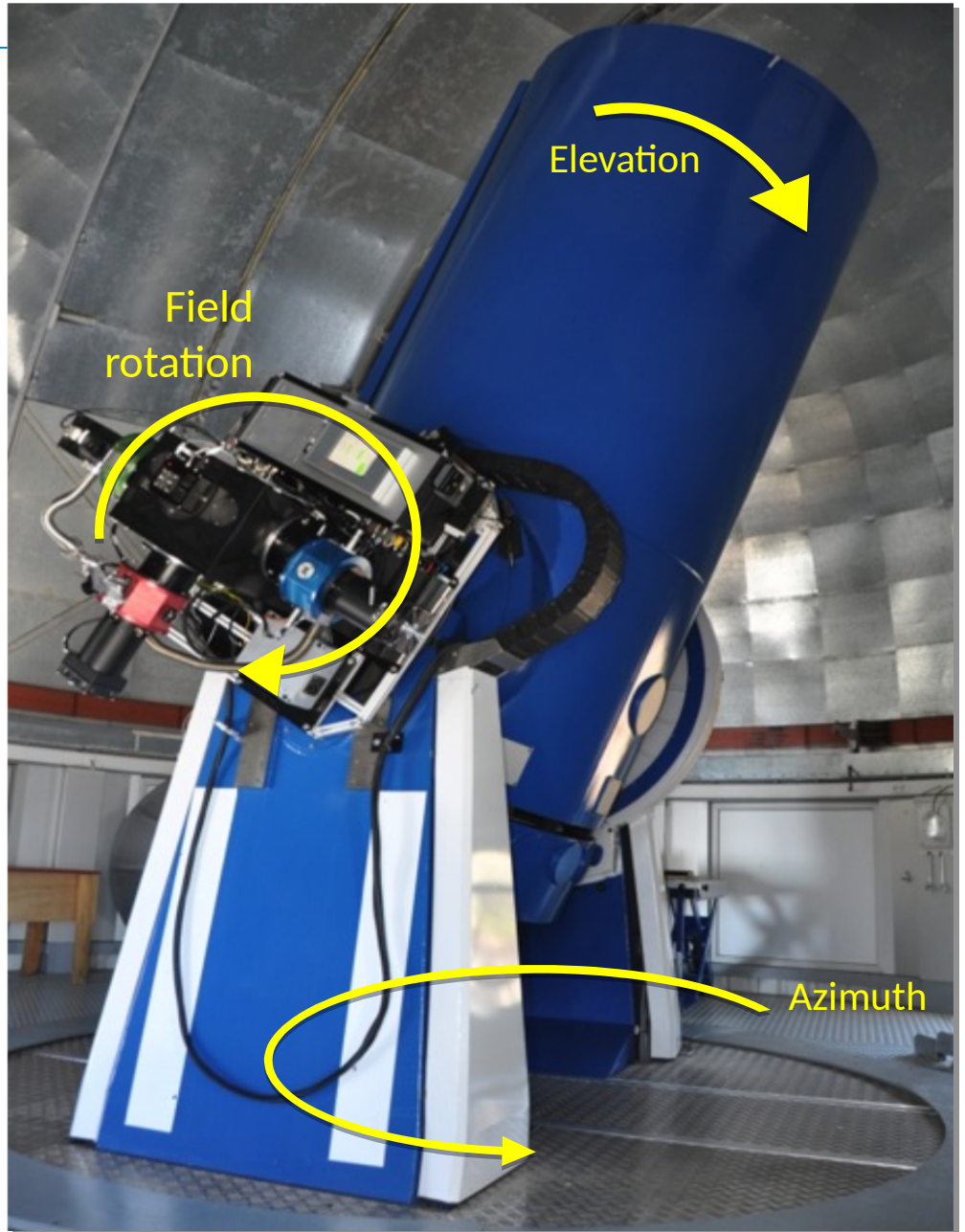


The Mercator telescope

- Altitude-azimuthal telescope mounting:
To track targets during observation
(sync. with daily earth rotation)



- 3 rotation axes:
 - × Azimuth
 - × Elevation
 - × Instrument rotation
 - High-precision mechanisms:
 - 9000 kg moving mass
 - Blind pointing accuracy: 3 – 4 arcsec
 - Closed-loop tracking precision:
< 0.1 arcsec
- 0.1 arcsec = \arctan 0.5 mm / 1 km

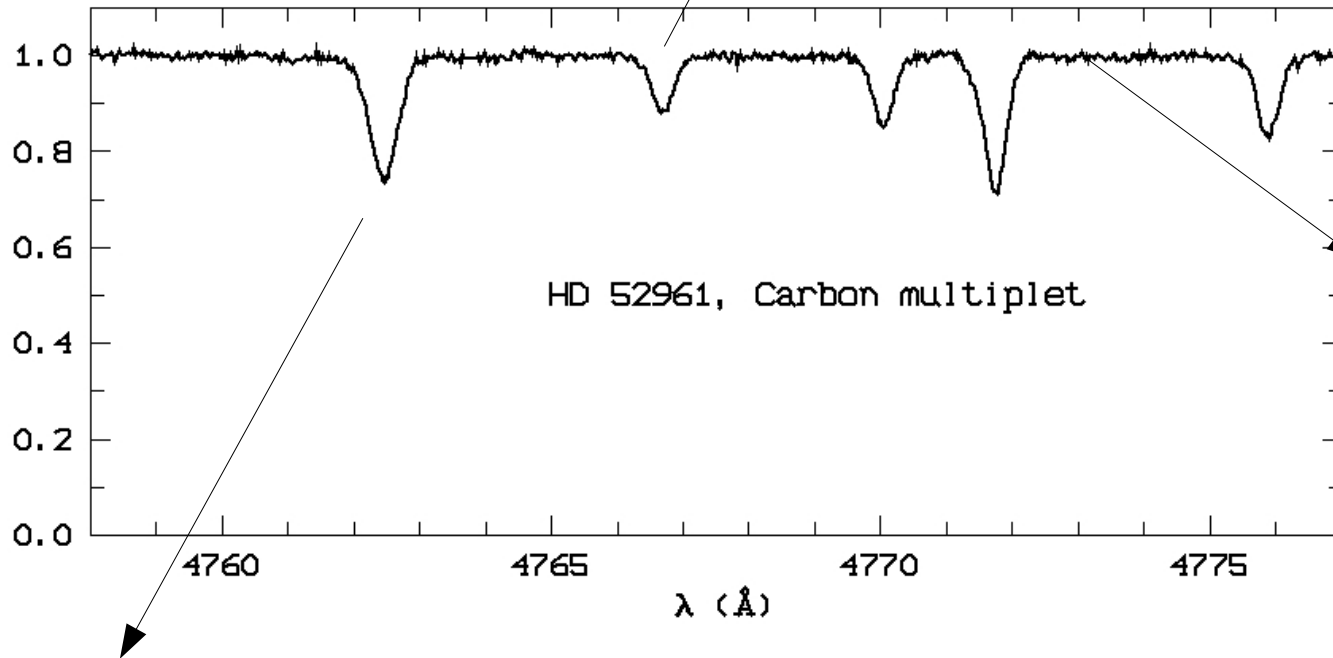


Why a high-resolution spectrograph ?

Strength of line = $f(\text{Teff}, \log(g), \text{chemical composition})$

Wide spectral coverage !

Good sampling required



S/N: small telescope requires **efficient** instrument

Radial velocity : $(\lambda - \lambda_0) / \lambda_0 = \text{velocity}/c$

High resolution: 85 000 corresponds to 3.5 km/s in V

High stability to allow 10 m/s accuracy. Wide spectral domain helps

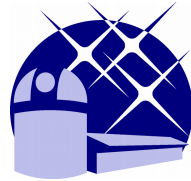


HERMES-Consortium: Kick-off 19/01/2005

Science start: 01/06/2009

Project Engineer: Gert Raskin

PI: Hans Van Winckel



IvS-KUL
co-i: C. Waelkens



Lotto

ROB
co-i: H. Hensberge, Y Fremat



FNRS

IAA-ULB
co-i: A. Jorissen

HERMES



Landessternwarte Tautenburg
co-i: H. Lehman



Observatoire de Genève



HERMES: Niche in the telescope-market

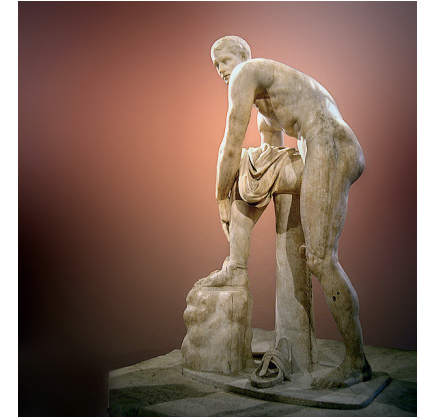
Time series in radial velocity and in individual spectral lines,
high S/N spectra of fainter stars: robust, efficient,
high-resolution, spectrograph on Mercator

=

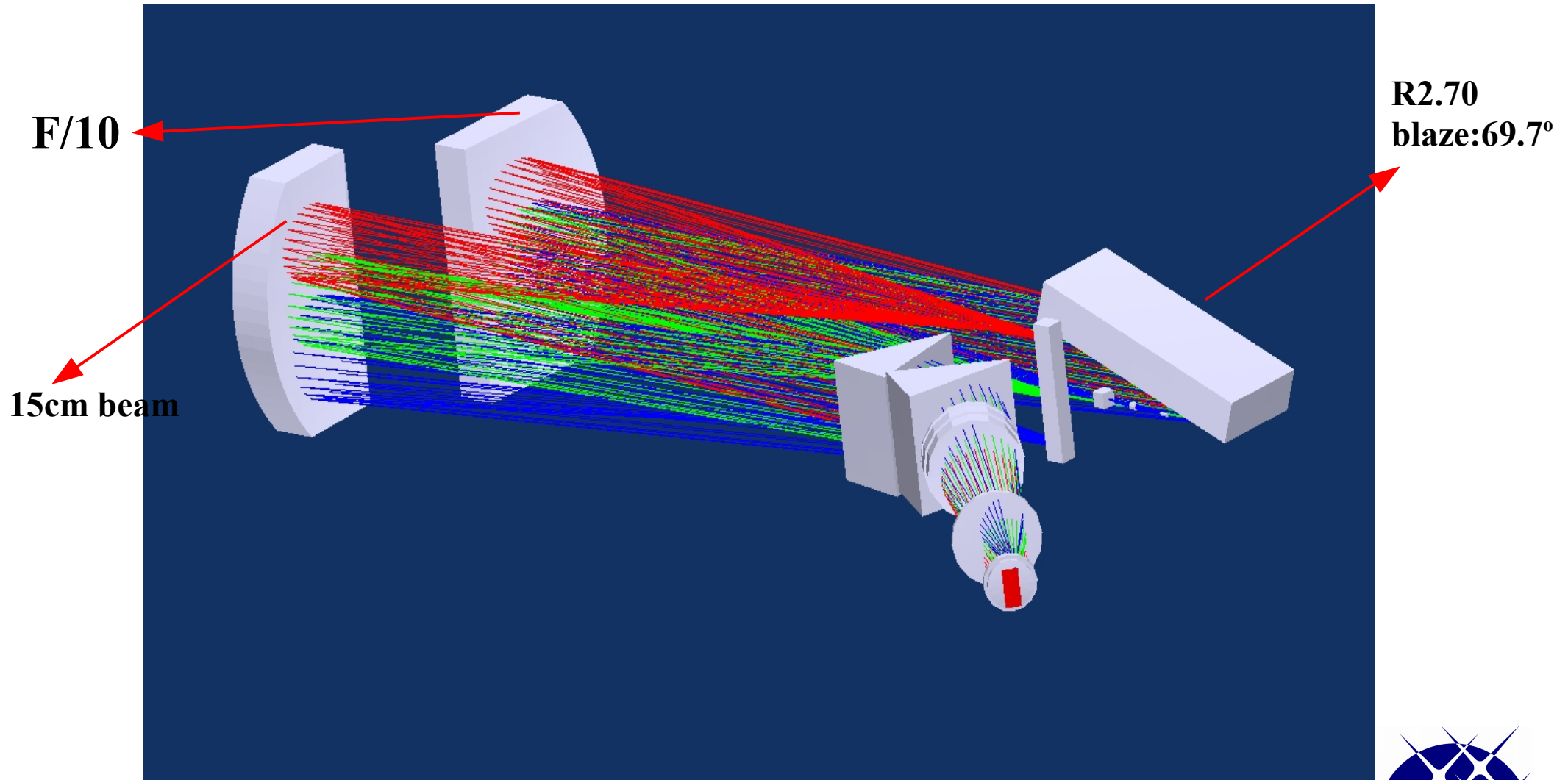
HERMES: High-Efficiency and Resolution Mercator Echelle Spectrograph

Pooling of HERMES observations with priority driven scheduling.

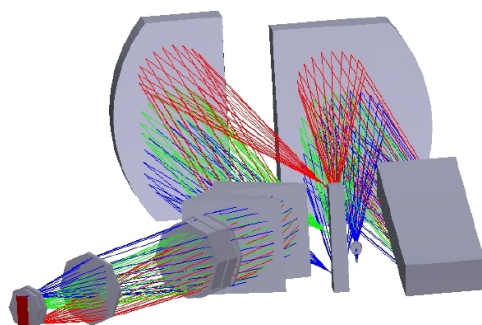
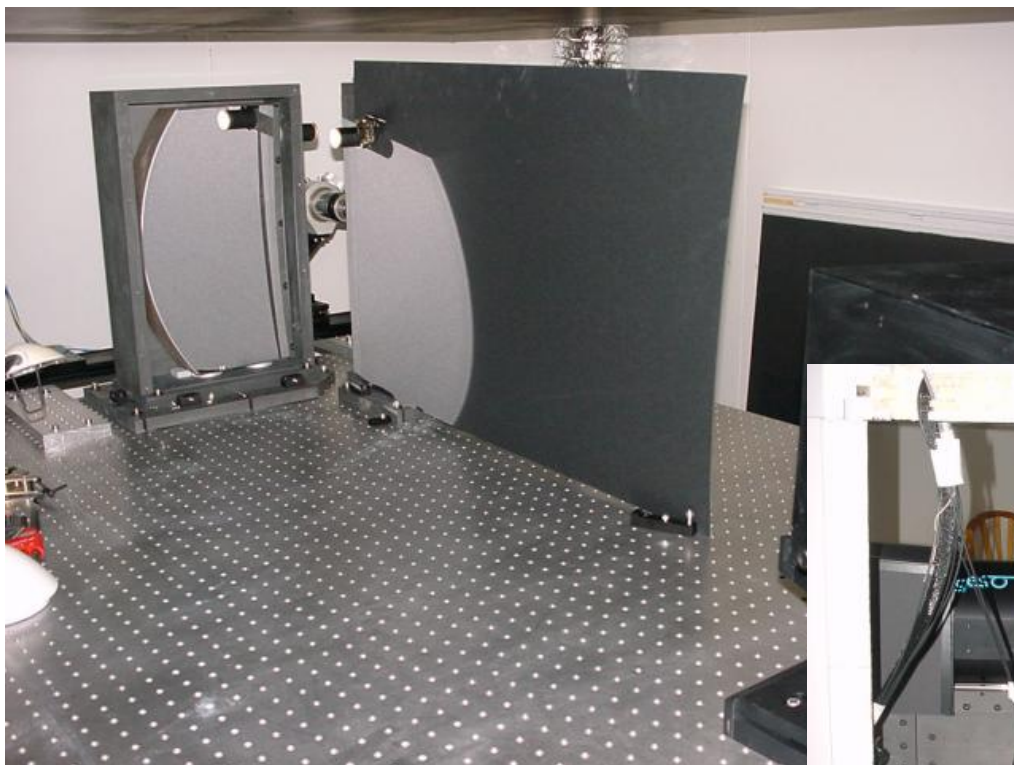
All HERMES consortium nights are mainly (80%) scheduled from pool.



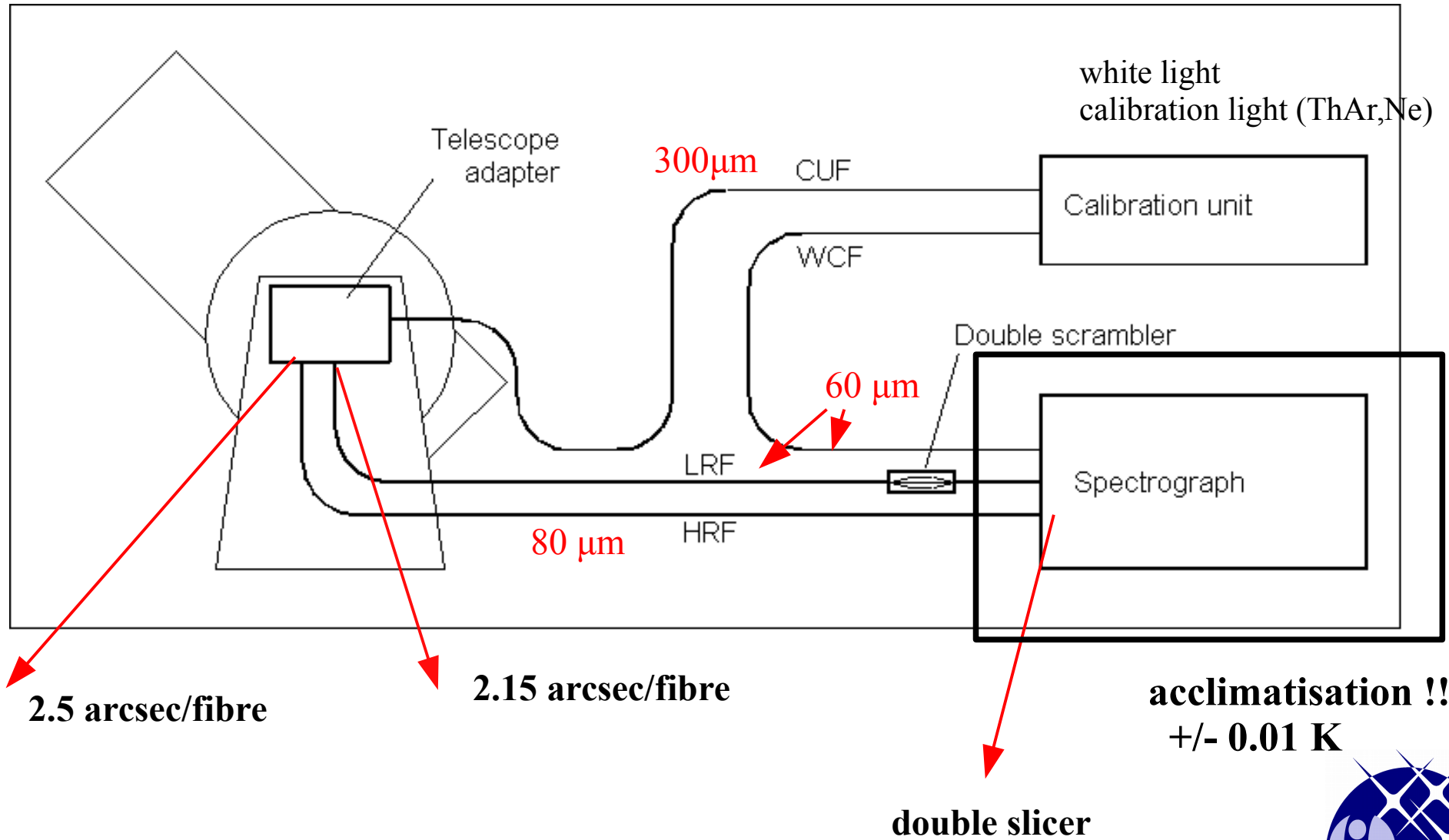
Hermes: white pupil Design



Spectrograph room...



Hermes Design



Software

Instrument Control <@monterrey>

INSTRUMENT CONTROL

HERMES

Observation B-V = 0.000, fibre = HRF Change

	R	V	B
ADU	5268	6701	5490
S/N	193	218	198
Aimed S/N	200	200	200

Estimated exp. >5 hours >5 hours >5 hours Change

Exposure meter Status: Idle
 Freq.: 0 Hz
 Counts: 20.2 M
 Sigma: 4.1 K
 Time: 450 s

Source selector

Thorium-Argon-Neon
Neon
Thorium-Argon
Red halogen
Blue halogen

Halogen
Th-Ar-Ne
Th-Ar + Ne

Transmission 61.1%

WRF NDF home

WRF shutter Closed
Open

Calibration shutter Closed
Open

ADC

Out LRF
HRF

Fibre selector

Fibre mask
All open
HRF open
All closed
LRF open

LEDs Off
On

Guiding NDF
Transmission LRF=1.6% HRF=1.4%

Guiding camera Focus 7.700 mm

WRF
LRF
HRF

HERMES

Science CCD

Status Control Advanced

User interface RUNNING

HERMES

Overall status RUNNING

Mode HRF_TH

Spectrograph

HERMES shutter OFF

Science CCD OFF

Power - 5V supply ON

- 24V supply ON

Exp. meter relay OFF

Exp. meter protection PMT is off

Calibration Source

Lamps - Th-Ar-Ne OFF

- Ne ON (45")

- Th-Ar ON (45")

- red halogen OFF

- blue halogen OFF

Source selector Thorium-Argon + Neon lamps

Calibration shutter OPEN

WRF NDF Home

WRF shutter CLOSED

Relays - Fan OFF

- Stages ON

- USB extender ON

Telescope Adapter

ADC Closed

Fibre selector HRF

Fibre mask HRF open

LEDs OFF

Guiding NDF Home

Guiding focus Optimal

Power - Guiding cam ON

- USB extender ON

- Stages ON

	Local Time	Process	Level	Description
1	2009-05-12 15:38:11.696	LOG.HERMES	INFO	Mode has been changed to HRF_TH
2	2009-05-12 15:38:11.604	LOG.HERMES	INFOL4	Fibre mask has been changed to: HRF open
3	2009-05-12 15:38:11.463	LOG.HERMES	INFOL4	Fibre selector has been changed to: HRF
4	2009-05-12 15:37:49.434	LOG.HERMES	INFOL4	Source selector has been changed to: Thorium-Argon + Neon lamps
5	2009-05-12 15:37:43.166	LOG.HERMES	INFOL4	The red halogen lamp is now switched OFF
6	2009-05-12 15:37:42.258	LOG.HERMES	INFOL4	The blue halogen lamp is now switched OFF
7	2009-05-12 15:37:43.143	LOG.HERMES	INFOL4	ADC has been closed by Cloud

MOCS GUI - Mercator Observatory Control System GUI

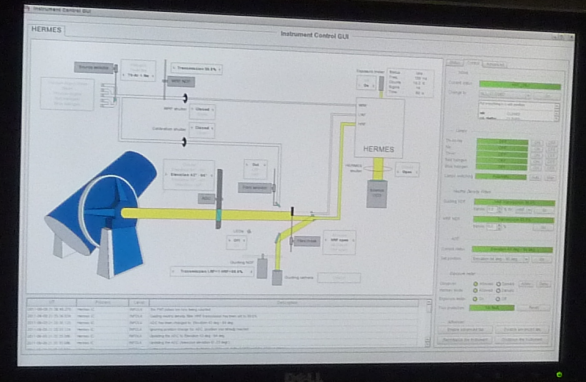
Services

Telescope

Merope

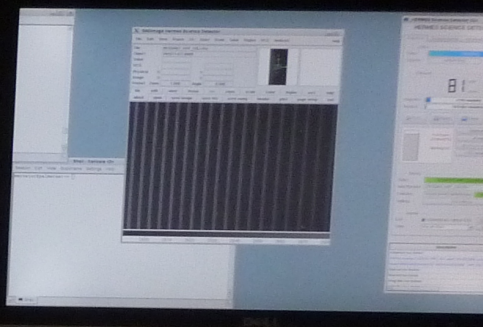
Hermes

LAST 13:38:16
UT 21:38:11



Scheduler GUI

Time	Filter	Exposure	Priority	Status
13:38:16
13:38:17
13:38:18
13:38:19
13:38:20



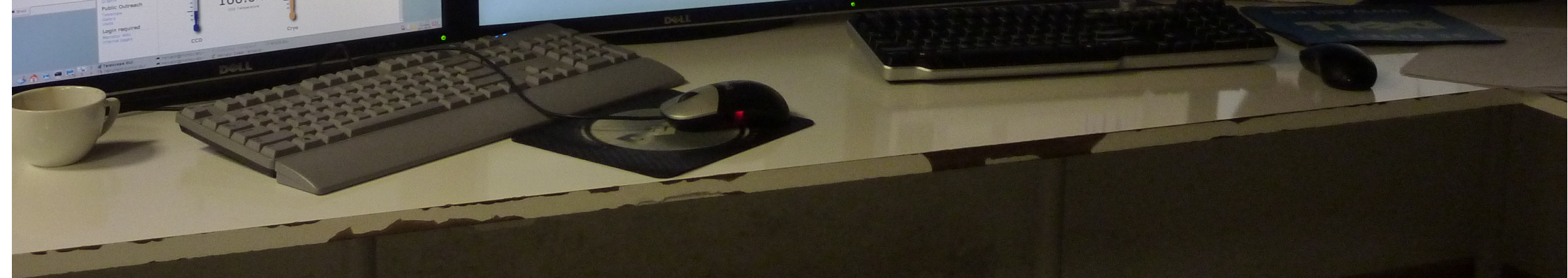
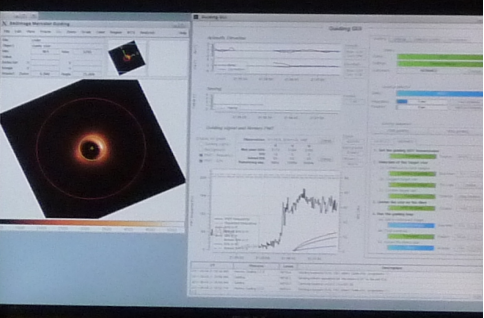
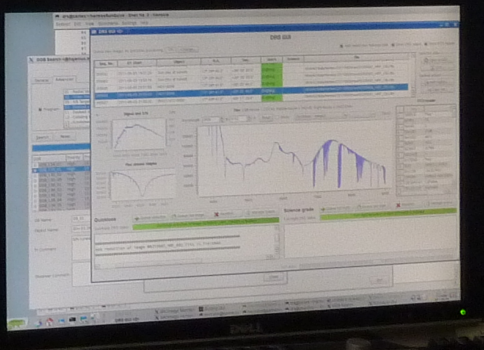
Mercator Telescope
Instituut voor Sterrenkunde
KU Leuven

Dewar temperatures

Hermes
159.8 K (CCD) / 114.2 K (Cryo)

Merope
160.0 K (CCD) / 91.3 K (Cryo)

Telescope GUI



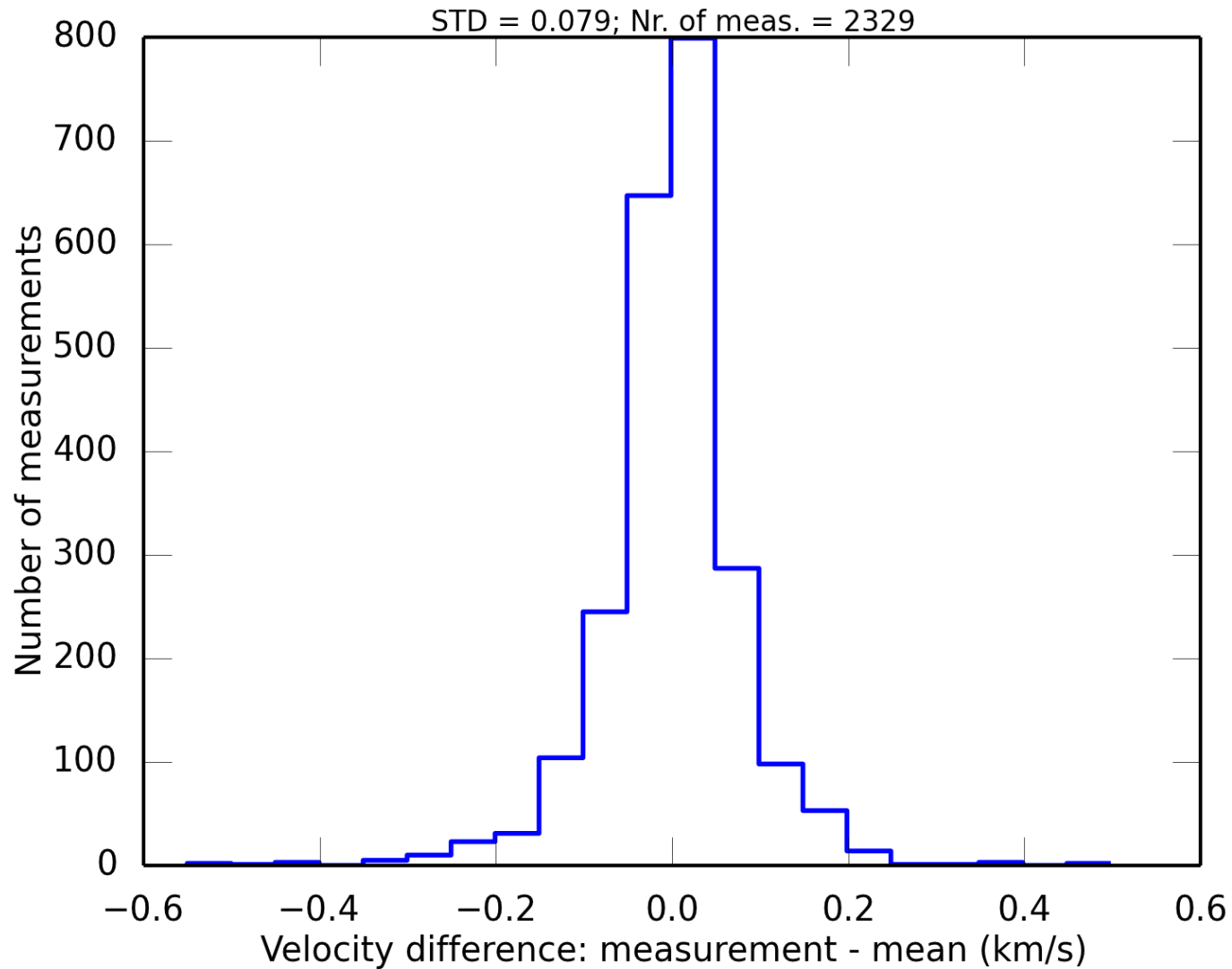
PR slide...

	D_T	R	Coverage	Flux	Flux/m ²	M	M/m ²
	[m]	[$\lambda/\Delta\lambda$]	[nm]	[e ⁻ /nm]	[e ⁻ /(nm m ²)]	[R x Flux]	[R x Flux/m ²]
HARPS	3.6 ^a	115 000	378–691	31 070	3050	3570 k	351 k
Espadons	3.6 ^b	80 000	369–1048	44 250	4350	3540 k	348 k
SARG	3.5 ^c	86 000	370–1000**	18 680	1940	1610 k	167 k
FIES	2.5 ^d	67 000	364–736	8620	1760	580 k	118 k
FEROS	2.2 ^e	48 000	360–920	31 400	8260	1510 k	397 k
Sophie	1.93 ^f	75 000	387–694	7200	2460	540 k	185 k
Coralie	1.2 ^g	60 000	390–681	3550	3140	213 k	188 k
HERMES	1.2 ^h	85 000	377–900	9360	8270	795 k	703 k

more details: PhD Gert Raskin



Radial Velocity Stability



First 7 years of science data: some numbers

On **15/5/2016** there were:

225904 fits files of which

67409 science exposures

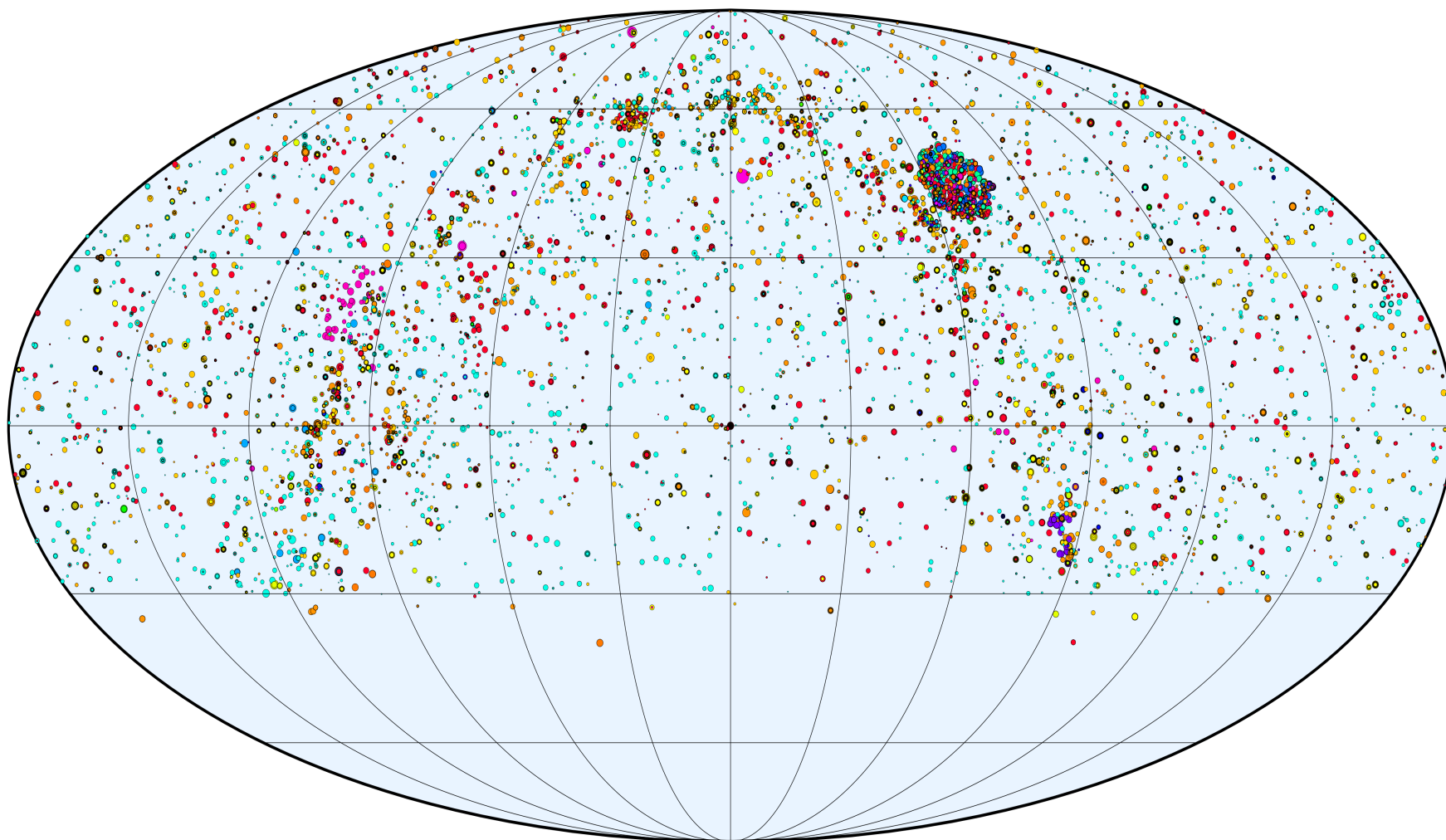
5.7 Tb data (raw+reduced)

All data quicklook (on site) + fully reduced in Leuven + distributed rsync

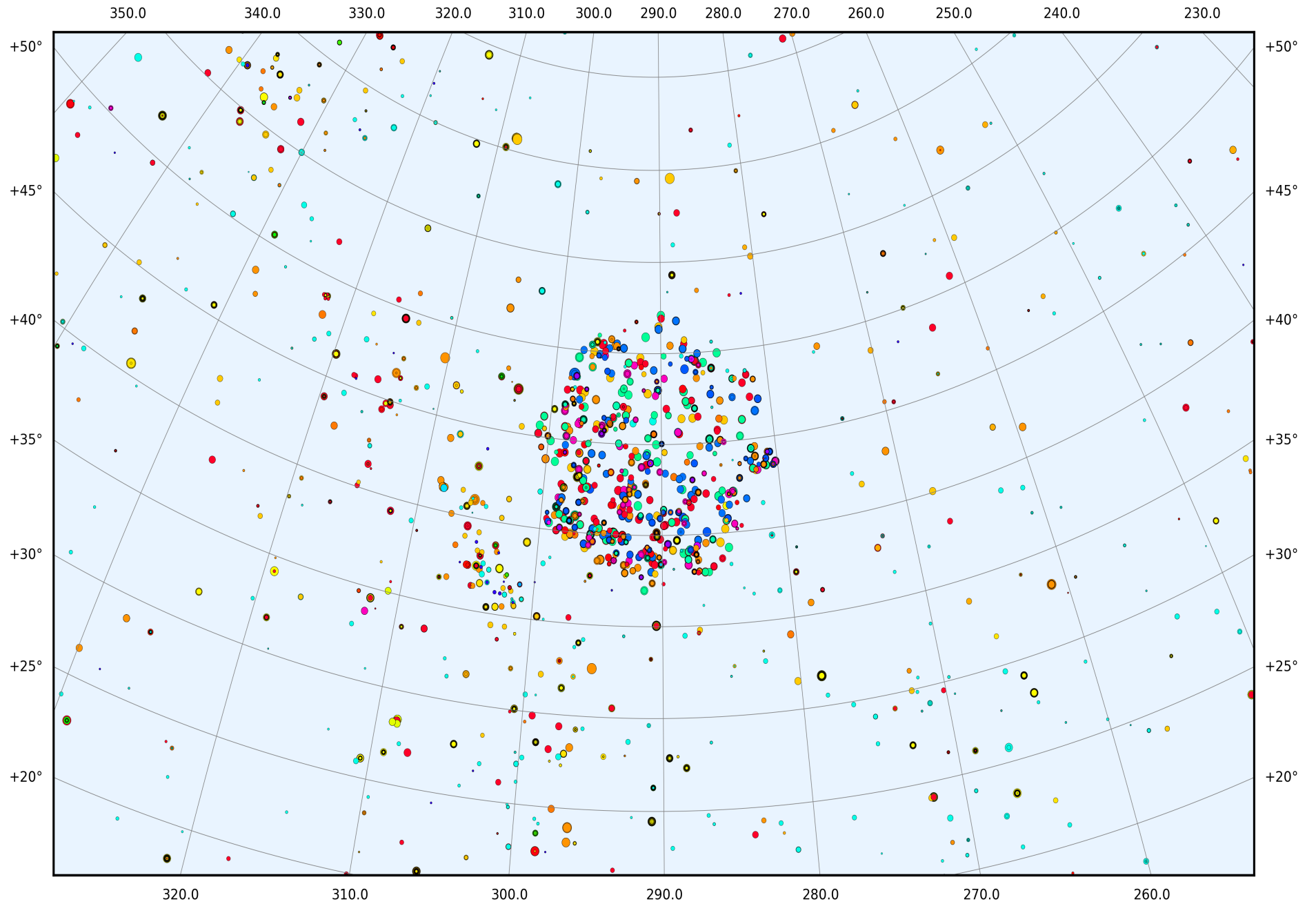
62 science programmes (excluding the Spanish allocation, calibration institutes numbers)

References to Raskin et al., 2011, A&A 526, 69: 154 citations



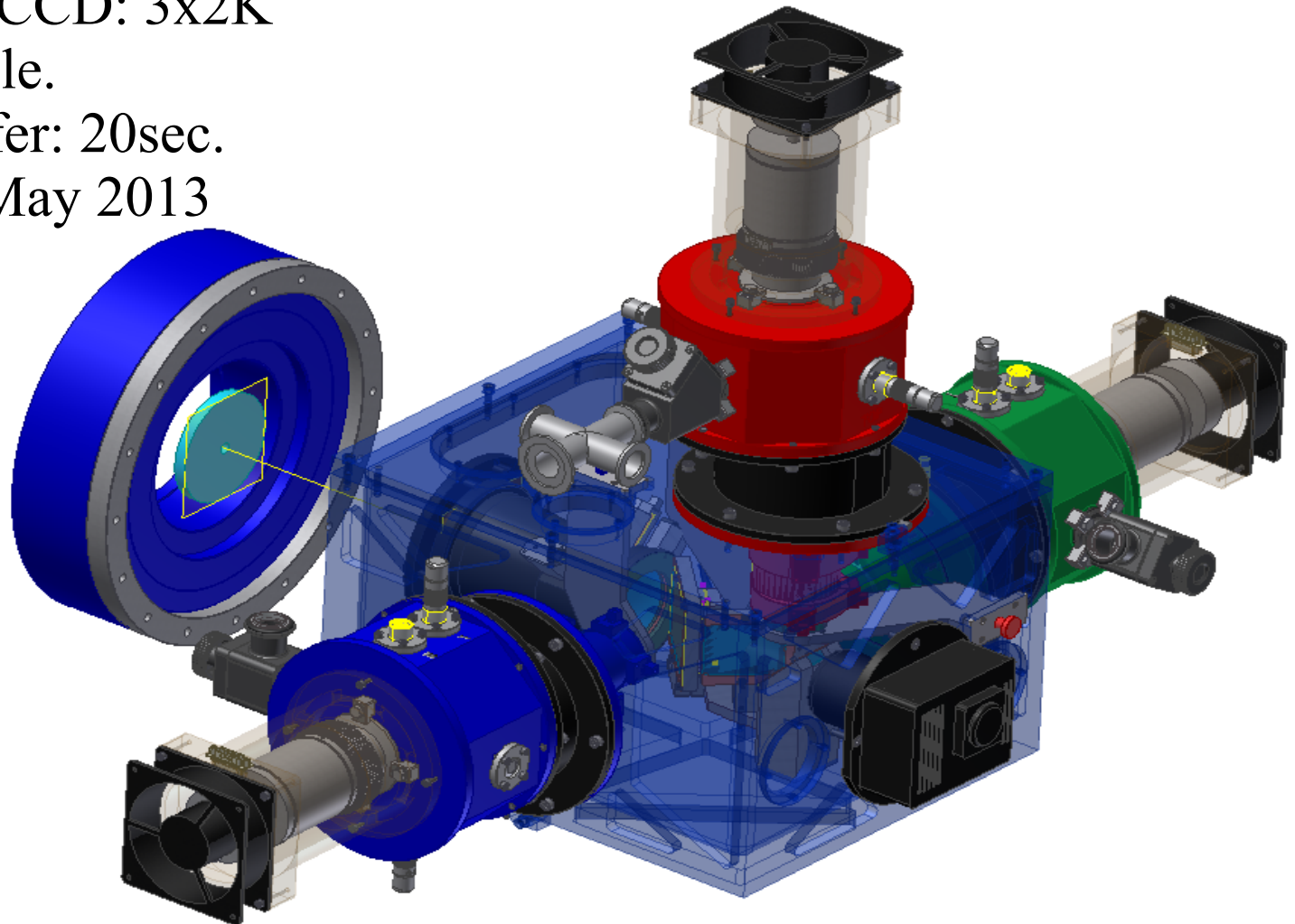


Complementary with space: the Kepler field in HERMES pointings



MAIA 3-arm camera

3 arms: U, V+G and R filters
Unique Frame Transfer CCD: 3x2K
Fast-photometry possible.
Full Frame Frame transfer: 20sec.
Commissioning: April-May 2013



fwo

erc
European Research Council
Established by the European Commission

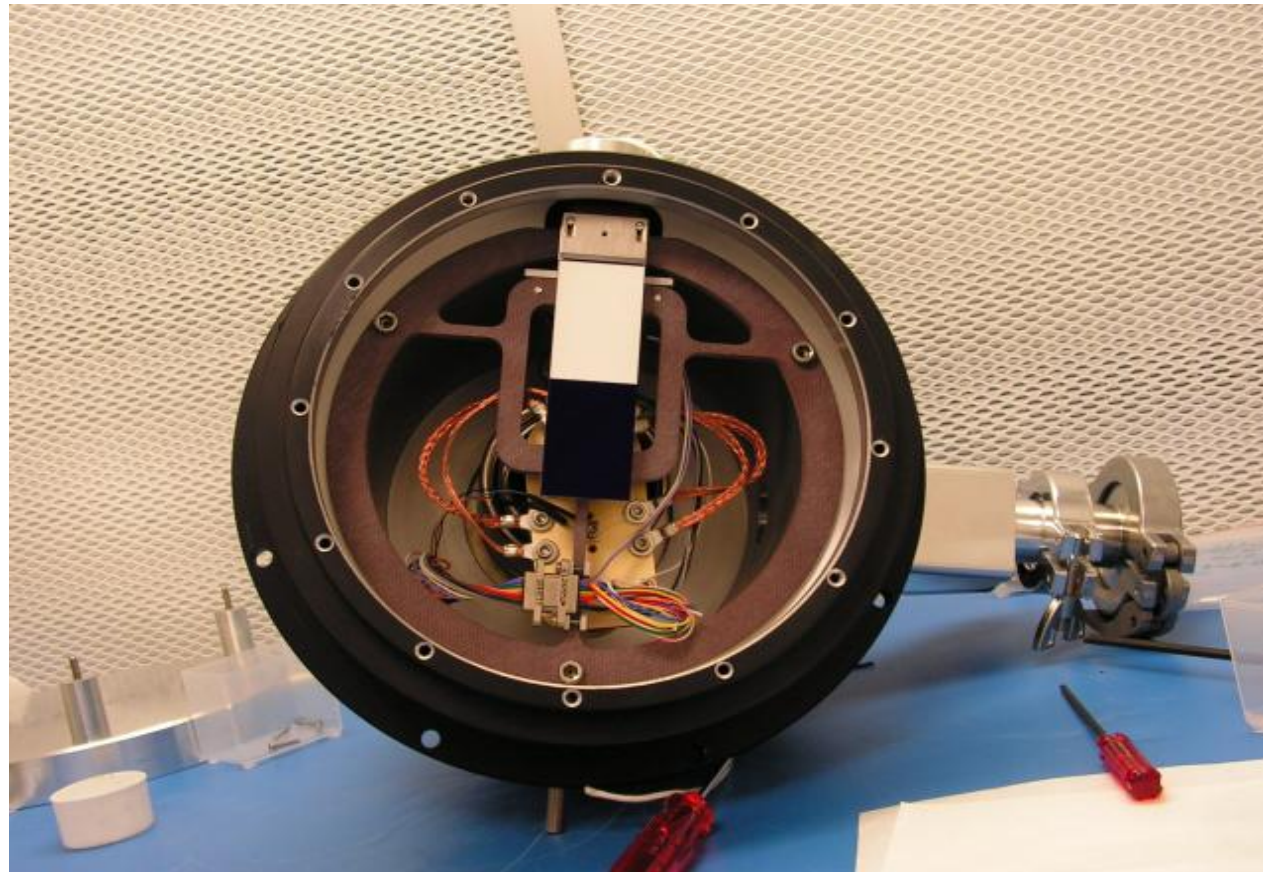
Prosperity: Conny Aerts

MAIA 3-arm camera: Frame Transfer

3x2K frame transfer CCDs of the late Eddington mission

0.28" per pixel

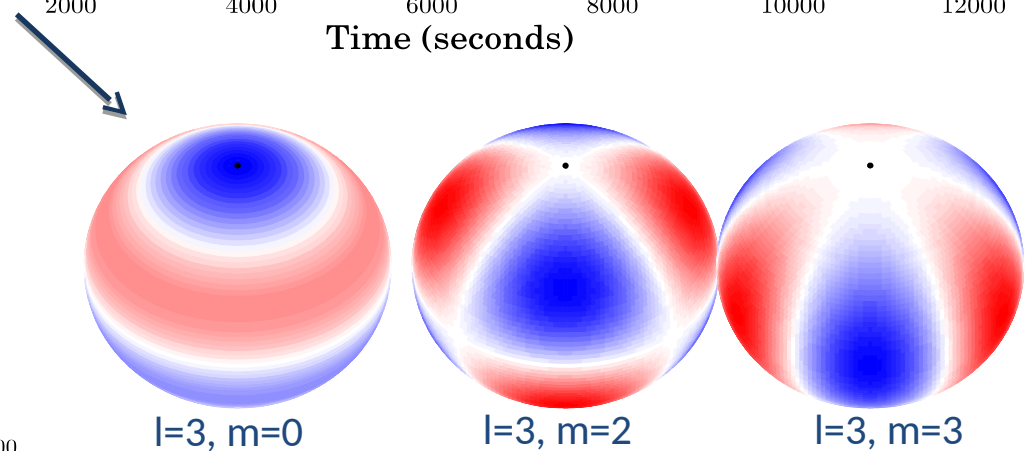
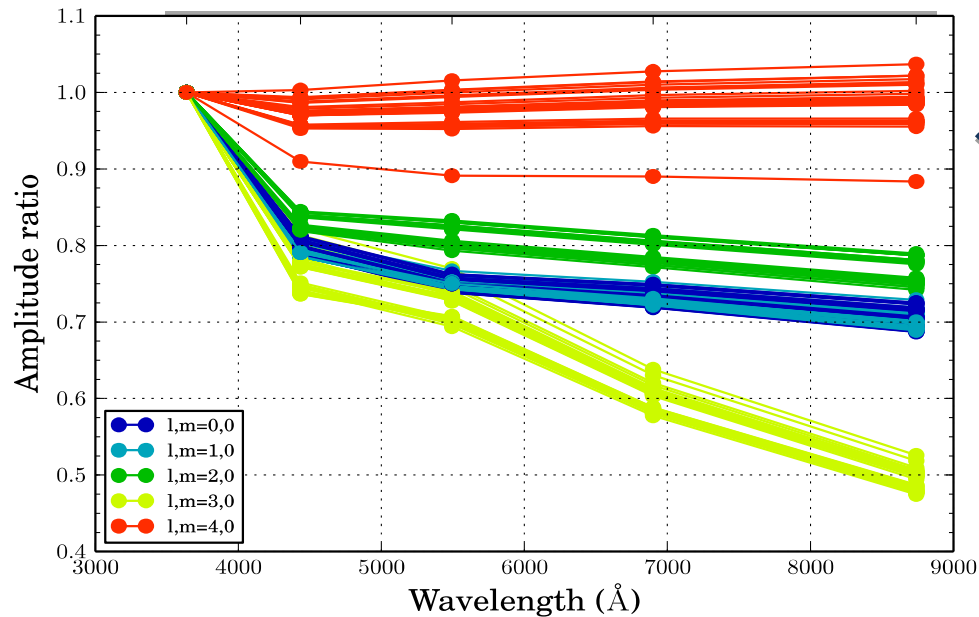
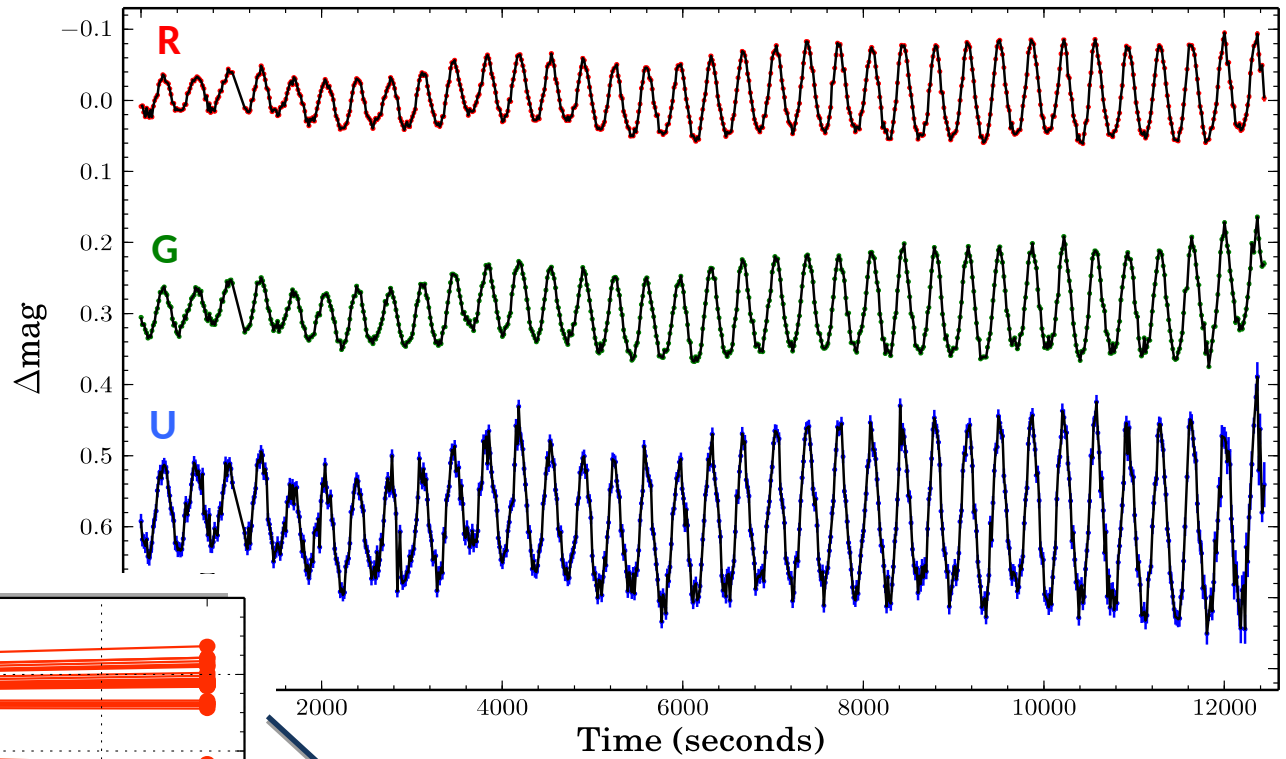
1 controller so windowing is equal in all channels, exposure times are multiplications of a given time



Studying and exploiting stellar variability with MAIA

MAIA: identify pulsation modes from pulsation amplitude ratios

Pulsation amplitudes depend on wavelength and pulsation mode



Operational Model :

Requirements: Robust (Telescope, Instruments)

Easy to use

Direct evaluation of quality

Optimal monitoring schemes

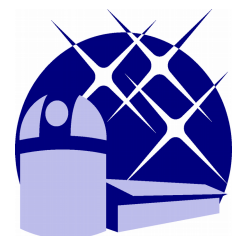
Science graded pipeline

so....: lots of software (MOCS, MESA, DRS (release 6))

Programmes: Phase I, Phase II converted into DB

Trouble Shooting: Night Report + fast feedback (7/7)

Weekly skype conferences with whole team



Current-Future Developments

Towards a new Telescope Control System based on soft-PLC, industrial standardisation, integrated approach.

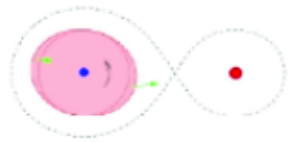
Proof of concept for control international instrument programmes (ESO E-ELT-METIS)

New fiber link for HERMES

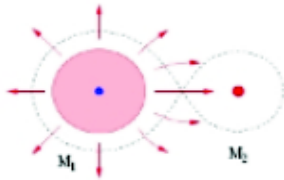


Important Science themes: Binary interaction physics

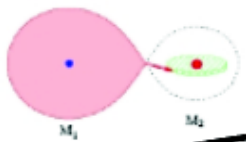
Binary channels plagued with uncertainties



tidal interaction



wind accretion & tidally enhanced winds



Roche-lobe overflow



common envelope evolution

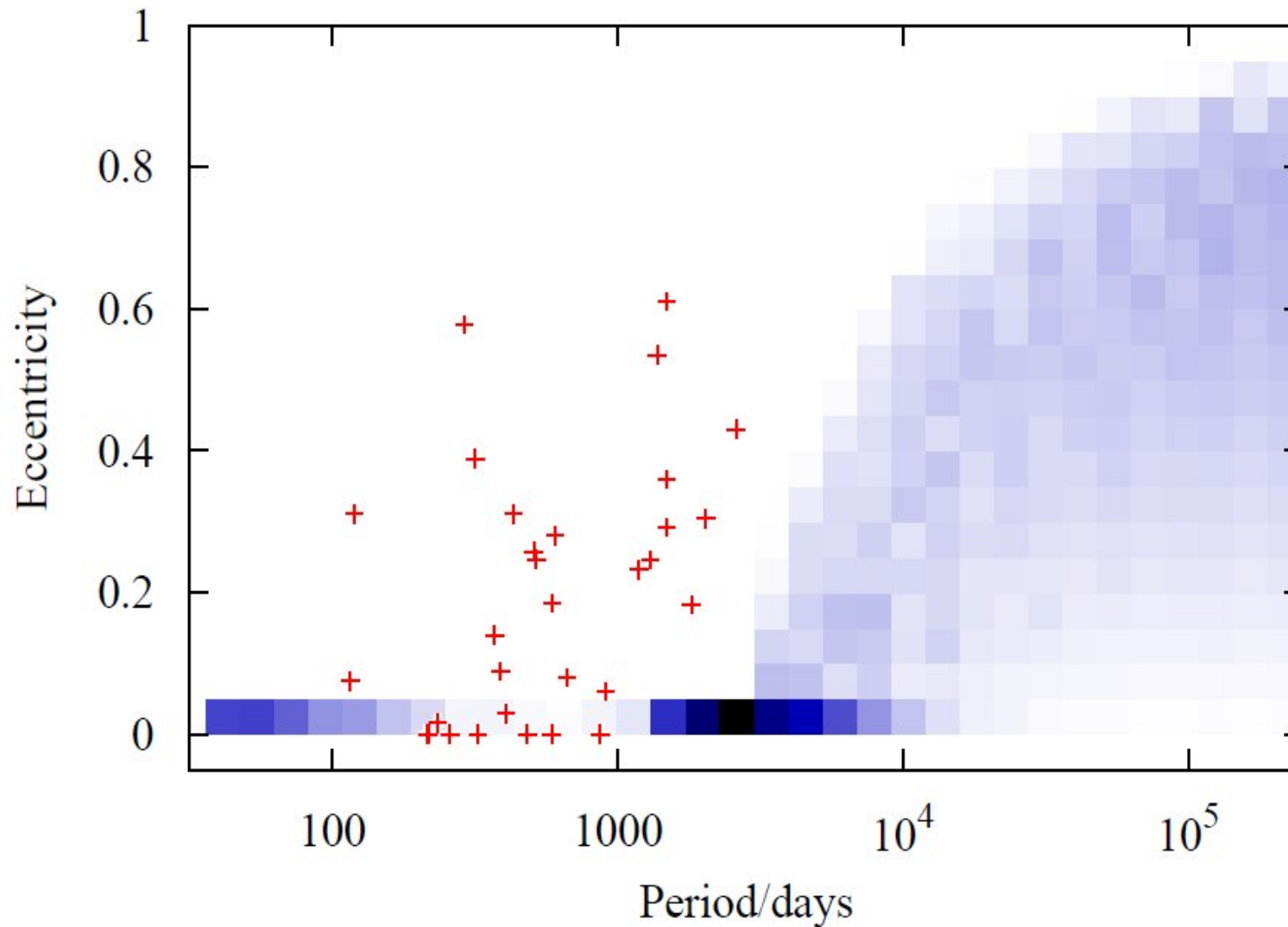
Binary evolution

≠

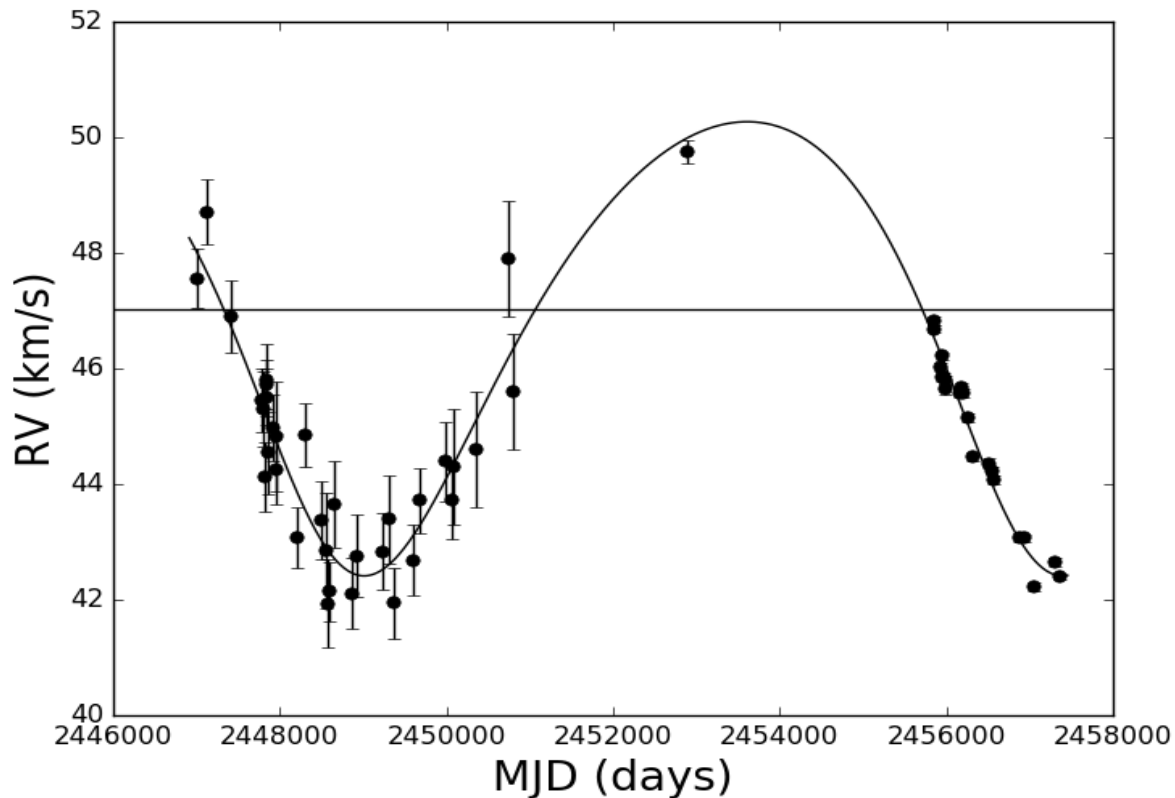
Singe star evolution



Theory versus Observations



HERMES: binary star programme



HD5306. P=8380 days

Long timeseries
Intense timeseries

Not vacuum: 7yr stability
is ~ 80 meter/second

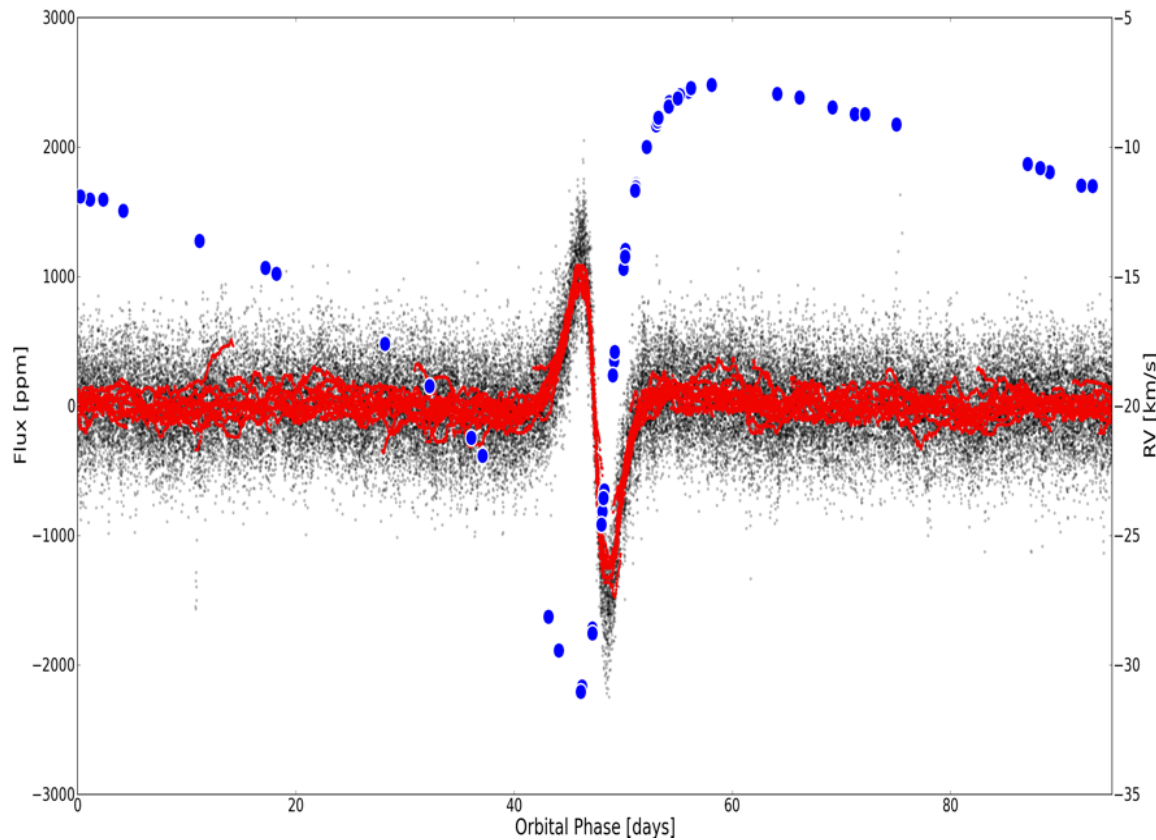
Ideal complement to
(space) projects and
larger infrastructure

Unique science is possible



Science Exploitation Examples

Kepler Space Photometry + HERMES spectroscopy:
Giant Binary stars in action



Heart-beat stars

At periastron

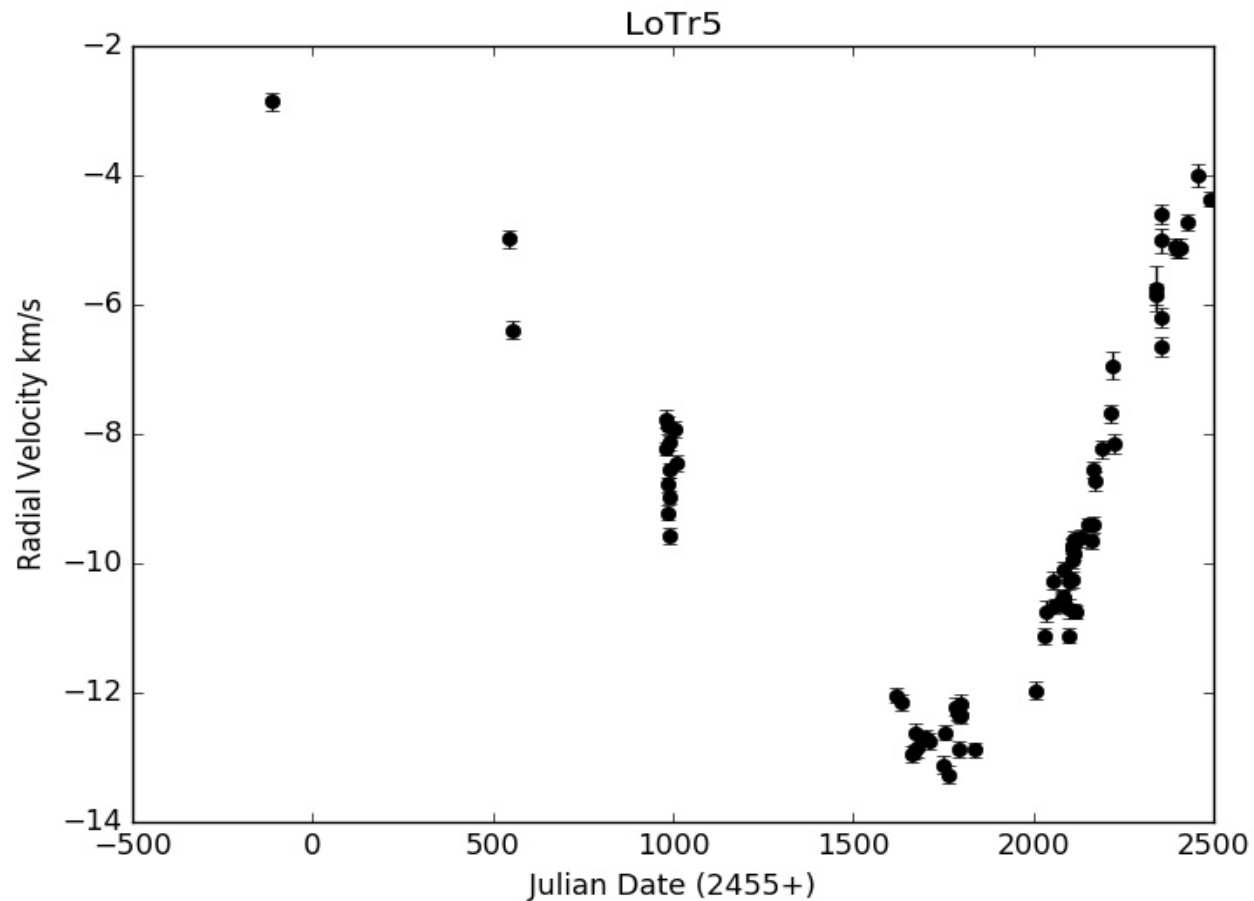
Orbits are strongly
elliptical

BPS2016



e.g. Beck et al., 2014, A&A564, 36; 2012, Nature 481, 55

PNe: first wide binaries detected: LoTr5

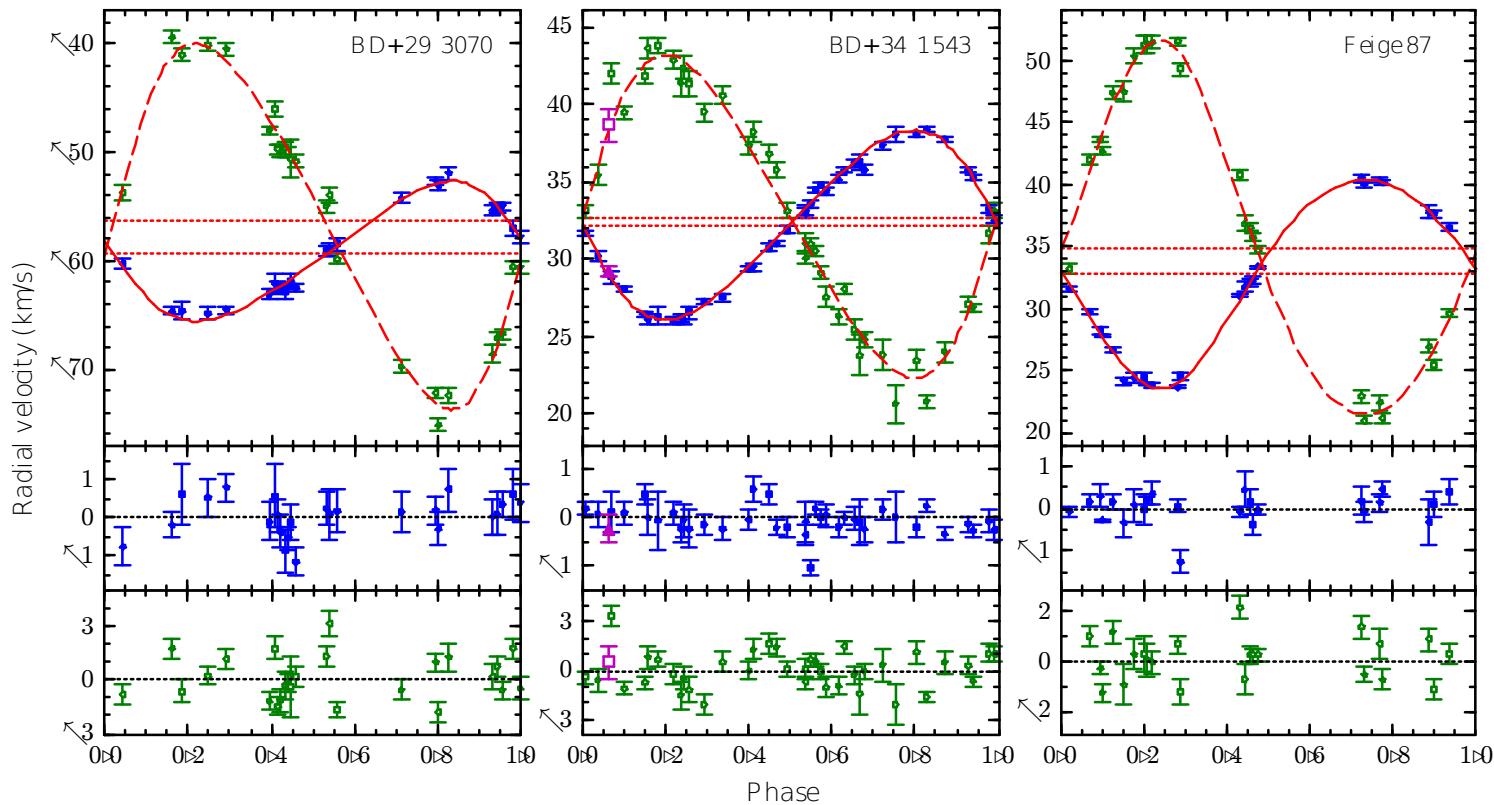


Companion:

- rapidly rotating
- s-process enhanced
- companion
- very hot WD
- Halo PNe



Long-Period sdB



$P=1254$ d

972 d

938 d

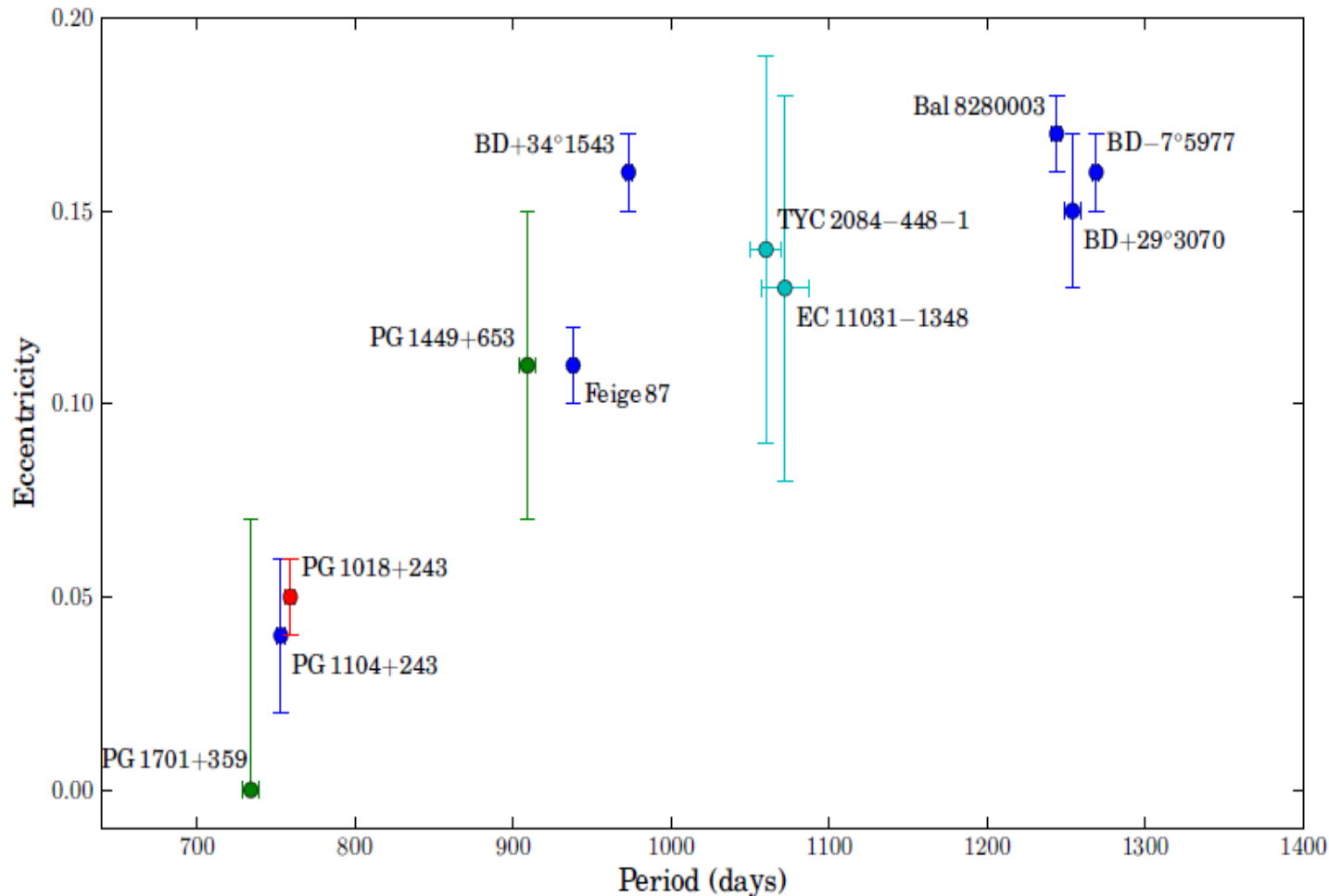
- core He
- post-RGB stars
- with tiny envelope
- wide binaries are now being detected
- gravitational redshift

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Vos et al., 2012; 2013, 2015

Long-period sdB



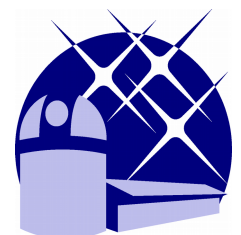
- e - problem similar than post-AGB

- e-pumping mechanisms are needed

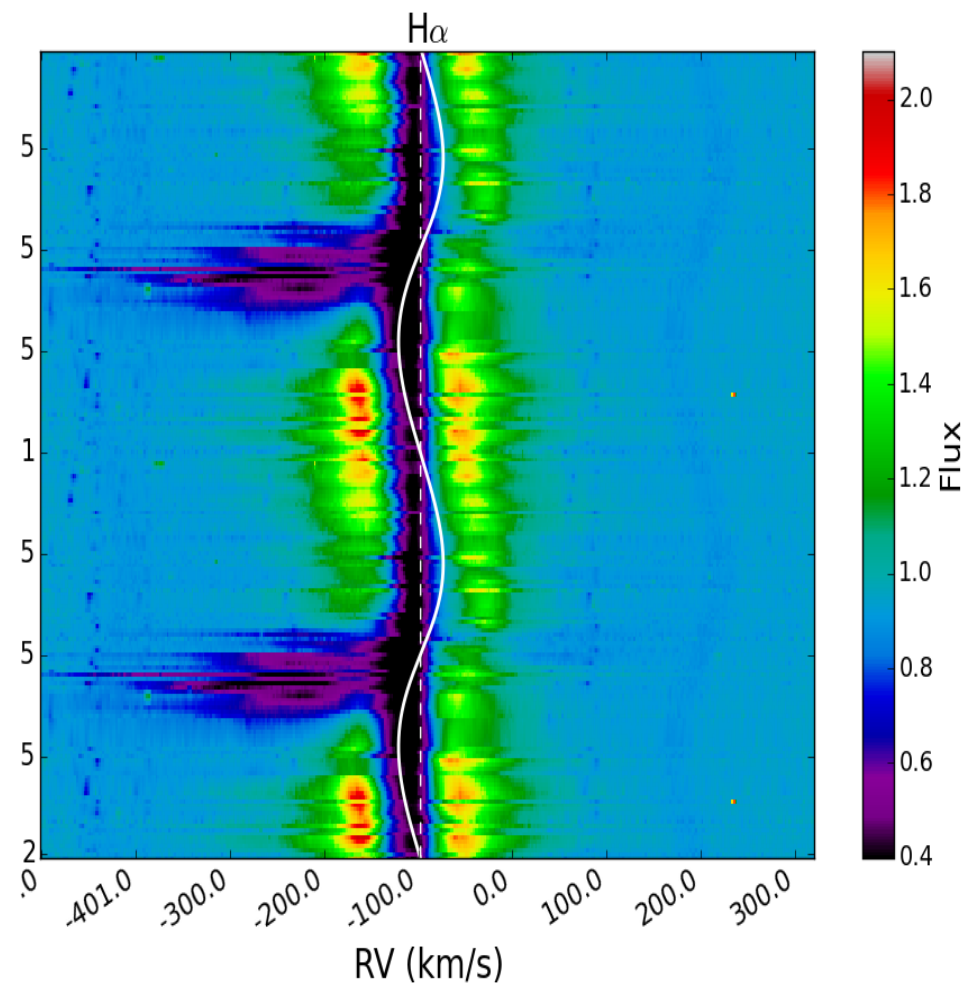
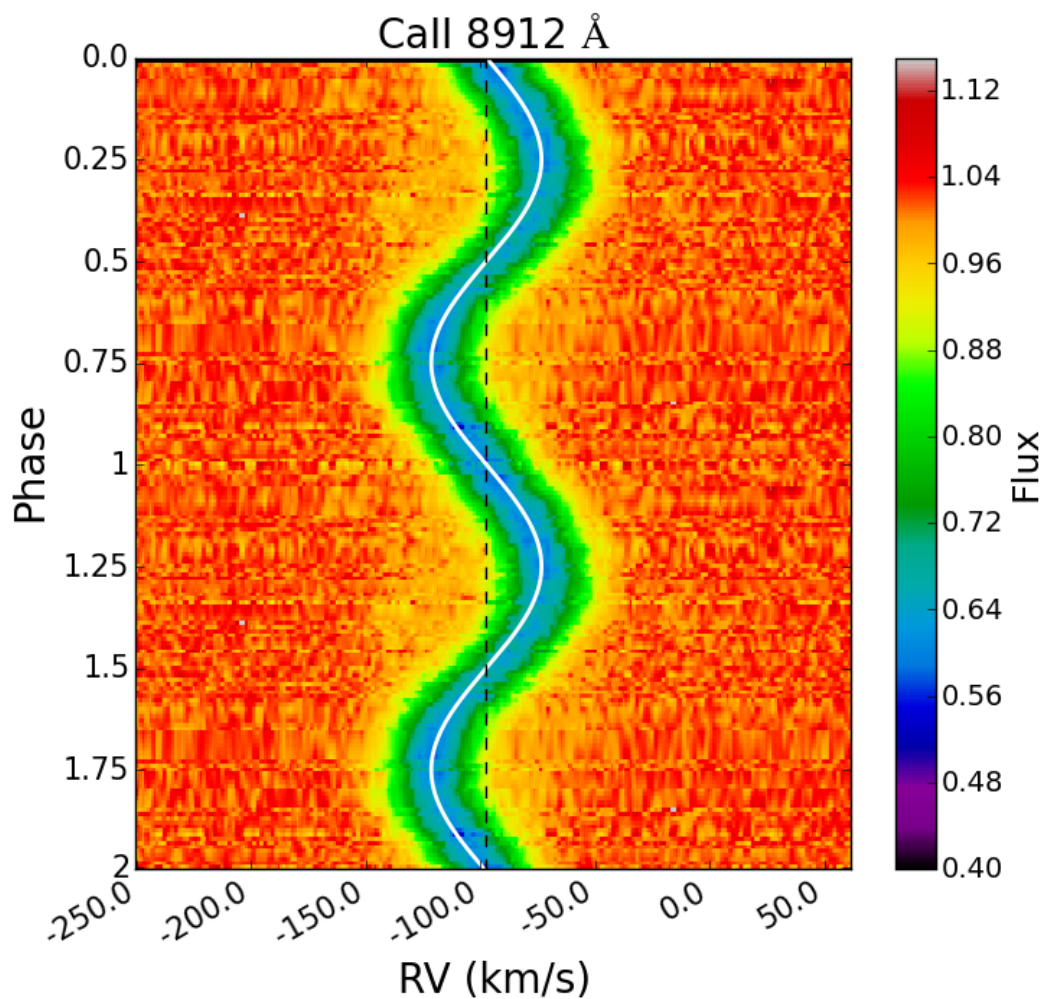
*asymmetric RLOF

* disc pumping by discs

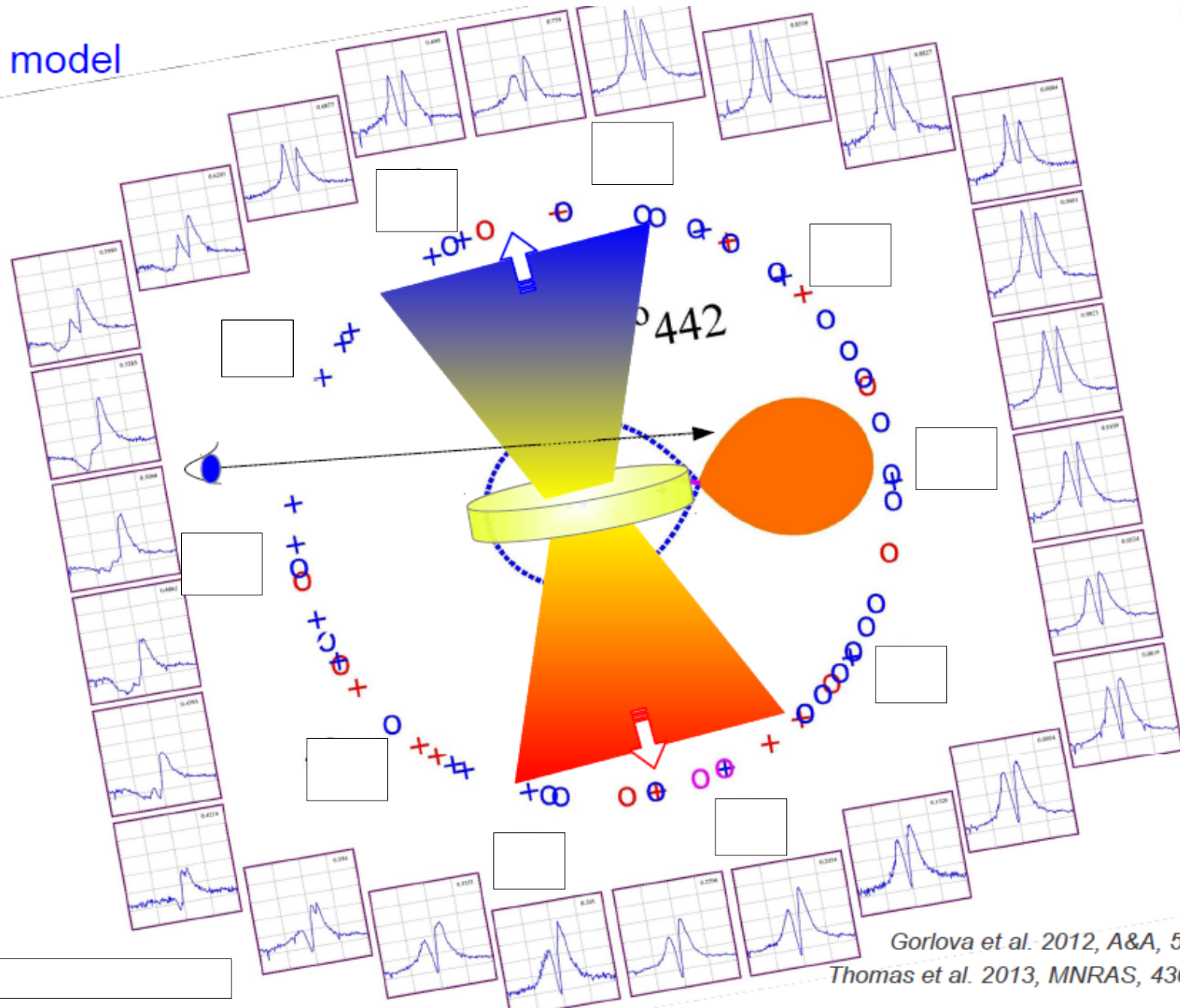
* included in MESA binary module



Binary processes: BD+46.422. Period=140.7 d



Jet model



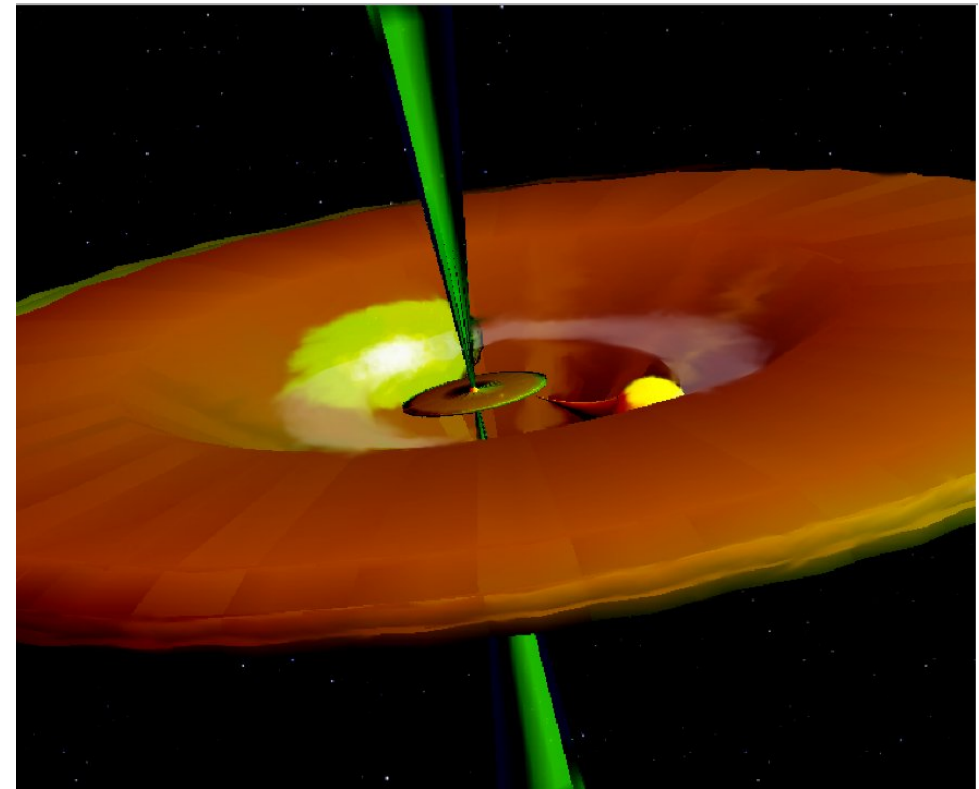
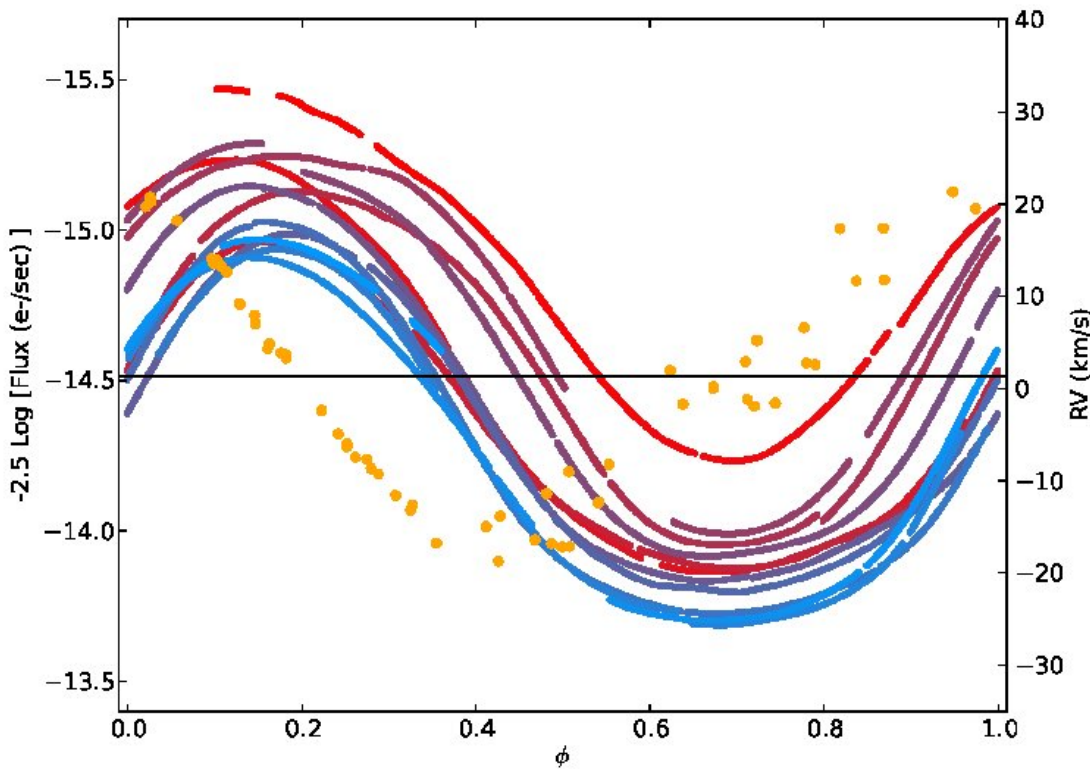
Gorlova et al. 2012, A&A, 542, 27

Thomas et al. 2013, MNRAS, 430, 1230



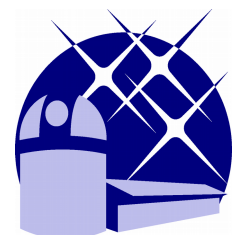
Detailed studies of Interaction processes

IRAS19135+3937



Kepler lightcurve: very smooth
P is orbital period

BPS2016



Gorlova et al., 2015; Bollen et al. 2016

Why Mercator ?

Niche in experimental astrophysics

Thanks to:

- instrument development programme
(HERMES, Maia)
- technology development programme
(TCS, fibre link)
- adequate operational model



Only possible thanks to (Local) Team



Saskia Prins

IvS Mercator Team:
CCI: Christoffel Waelkens
Proj Scientist: Hans Van Winckel
Proj. Engineer: Gert Raskin
PhD student Wim Pessemier
Mech. Johan Morren



Jesus Perez Padilla



Florian Merges



Thank you.

