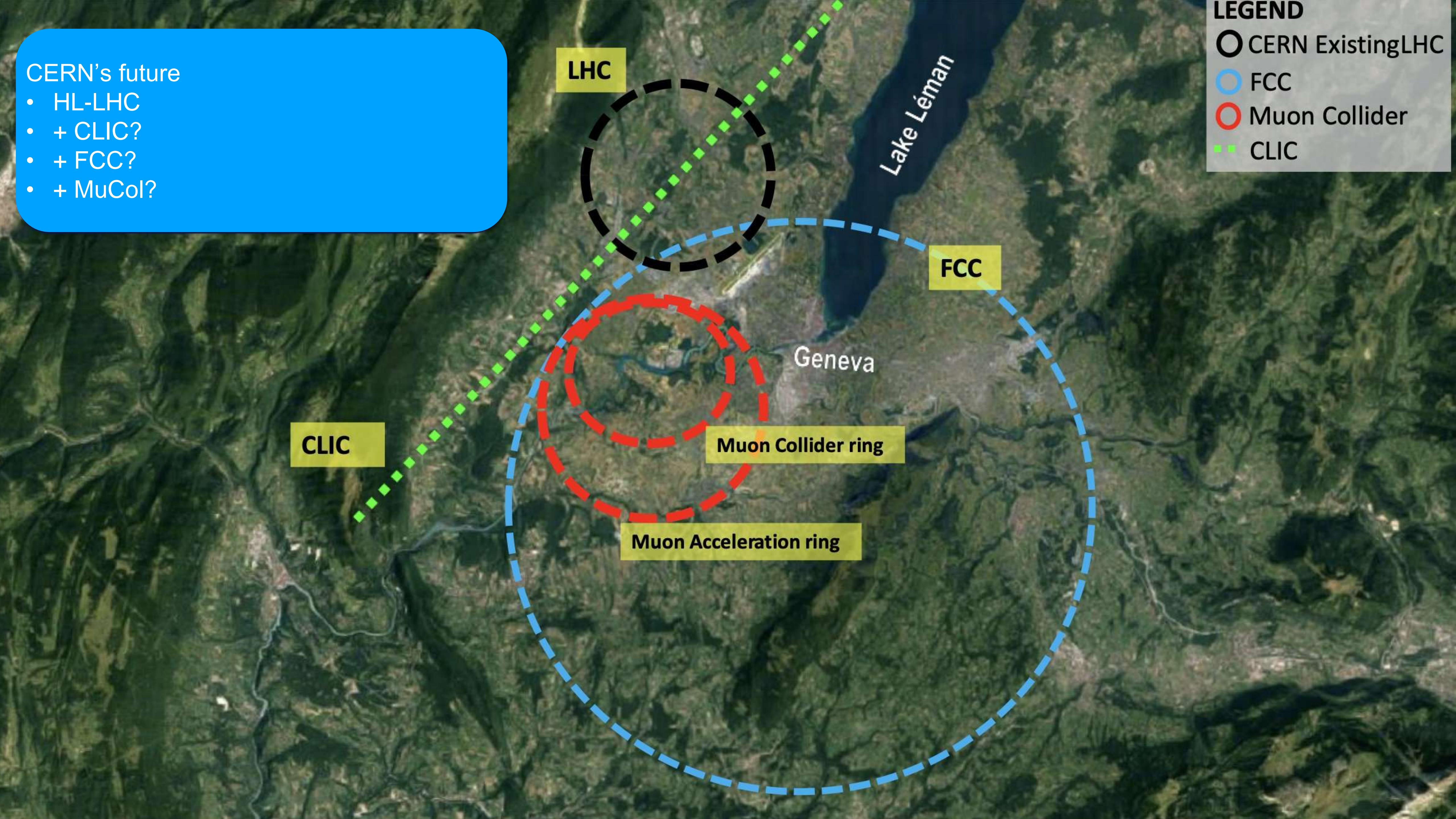


CERN's future  
• HL-LHC  
• + CLIC?  
• + FCC?  
• + MuCol?



# LINEAR OR CIRCULAR?



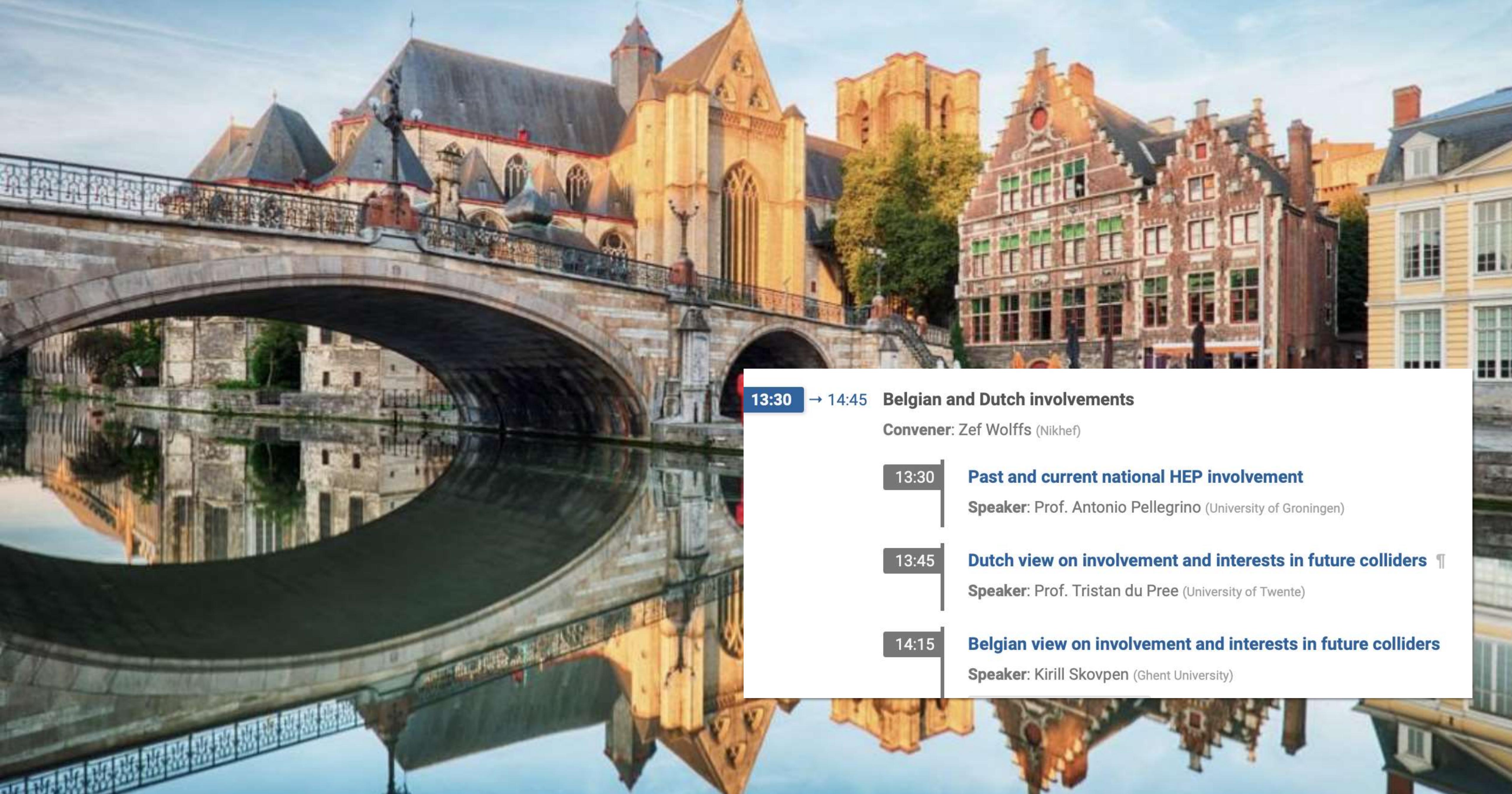
...preference for linear in Ghent?

# LINEAR OR CIRCULAR?



No conclusive answer in Ghent either...

# WHAT MY TALK WILL BE ABOUT



**13:30 → 14:45 Belgian and Dutch involvements**

Convener: Zef Wolffs (Nikhef)

13:30

**Past and current national HEP involvement**

Speaker: Prof. Antonio Pellegrino (University of Groningen)

13:45

**Dutch view on involvement and interests in future colliders** 

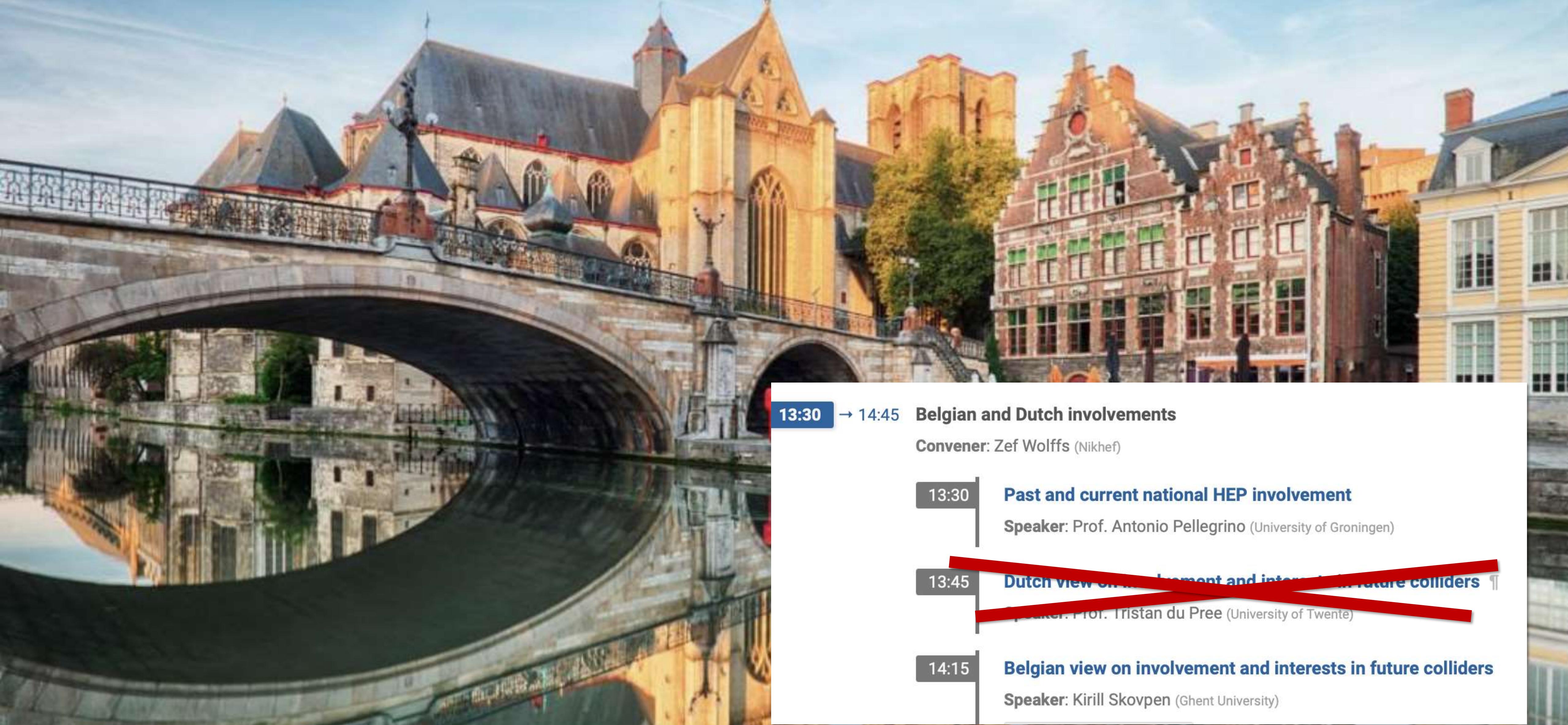
Speaker: Prof. Tristan du Pree (University of Twente)

14:15

**Belgian view on involvement and interests in future colliders**

Speaker: Kirill Skovpen (Ghent University)

# WHAT MY TALK WILL BE ABOUT



There is no “Dutch view” (yet) so I cannot speak on behalf of whole NL

# WHAT MY TALK WILL BE ABOUT

What **we are** doing  
What **we should** be doing  
~~What you should be doing~~  
What **you could** be doing

13:30 → 14:45 Belgian and Dutch involvements

Convener: Zef Wolffs (Nikhef)

13:30 Past and current national HEP involvement

Speaker: Prof. Antonio Pellegrino (University of Groningen)

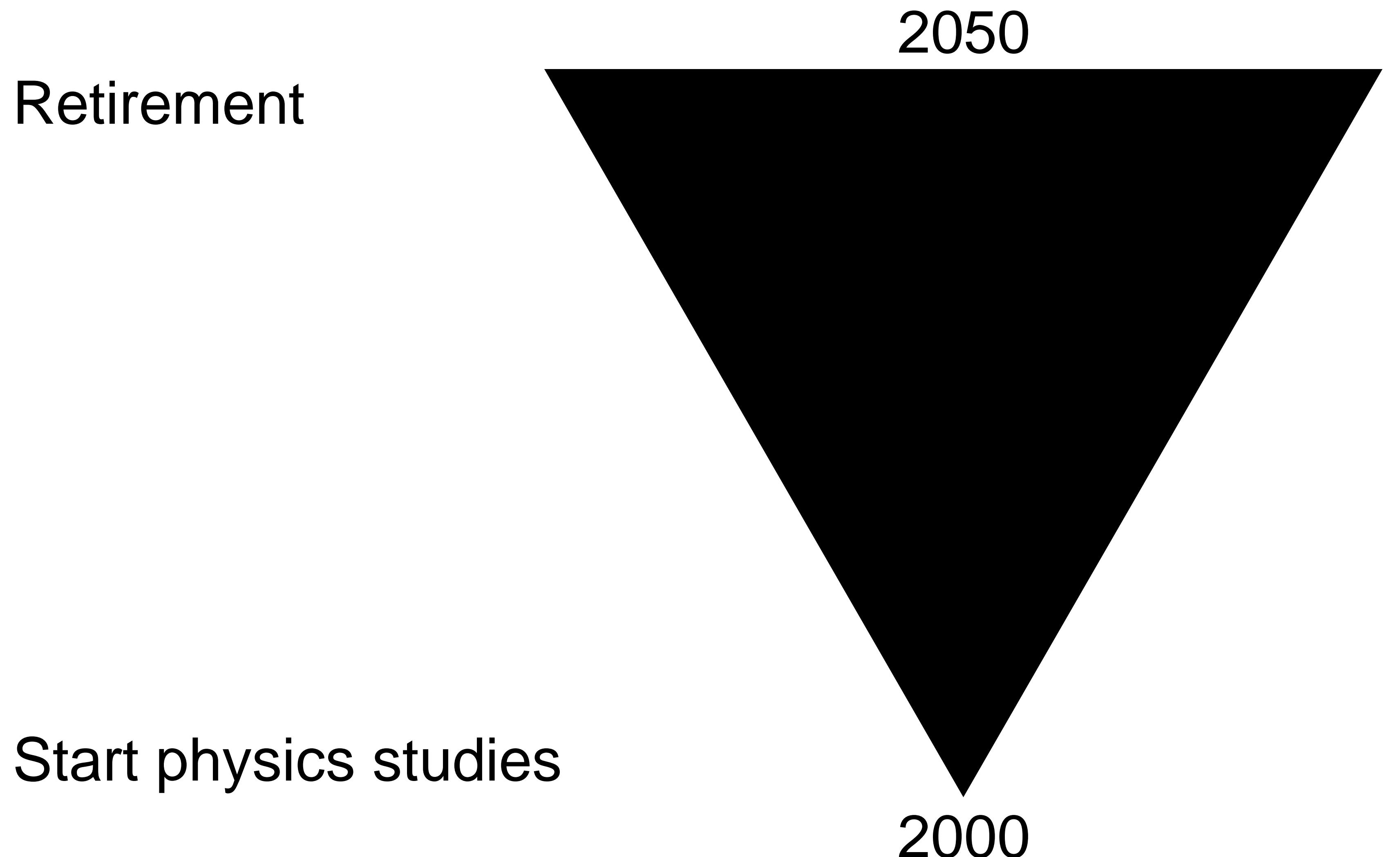
13:45 ~~Dutch view on involvement and interests in future colliders~~

~~Speaker: Prof. Tristan du Pree (University of Twente)~~

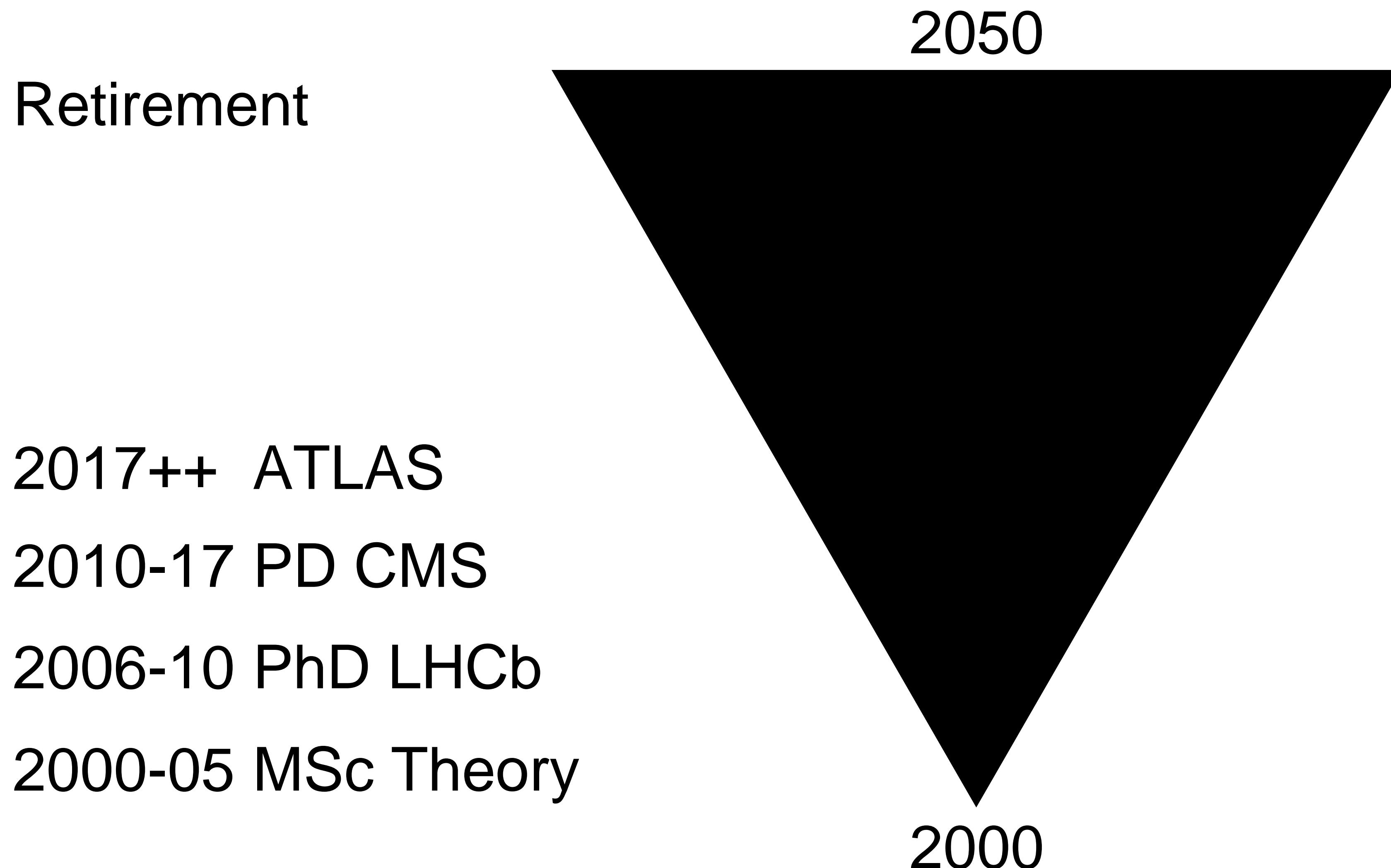
14:15 Belgian view on involvement and interests in future colliders

Speaker: Kirill Skovpen (Ghent University)

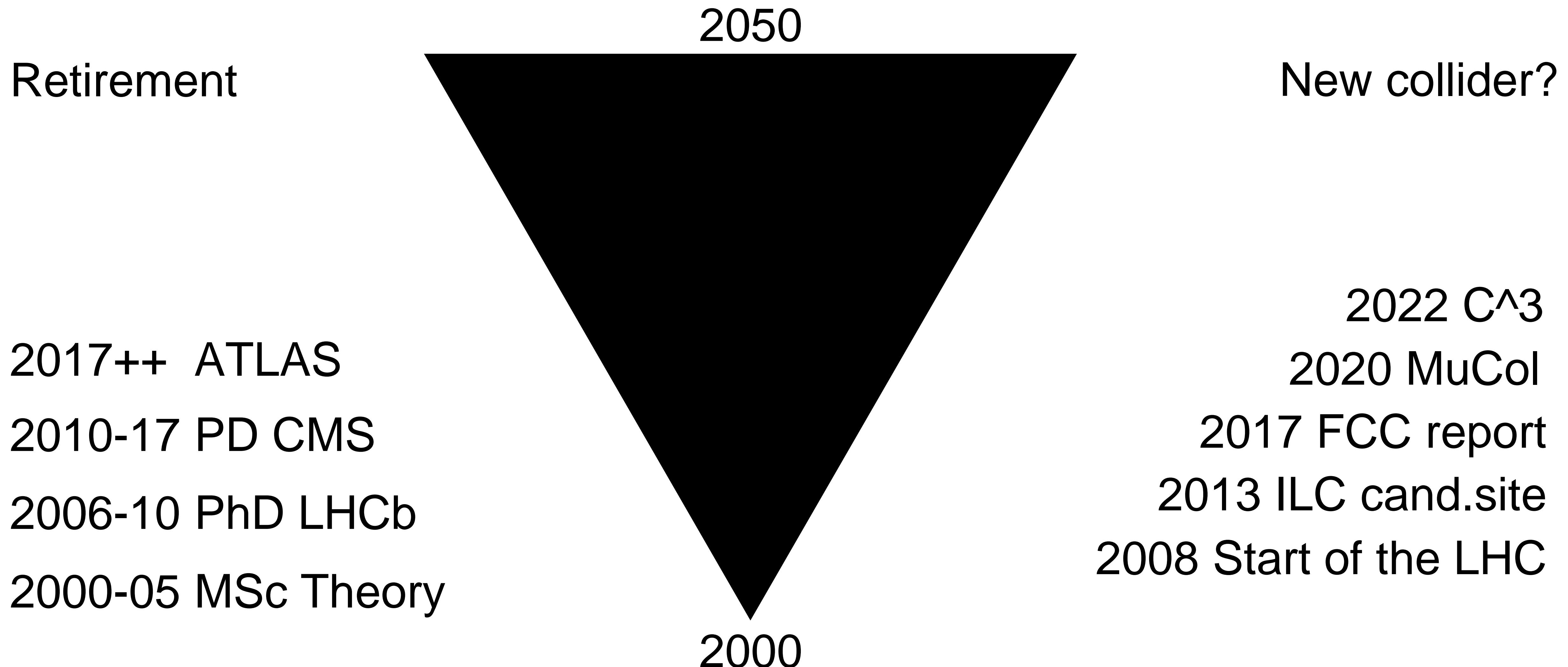
# MY PROFESSIONAL LIGHTCONE



# MY PROFESSIONAL LIGHTCONE

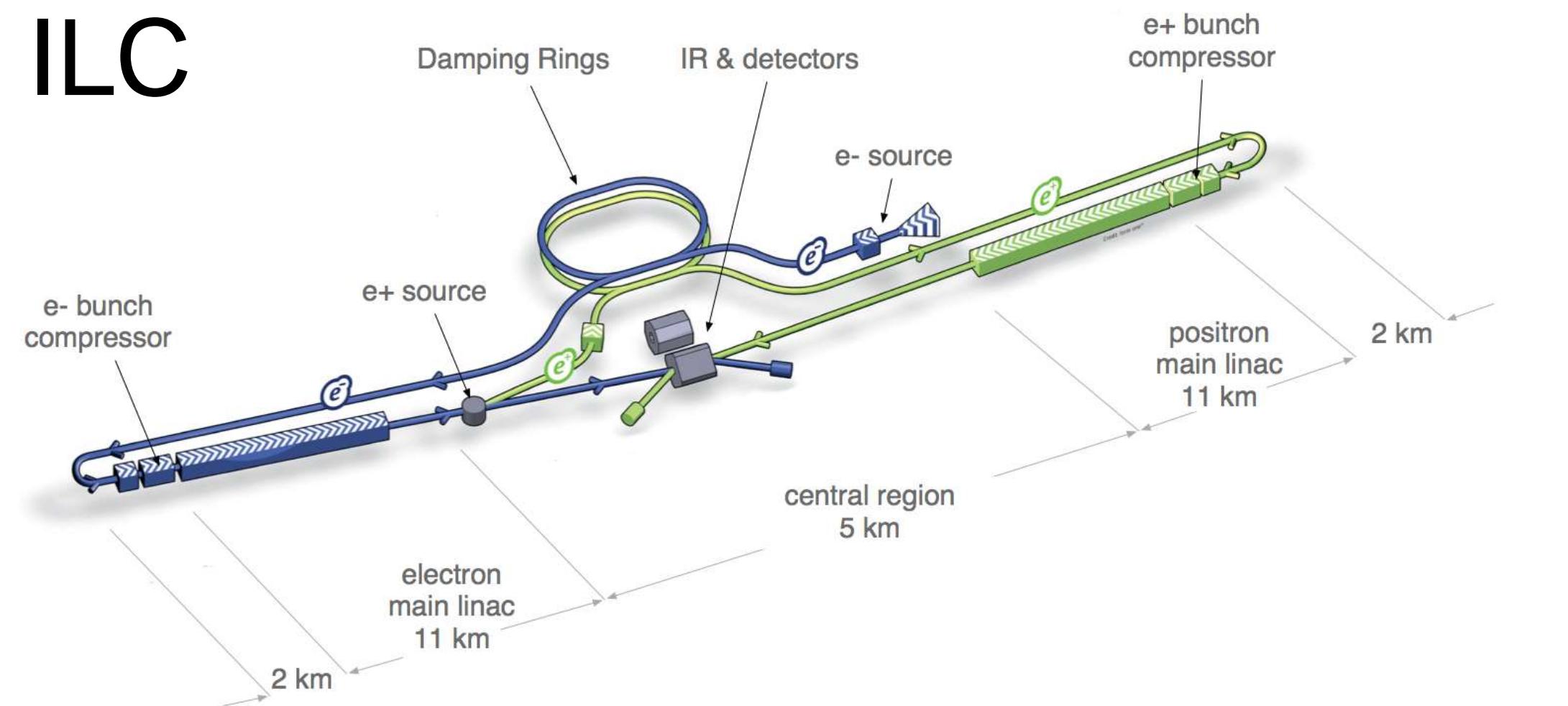


# MY PROFESSIONAL LIGHTCONE



# MY ACTIVITIES (SO FAR)

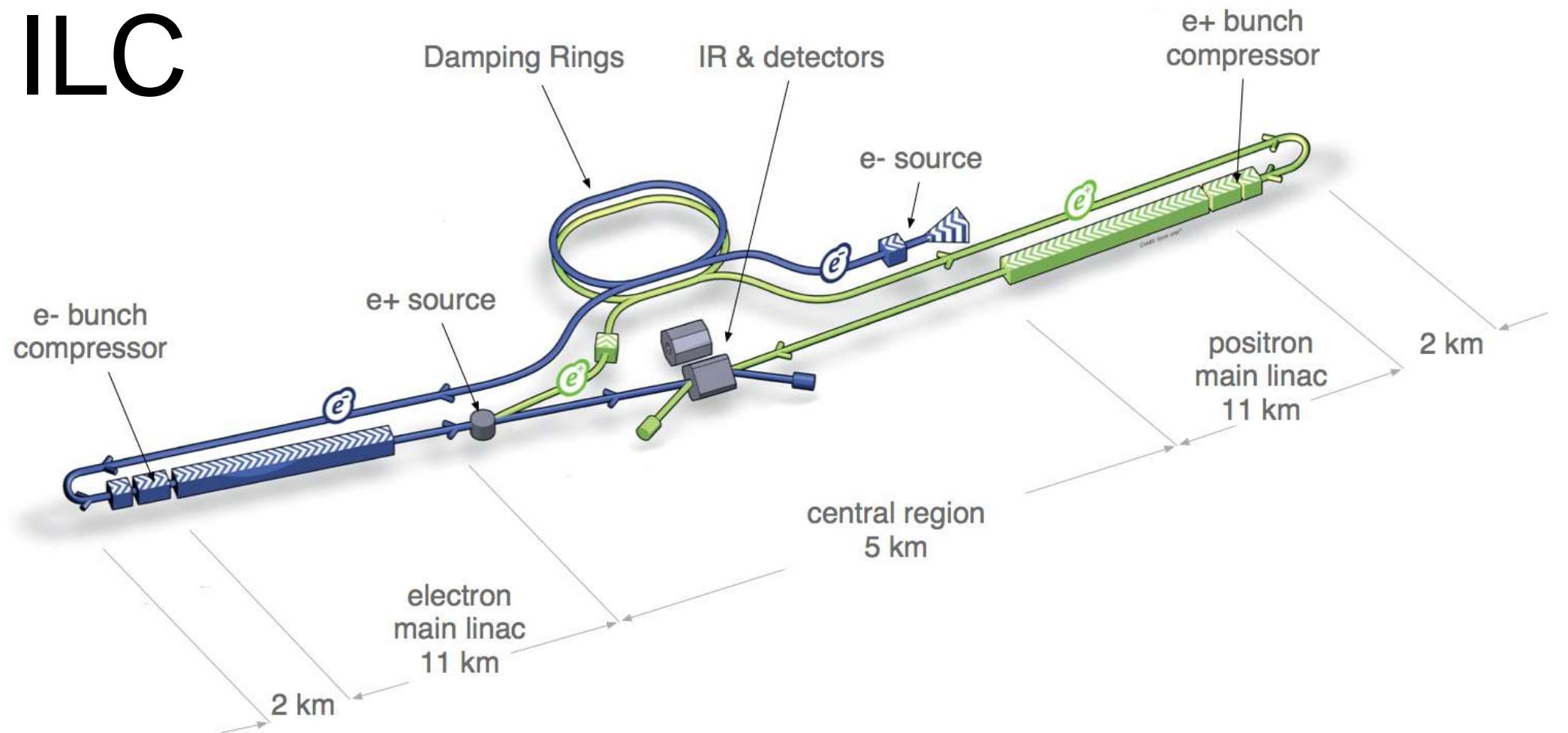
ILC



2013: ILC site visit

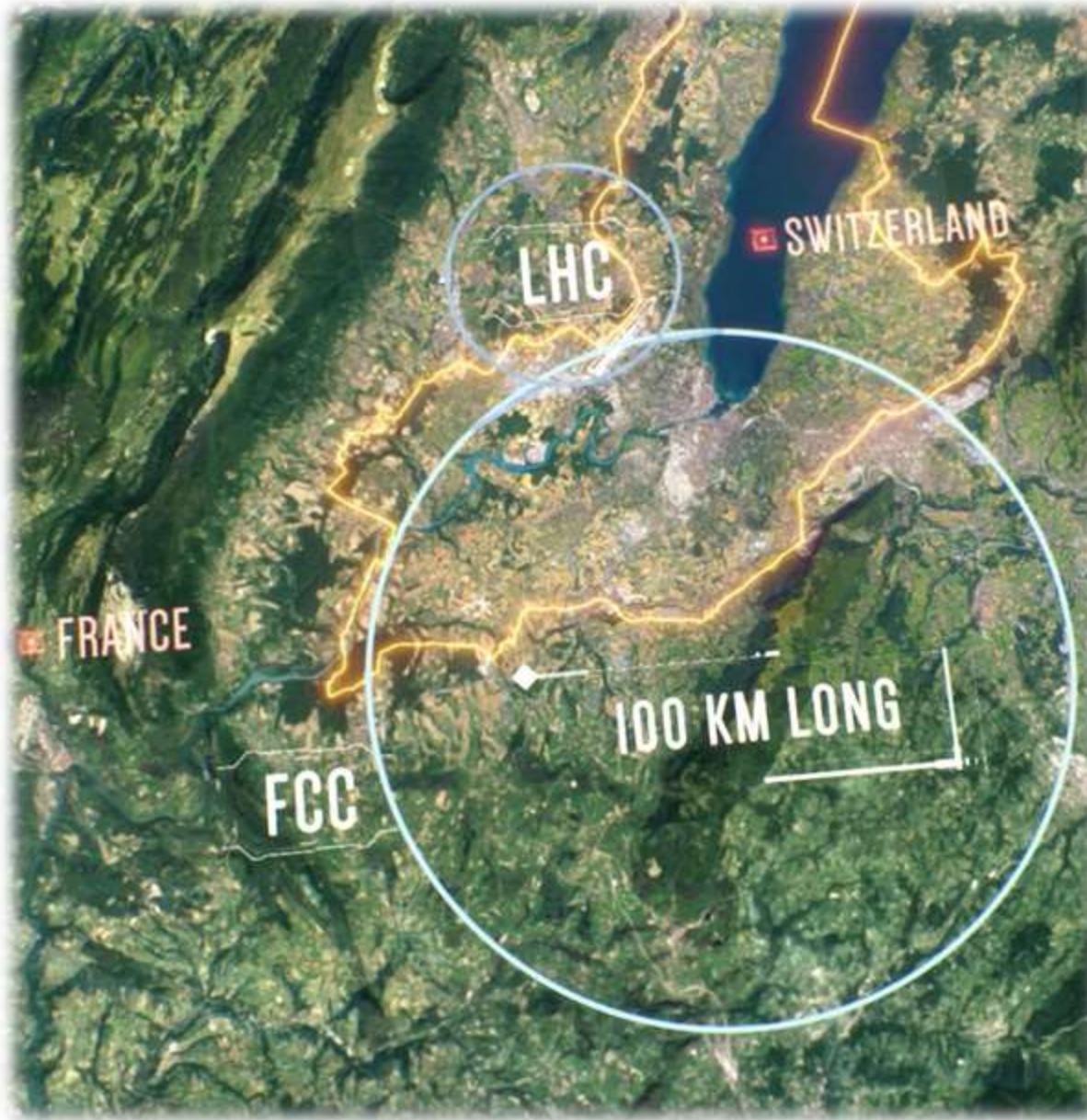
# MY ACTIVITIES (SO FAR)

ILC



2013: ILC site visit

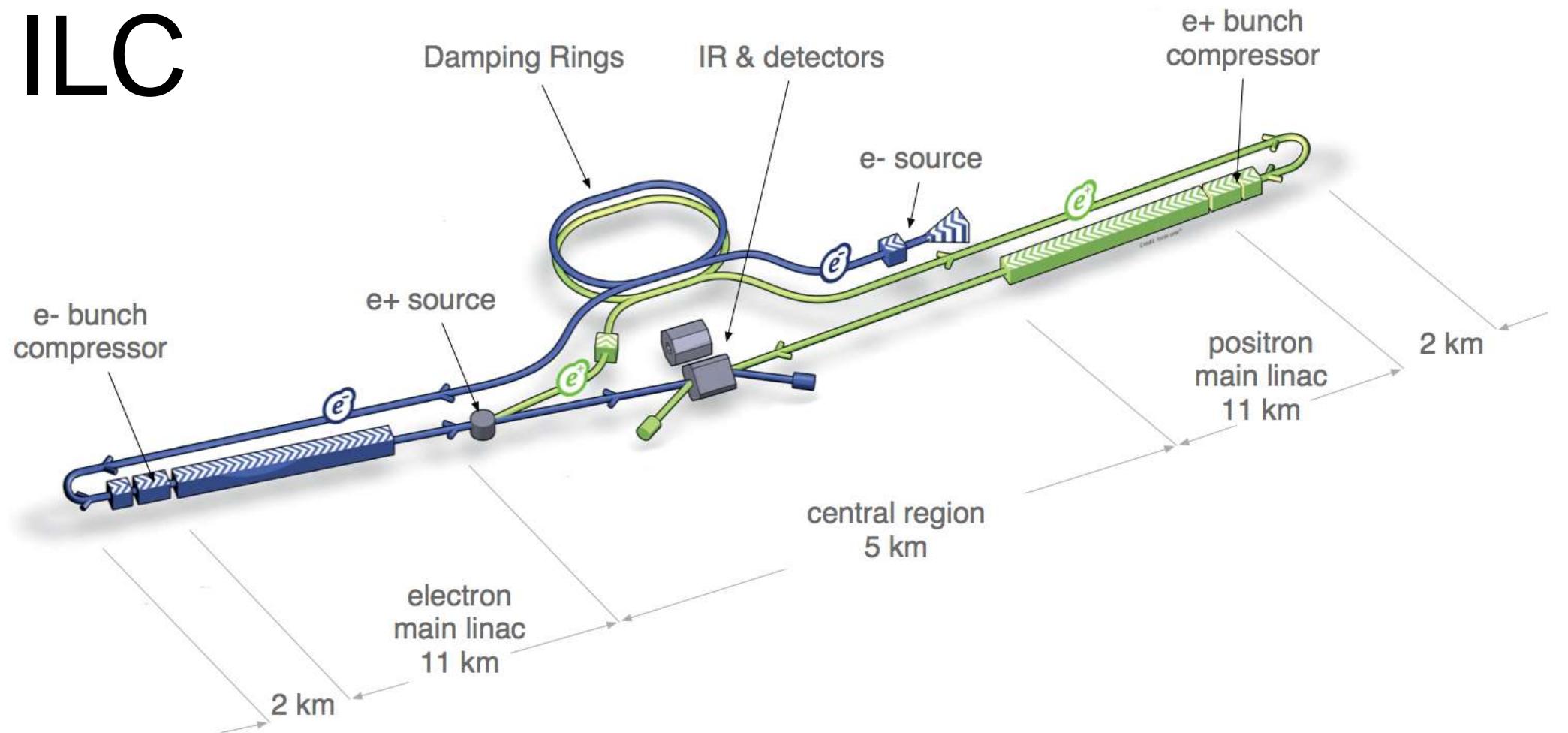
FCC



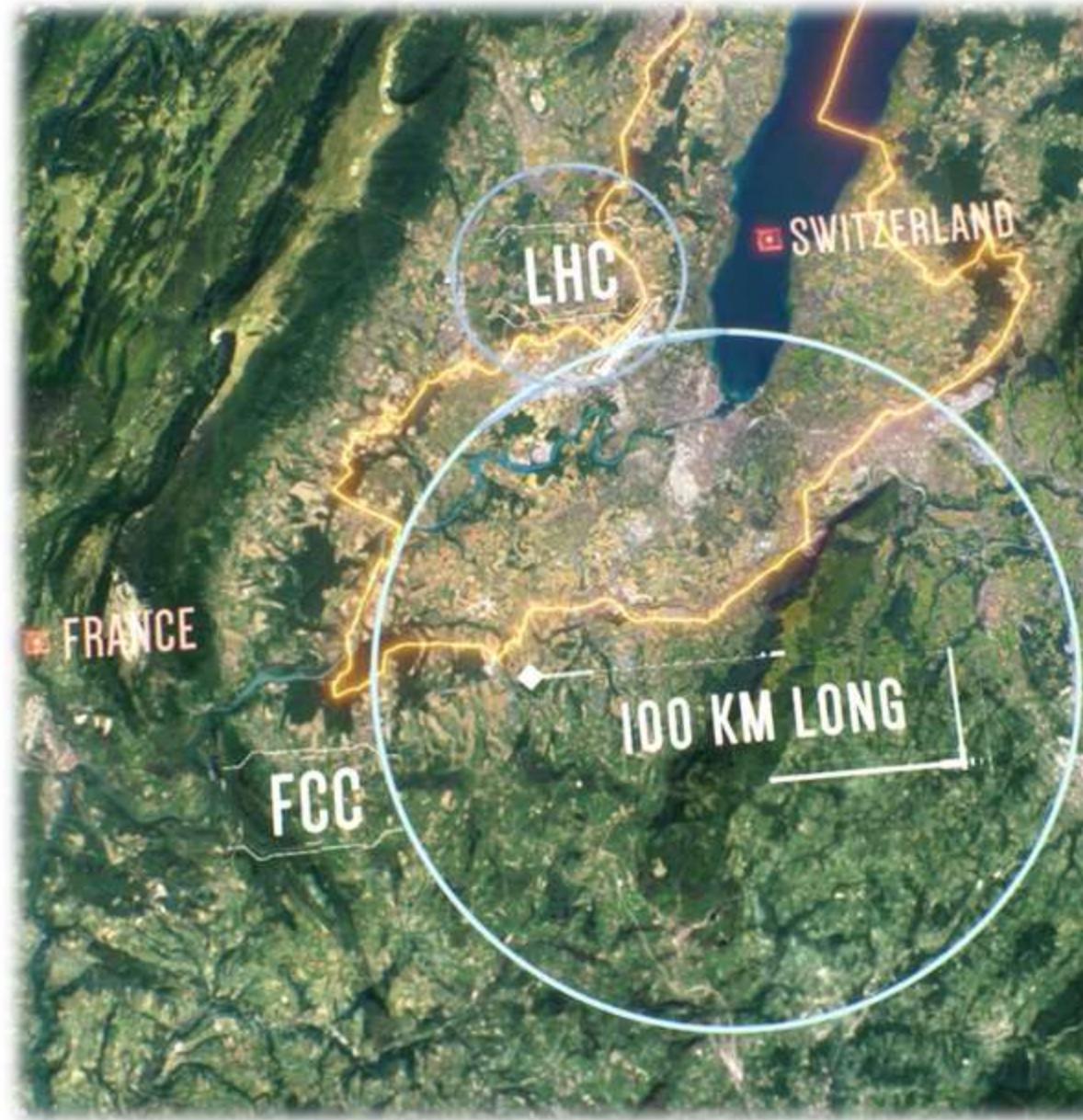
2017: Yellow report co-author  
2021-23: FCC national contact

# MY ACTIVITIES (SO FAR)

ILC



2013: ILC site visit



FCC

2017: Yellow report co-author  
2021-23: FCC national contact

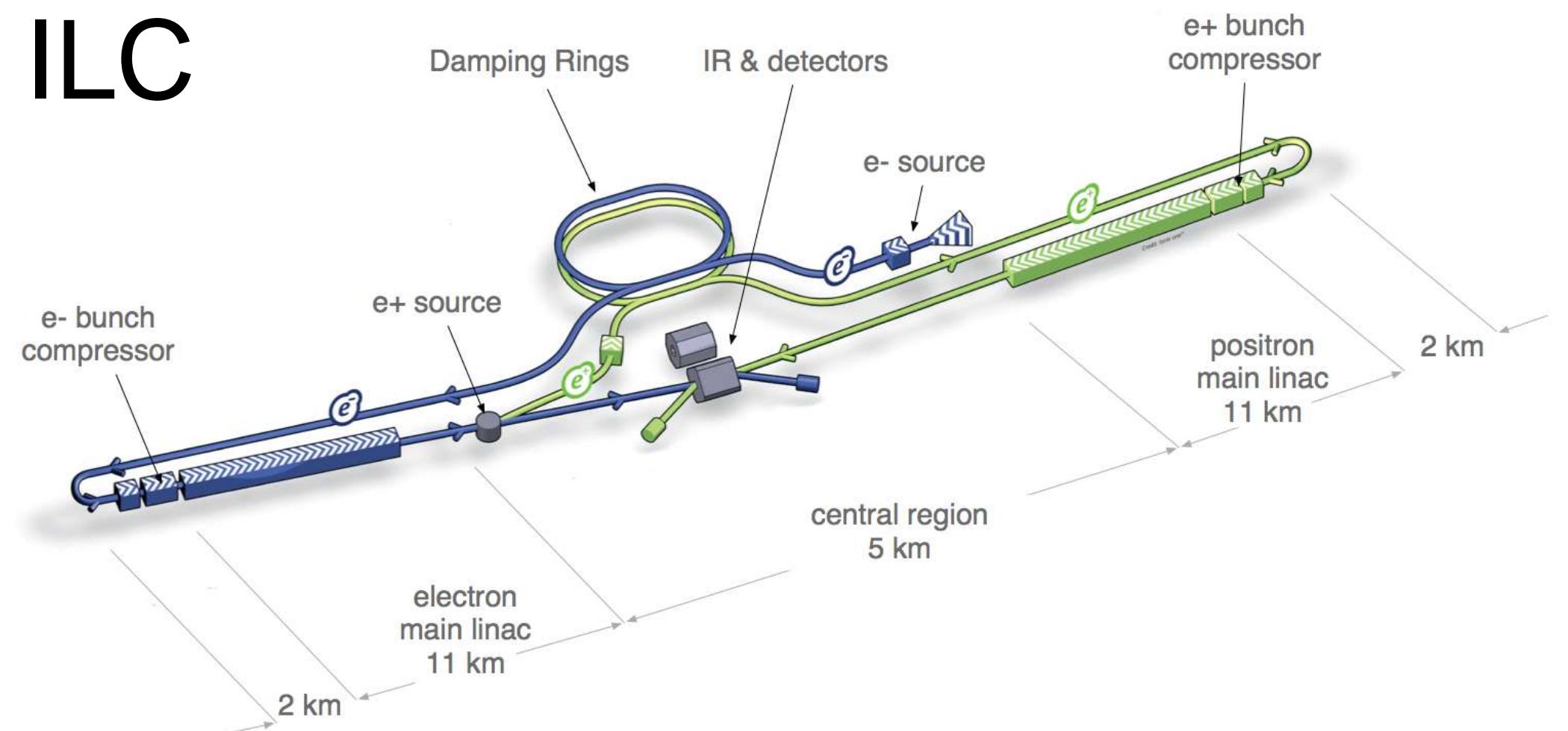
C<sup>3</sup>



2022+: Accelerator alignment R&D  
2024: European workshop organizer

# MY ACTIVITIES (SO FAR)

ILC



2013: ILC site visit

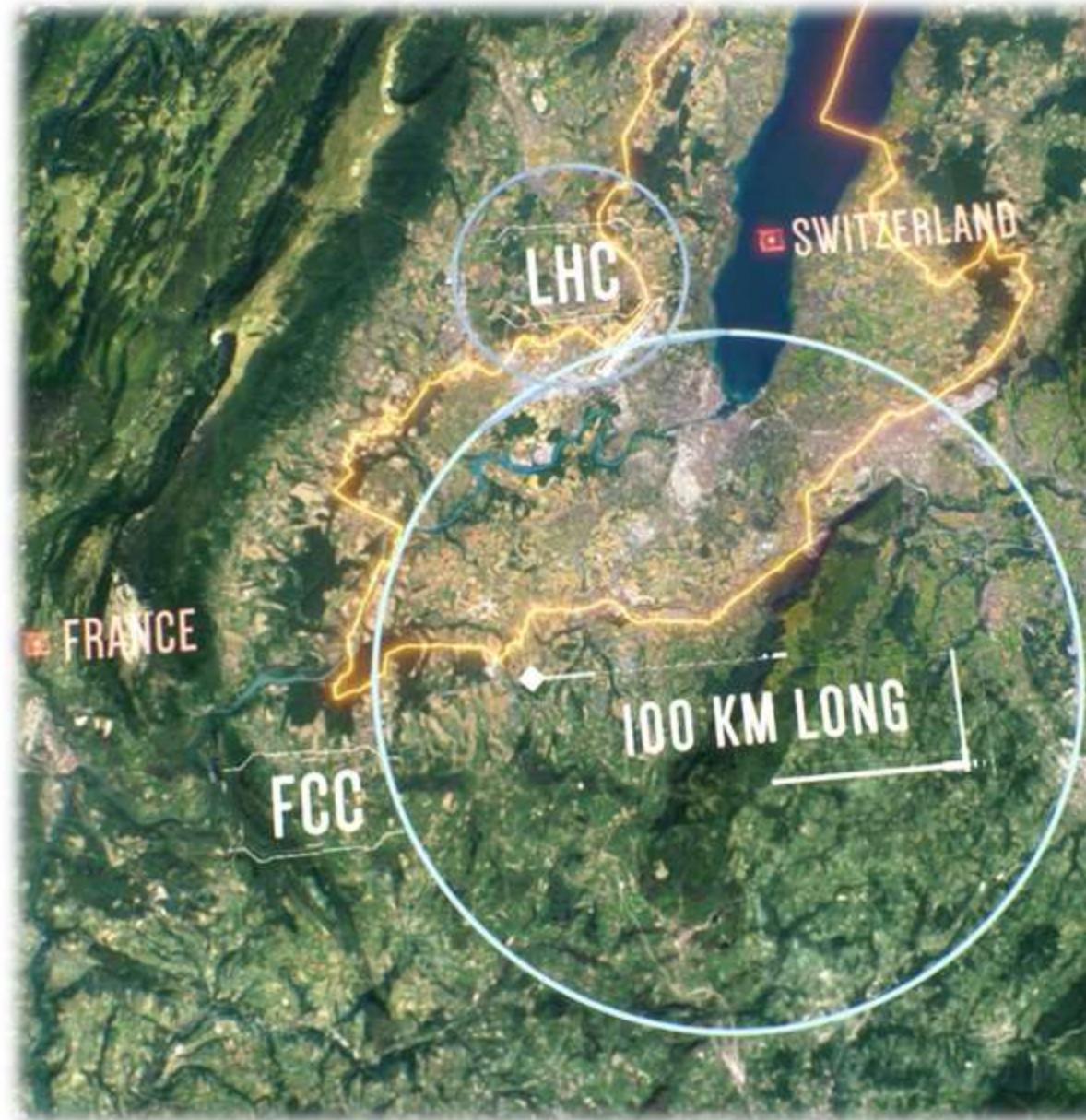
C<sup>3</sup>

**COOL COPPER COLLIDER**



2022+: Accelerator alignment R&D  
2024: European workshop organizer

FCC



Muon Collider

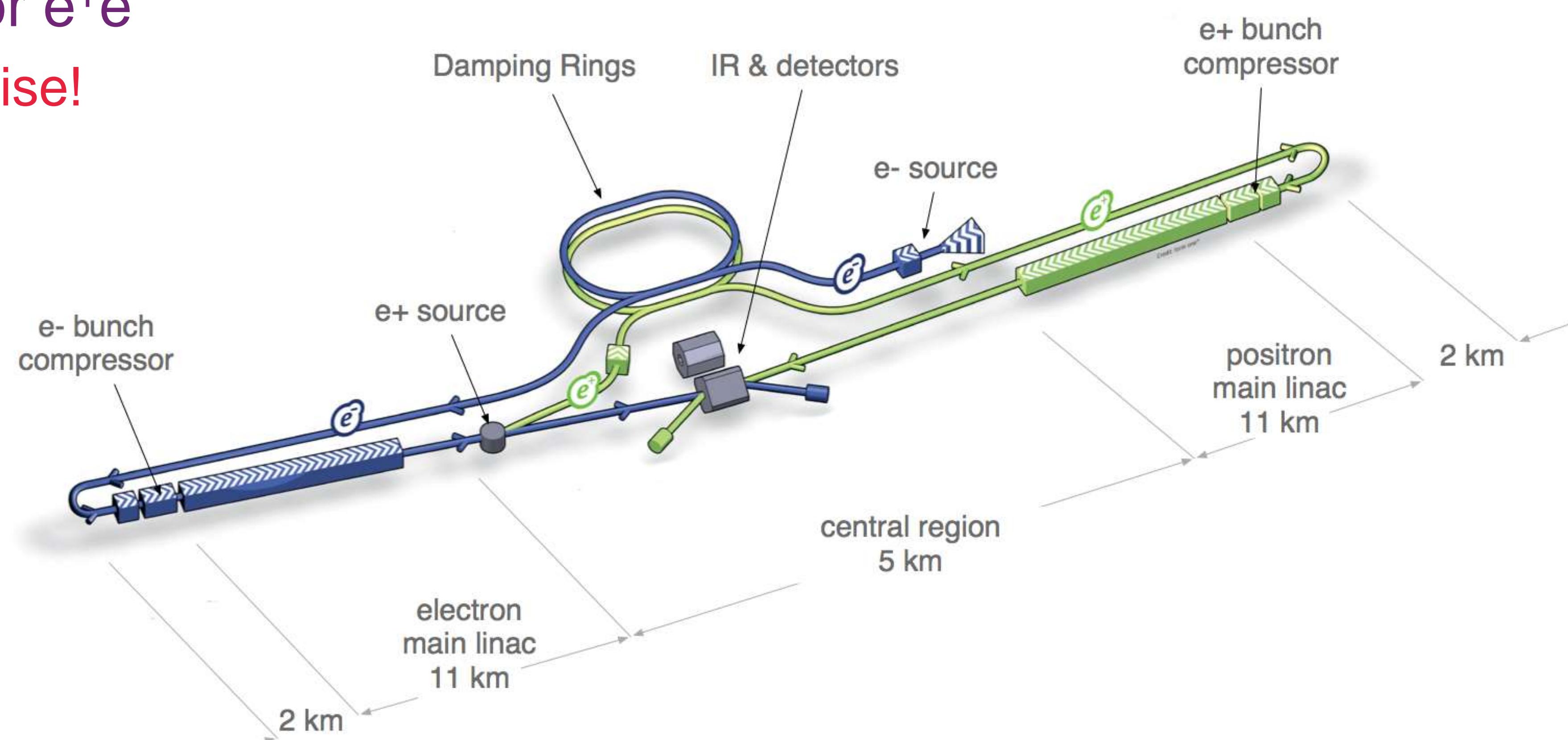


2017: Yellow report co-author  
2021-23: FCC national contact

2020+: Enthusiastic co-author  
2024: NWO grant submission □

## Netherlands involvement

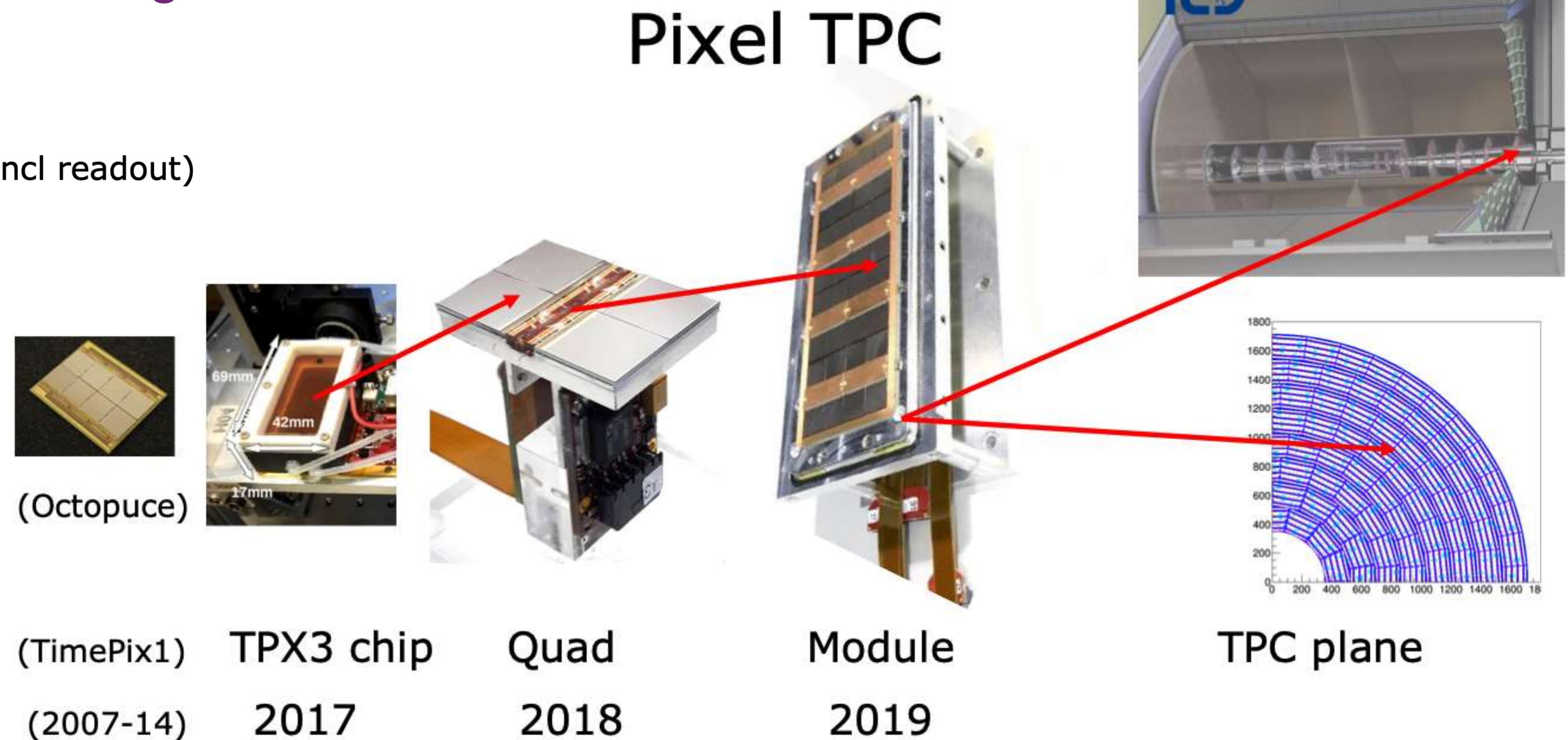
- Detector R&D for  $e^+e^-$ 
  - Goal: ultra precise!



ILD: Detector R&D for  $e^+e^-$ 

- Very low material budget

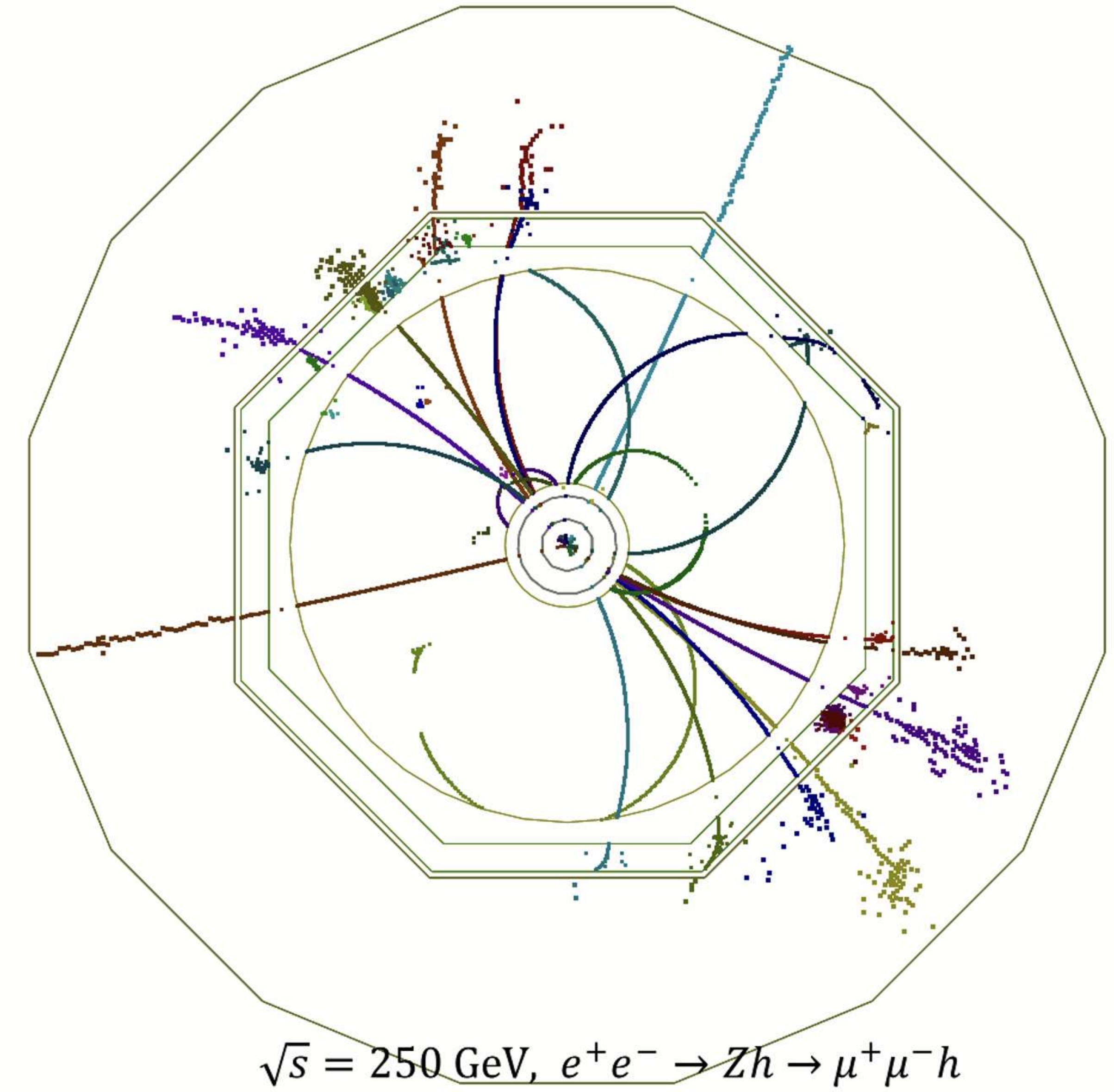
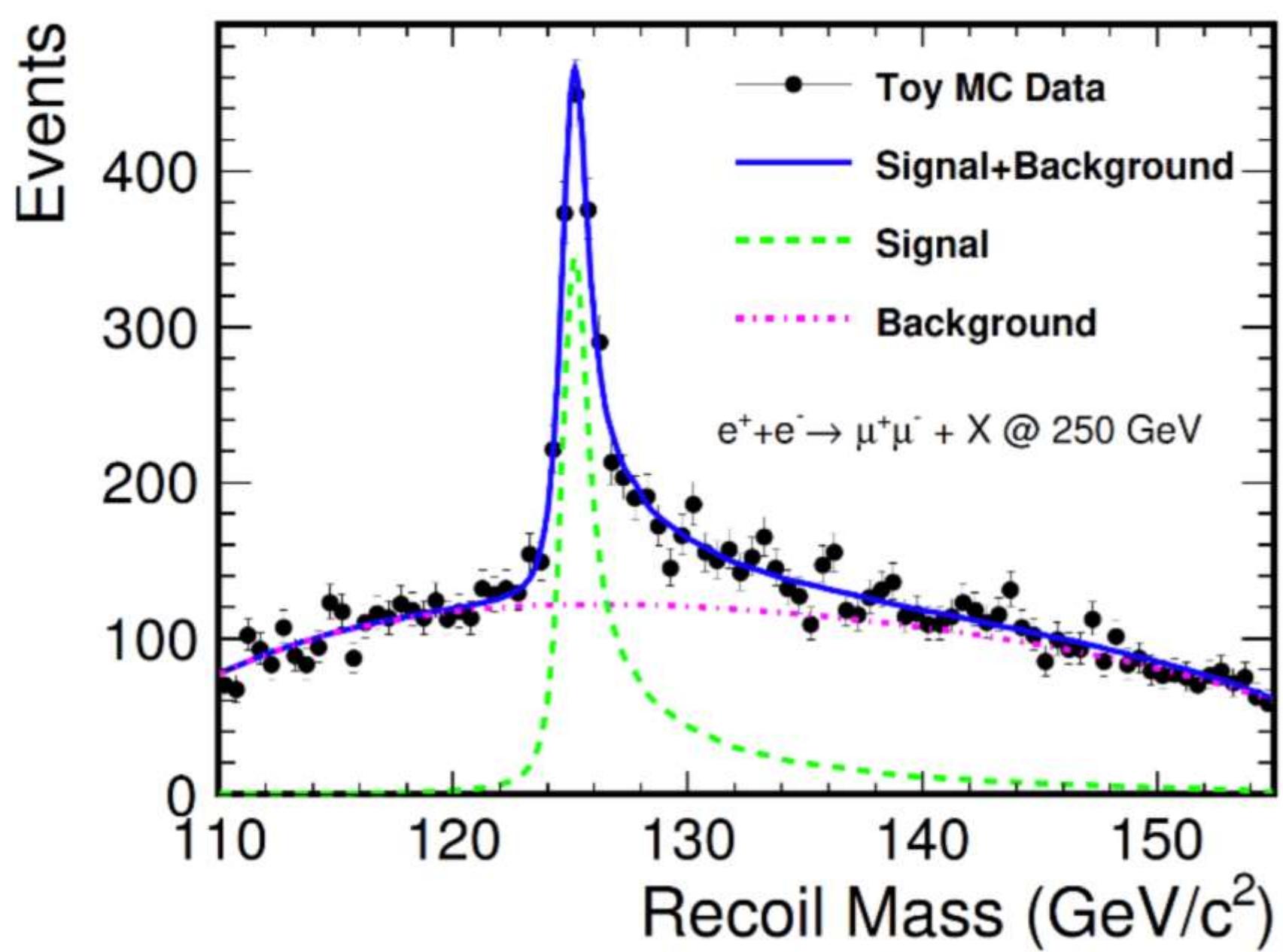
- 0.01  $X_0$  TPC gas
- 0.01  $X_0$  inner cylinder
- 0.03  $X_0$  outer cylinder
- < 0.25  $X_0$  endplates (incl readout)



# ILC PHYSICS

## Precision at $e^+e^-$

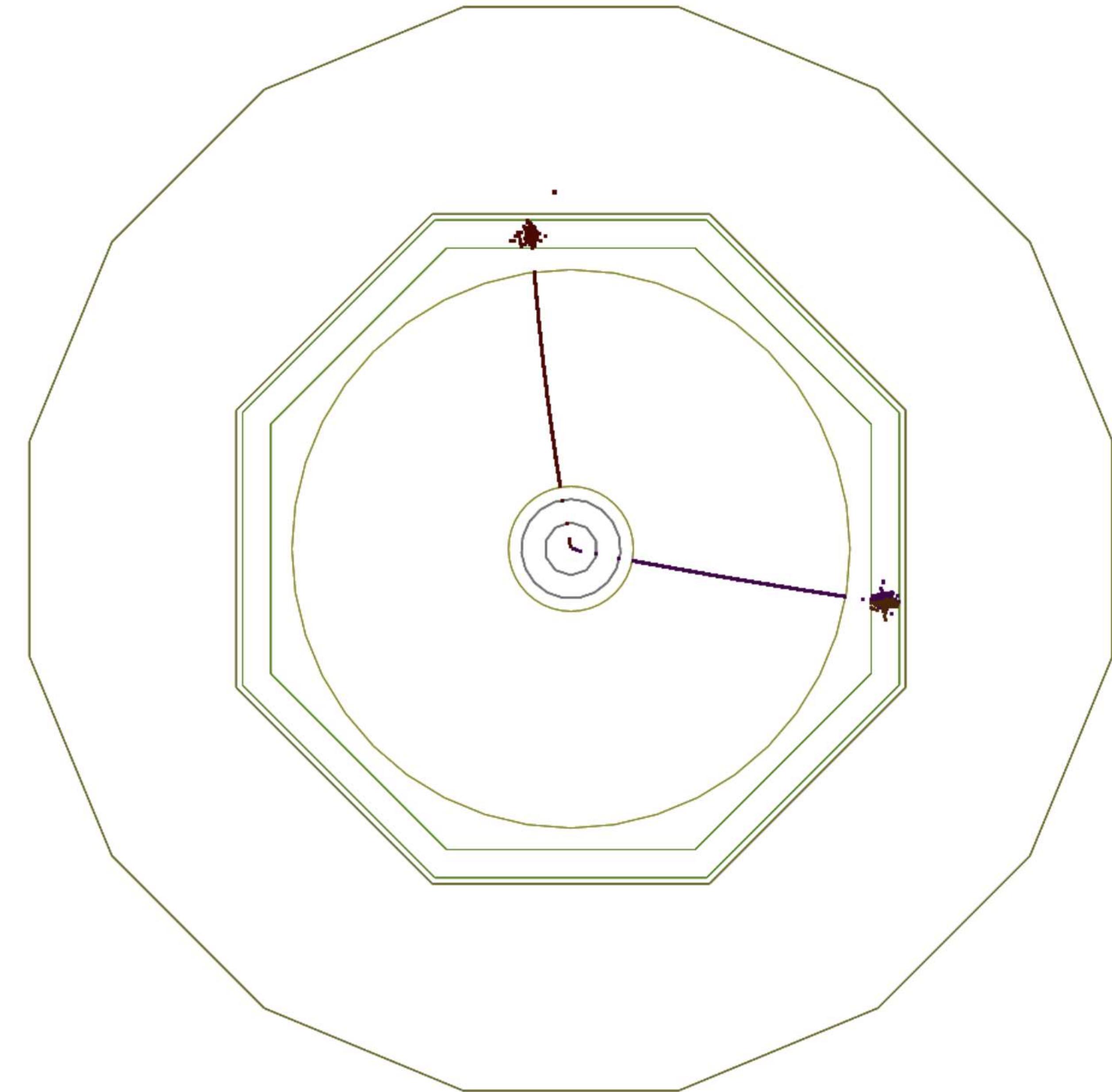
- Order of magnitude in Higgs physics



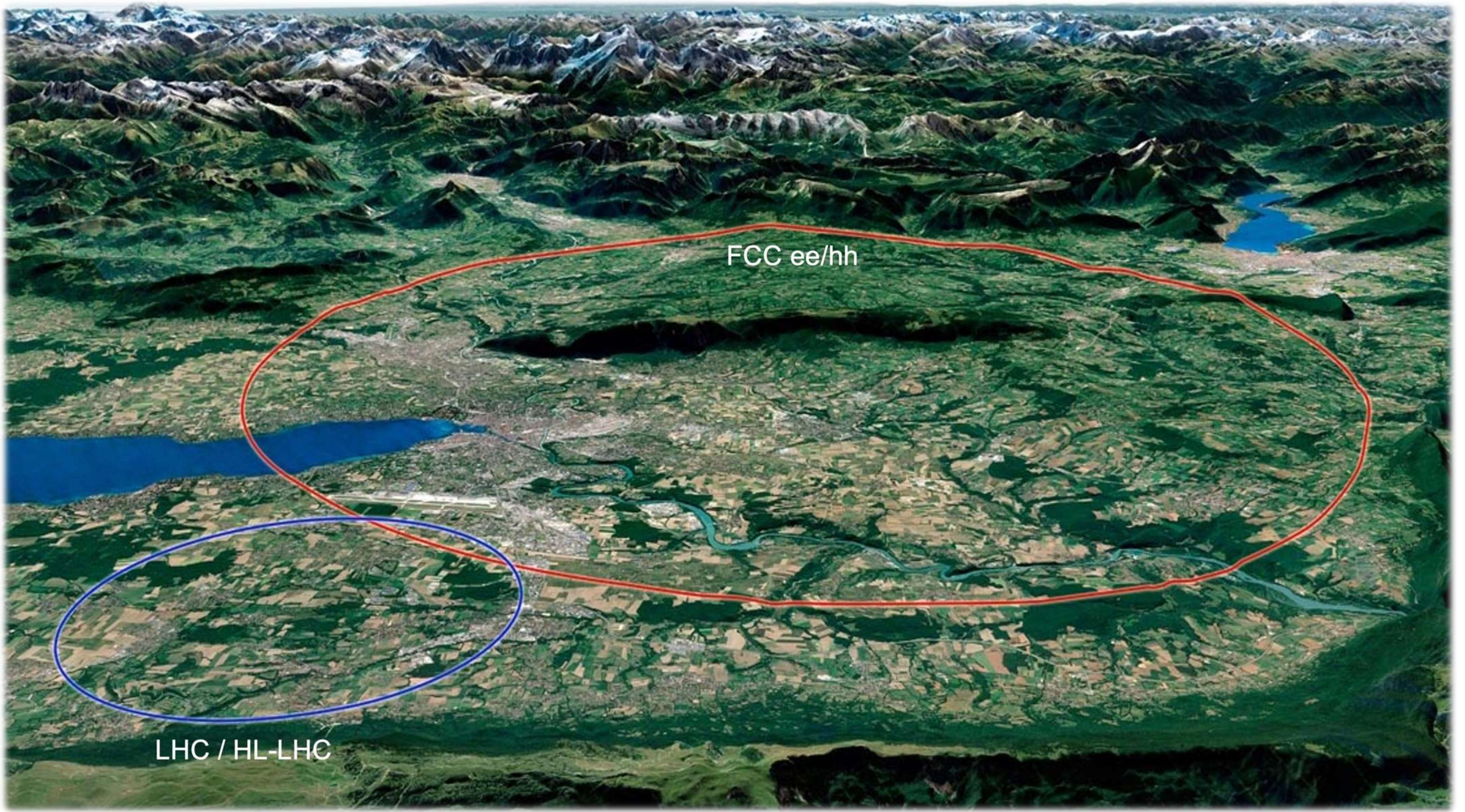
# ILC PHYSICS

Precision physics, but...

- *“Elk voordeel heb  
z’n nadeel”*
- *J.Cruijff*



FCC



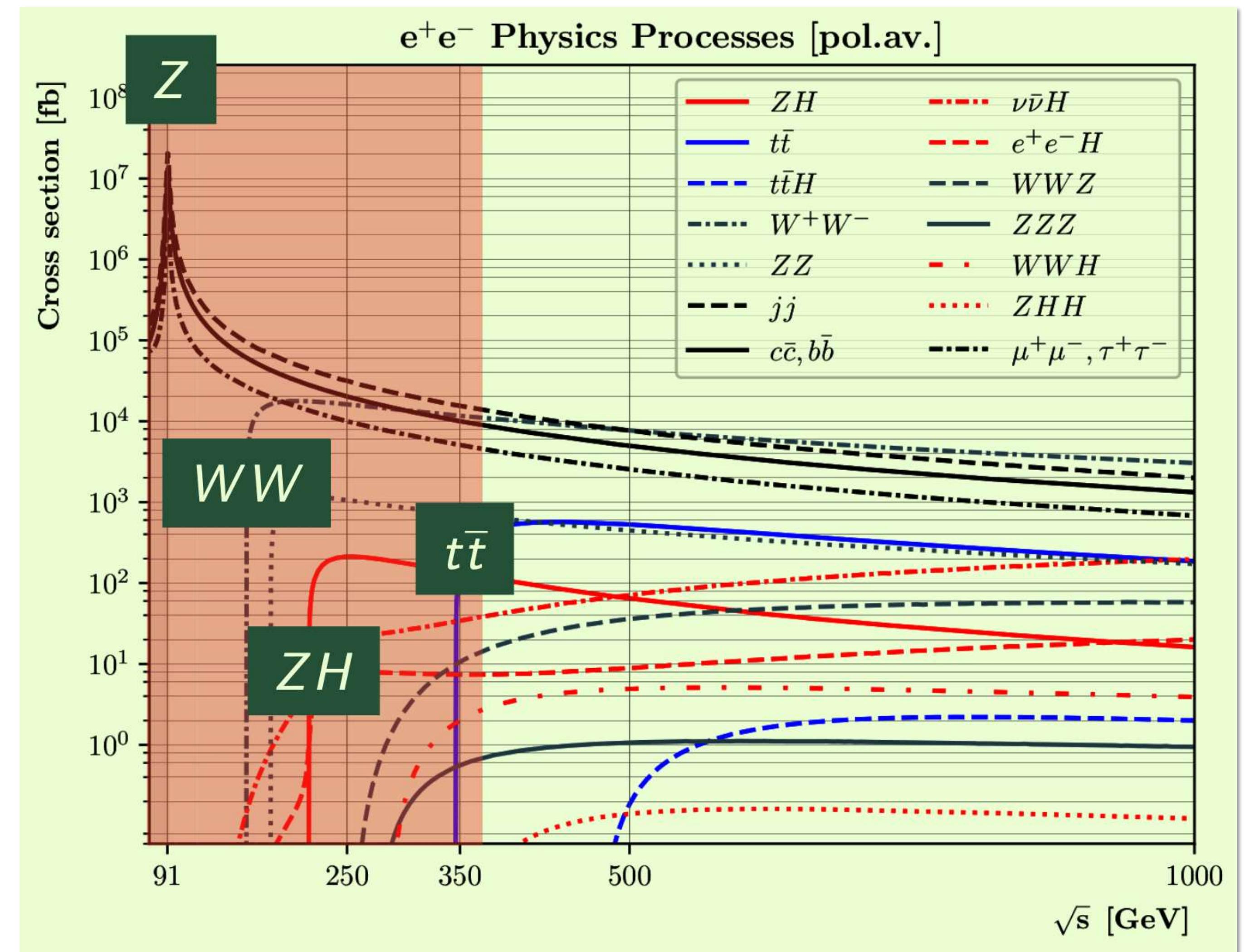
# E+E- COLLIDERS

ECFA studies: e+e-

- Z, WW, ZH, tt
- 'Focus topics'

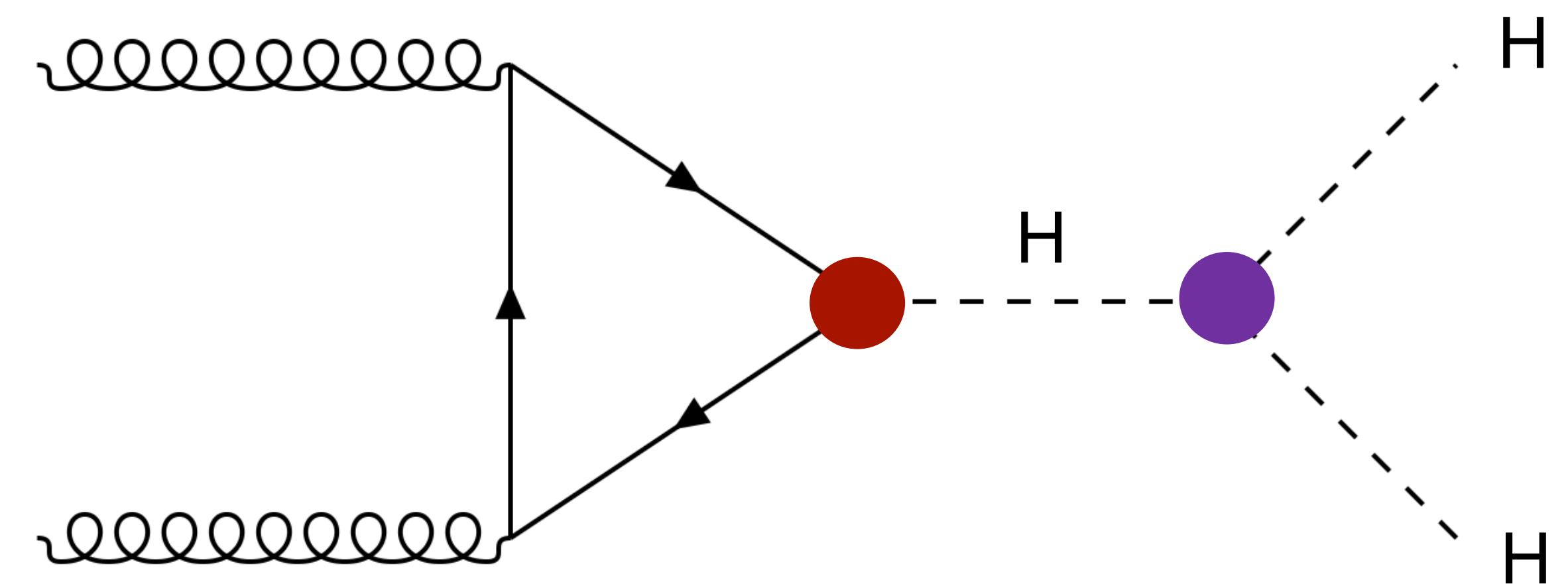


NL contact: Patrick Koppenburg  
BE contact: Fabio Maltoni



## Global SMEFT analysis

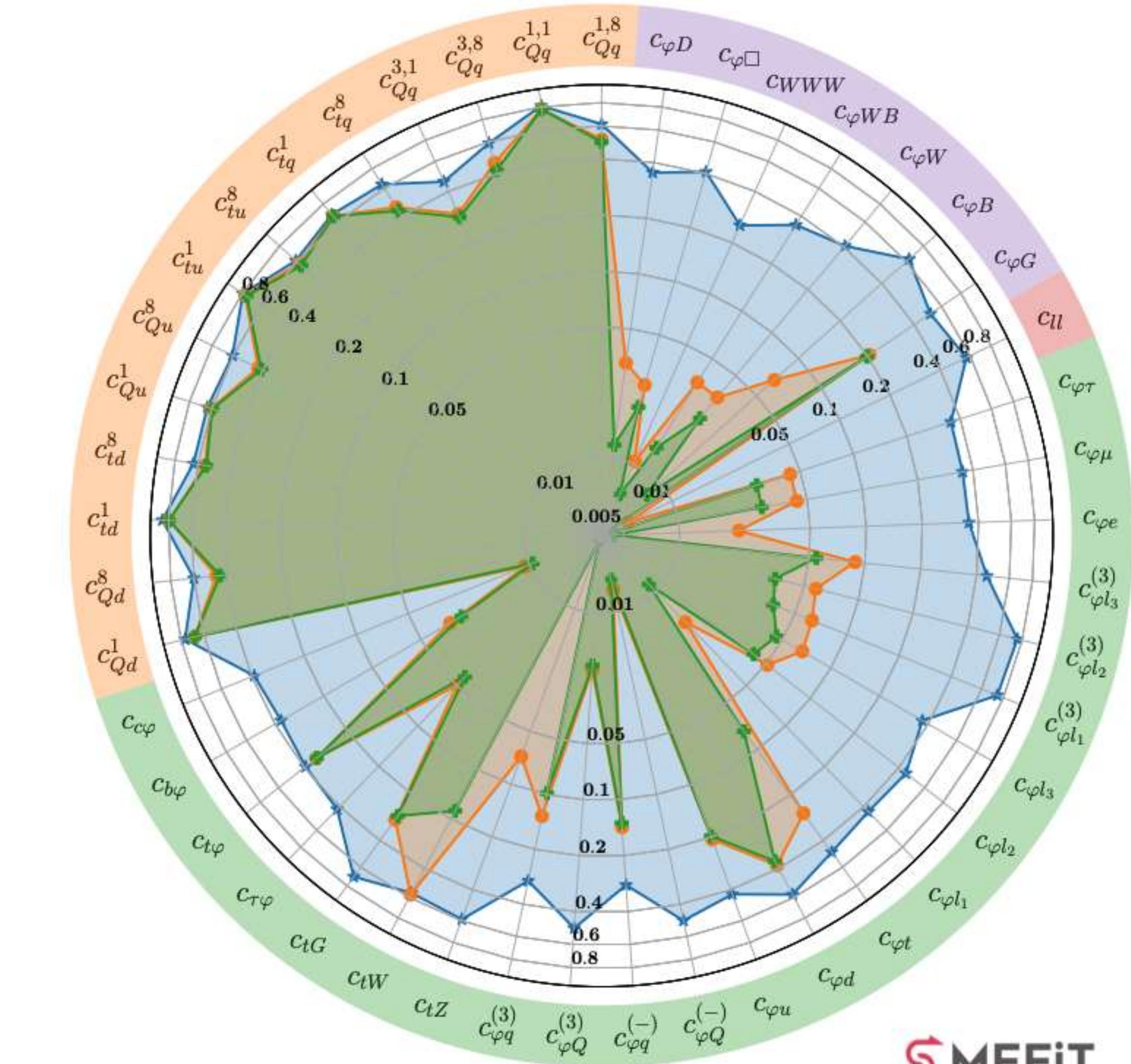
- Higgs, top, electroweak
  - With LEP, LHC and FCC-ee



# FCC-EE

# Global SMEFT analysis

- Higgs, top, electroweak
    - With LEP, LHC and FCC-ee



*J.Rojo et al, arXiv:2404.12809*

- HL - LHC + FCC - ee (91 GeV)
- HL - LHC + FCC - ee (91 + 240 GeV)

HL-LHC + FCC-ee (91 + 161 + 240 + 365 GeV)

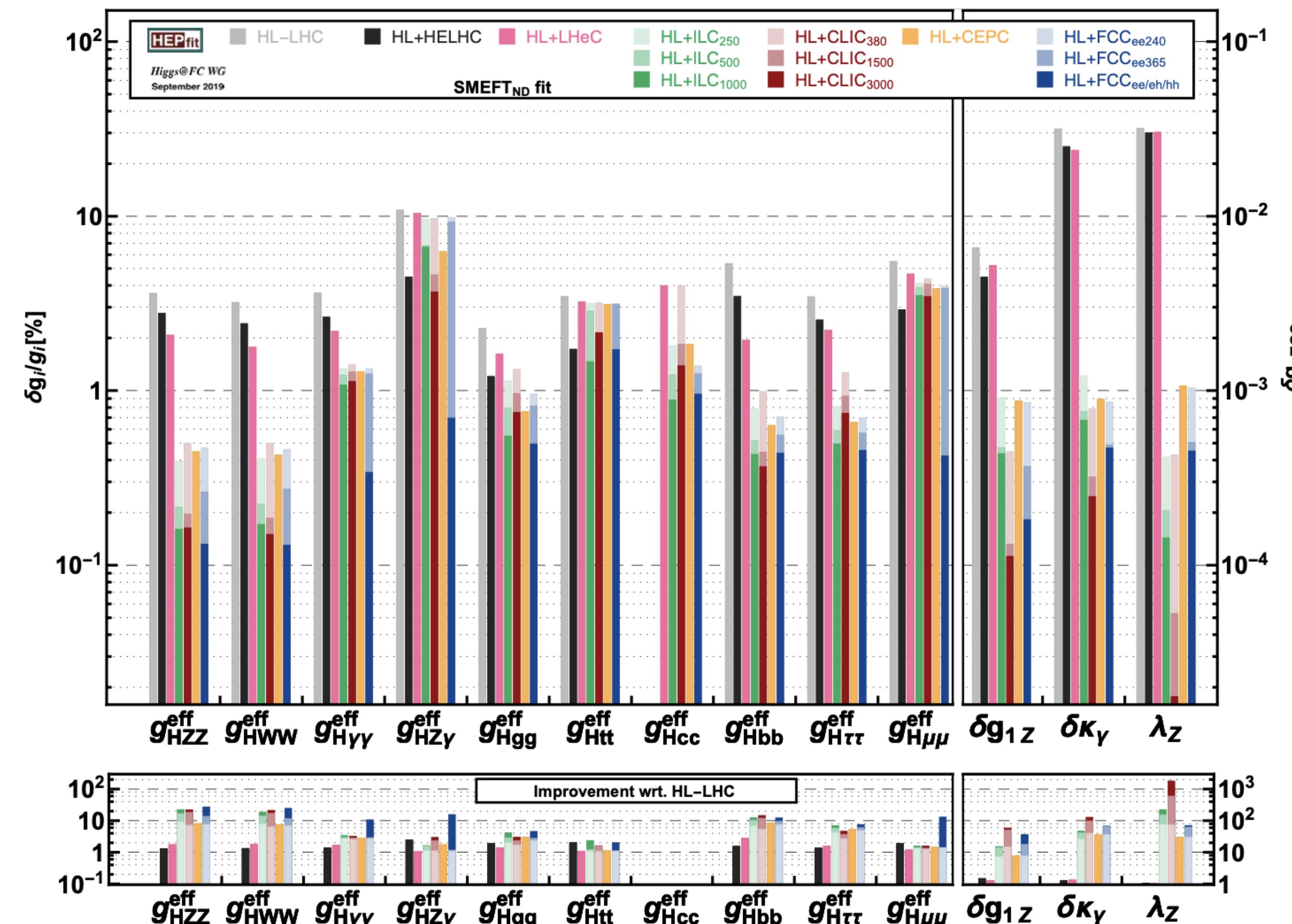
# COMBINATIONS & COMPARISONS

## Higgs factories sensitivities

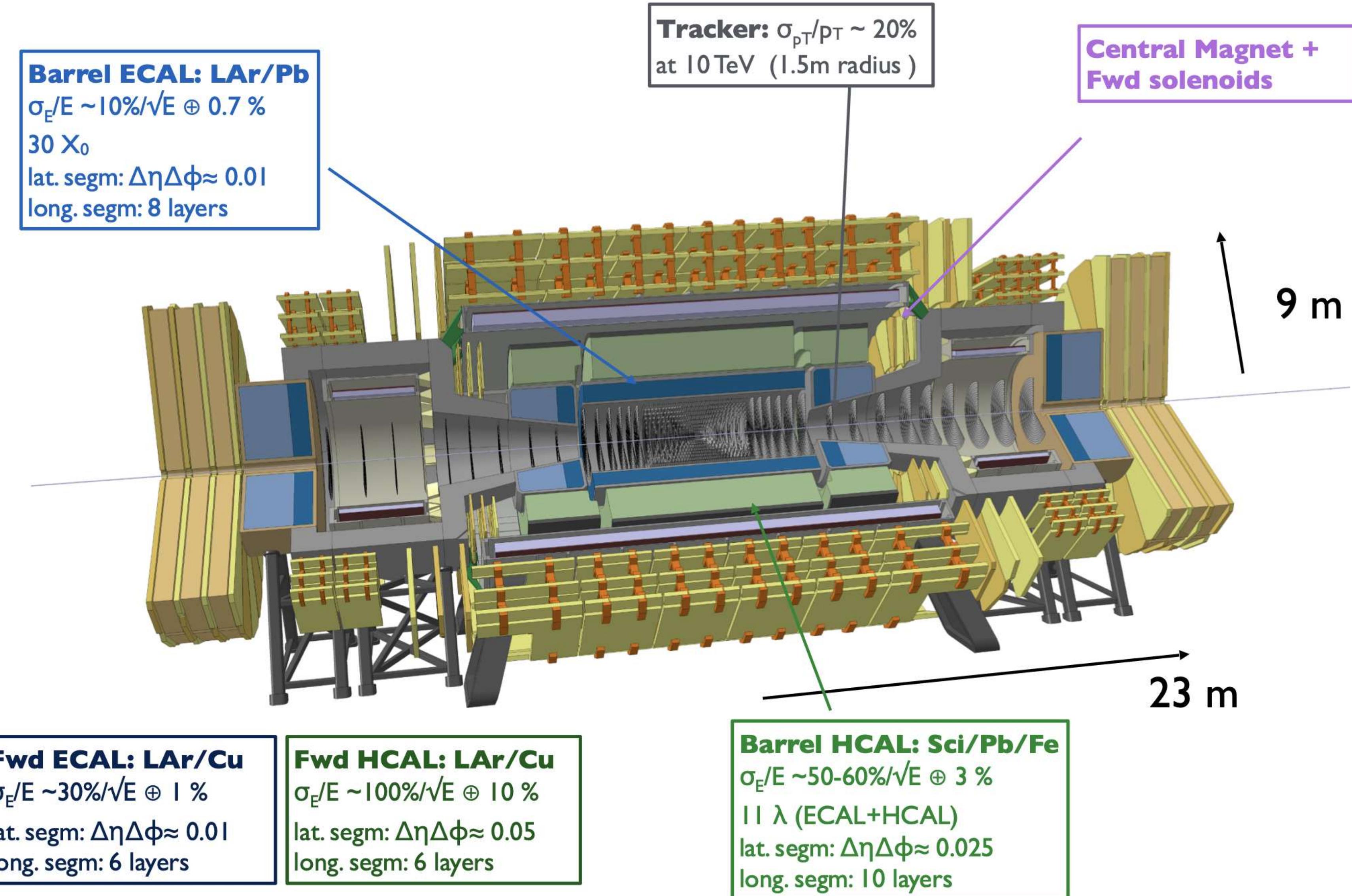
- Factor ~10 wrt HL-LHC
  - Overall similar performance!
    - Particulary  $\Gamma$ ,  $K_{W,Z}$ ,  $K_{b,c}$



W. Verkerke, J.D'Hondt,  
F. Maltoni et al, arXiv:1905.03764



# FCC-HH



M.Selvaggi et al

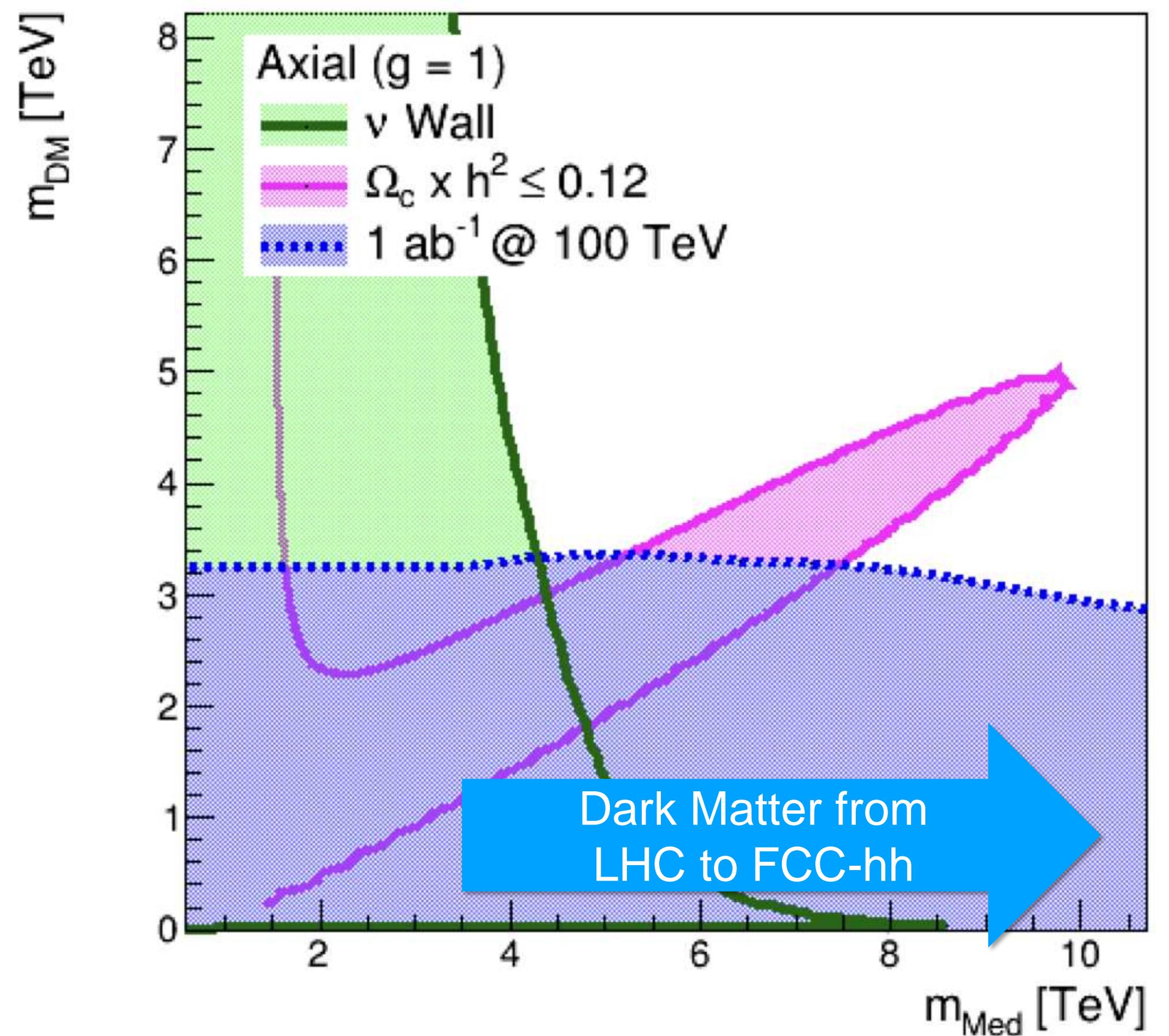
# FCC-HH

## FCC-hh: direct searches

- Scales LHC limits
- BSM: factor 100/14~7



T.du Pree et al, arXiv: 1603.08525



# FCC-HH

## Ongoing studies for FCC-hh

- Accelerator magnets
  - University Twente
- Scenario studies
  - Mini-workshop

3 Sep 2024

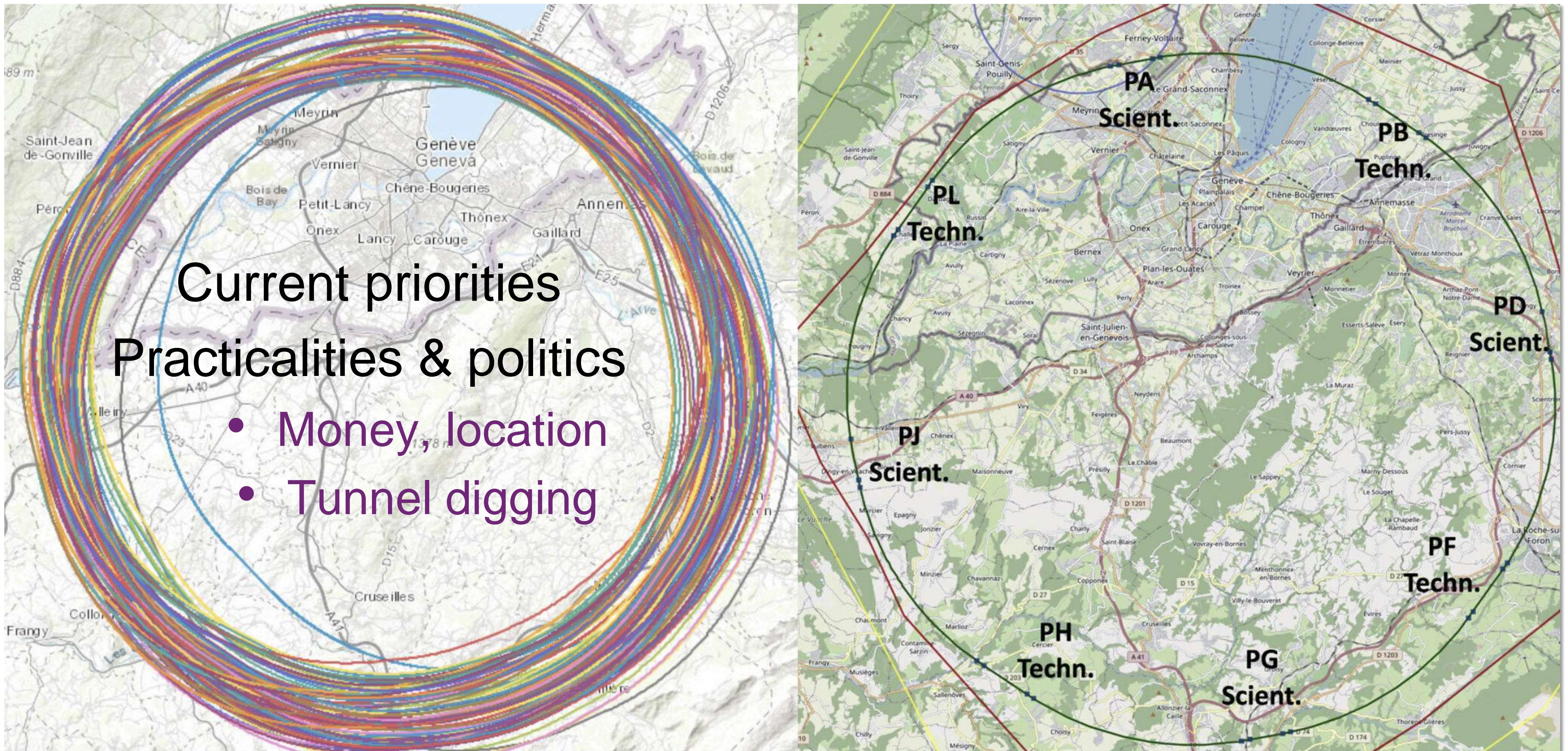
F.Zimmermann, 3 Sep 2024

Dipole field [T]	c.m. energy	Comment
12	72	not far above peak field of HL-LHC Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn quadrupoles
14	84	Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn or HTS
17	102	HTS
20	120	HTS

M.L.Mangano, 3 Sep 2024

Coupling precision	100 TeV CDR baseline	80 TeV	120 TeV
$\delta g_{H\gamma\gamma} / g_{H\gamma\gamma}$ (%)	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>
$\delta g_{H\mu\mu} / g_{H\mu\mu}$ (%)	<b>0.65</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.6</b>
$\delta g_{HZ\gamma} / g_{HZ\gamma}$ (%)	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.8</b>

→ Study scenarios for different magnets



# C3

## Alignment for C<sup>3</sup> accelerator

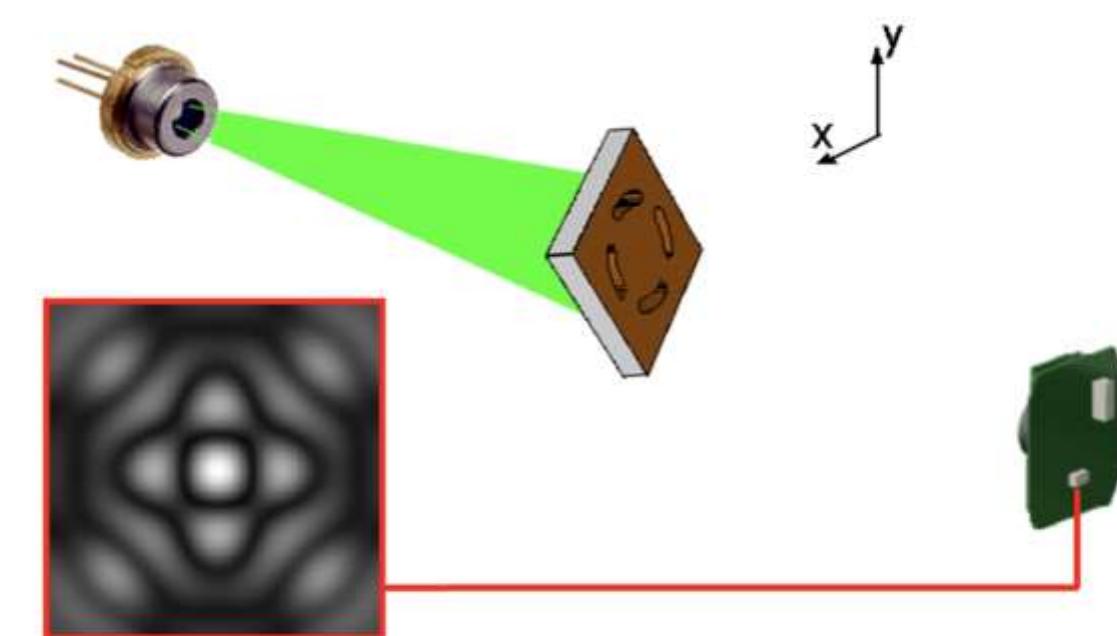
- With Nikhef engineer Harry v/d Graaf
- Based on system used for ATLAS Muon
- “RasNik”

H. v/d Graaf at Nikhef



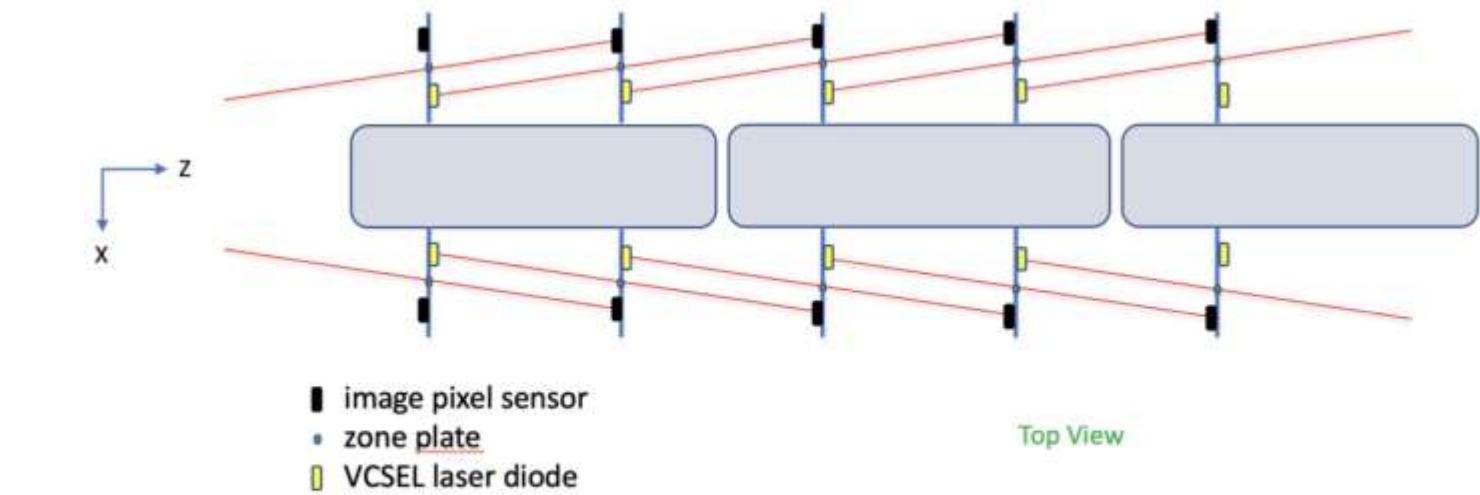
# Alignment for C3 accelerator

- With engineer  
Harry v/d Graaf
- “RasNik”

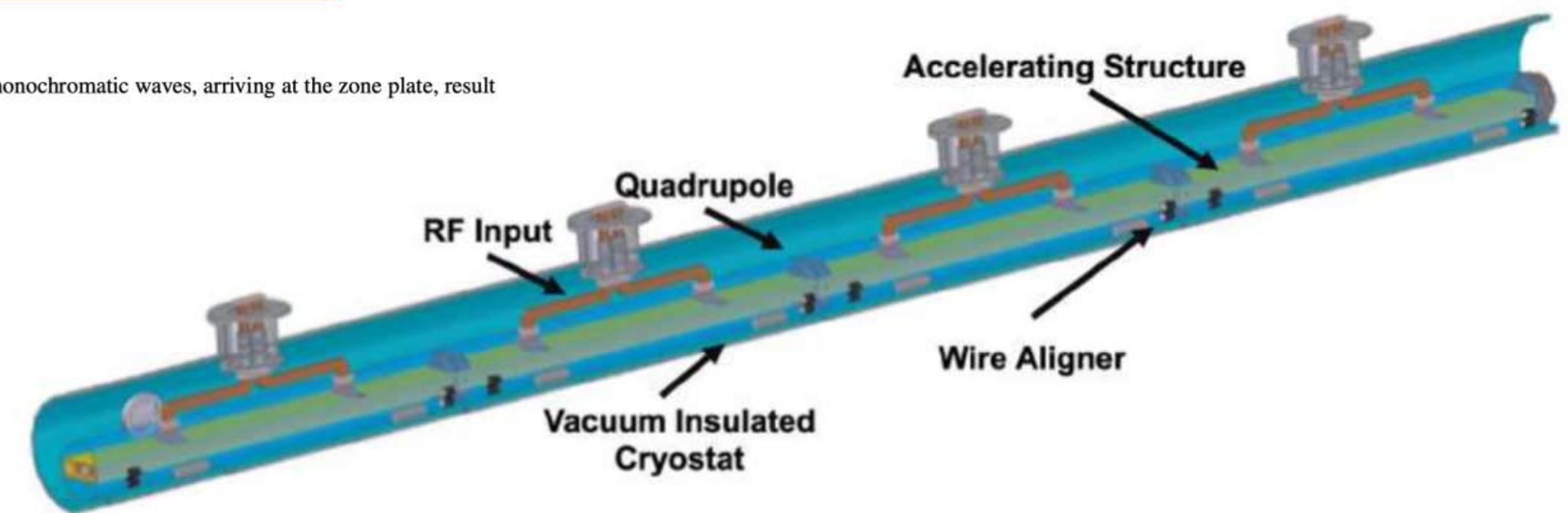


**Figure 3.** Principle of the RasDif system. The monochromatic waves, arriving at the zone plate, result in a diffraction pattern on the image sensor.

H. v/d Graaf, T.du Pree et al, arXiv:24xx.yyyy



**Figure 4.** The 'leap frog' multipoint alignment system: with the known alignment of any set of three adjacent chainplates, the alignment of all chainplates is known.



**Figure 2.** The 9 meter long CryoModule CM.

# C3

## Workshop in Amsterdam

- 7-8 October at Nikhef
  - You're welcome!



[https://indico.slac.stanford.edu/  
event/9113/overview](https://indico.slac.stanford.edu/event/9113/overview)

**C3 workshop**  
**Cool Copper Collider**  
7-8 October 2024 at Nikhef in Amsterdam

**Scientific Program**

- Caterina Vernieri (SLAC)
- Emilio Nanni (SLAC)

**Local Organisation**

- Joan Berger (Nikhef)
- Tristan du Pree (Nikhef)

**Topics include**

- C<sup>3</sup> Demonstrator
- Accelerator R&D
- Sustainability
- Collider Synergies
- Vision for ESPPU

Nikhef, Science Park 105, Amsterdam, The Netherlands

# “LINEAR COLLIDER VISION”

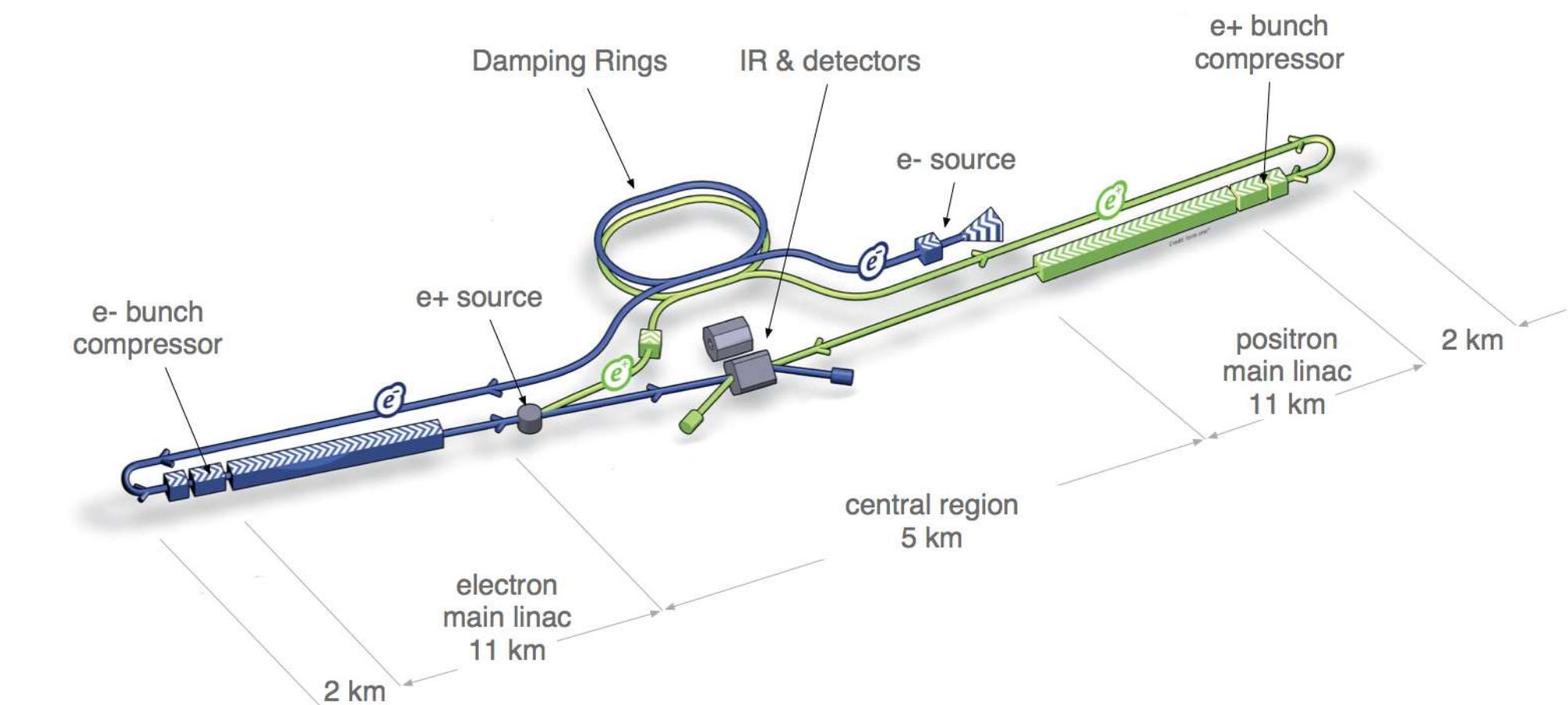
## Possible scenario for ECFA

### 1) Start with ILC

- Mature technology

### 2) Upgrade with new technology

- CLIC ?
- C<sup>3</sup> ?
- Wakefield?



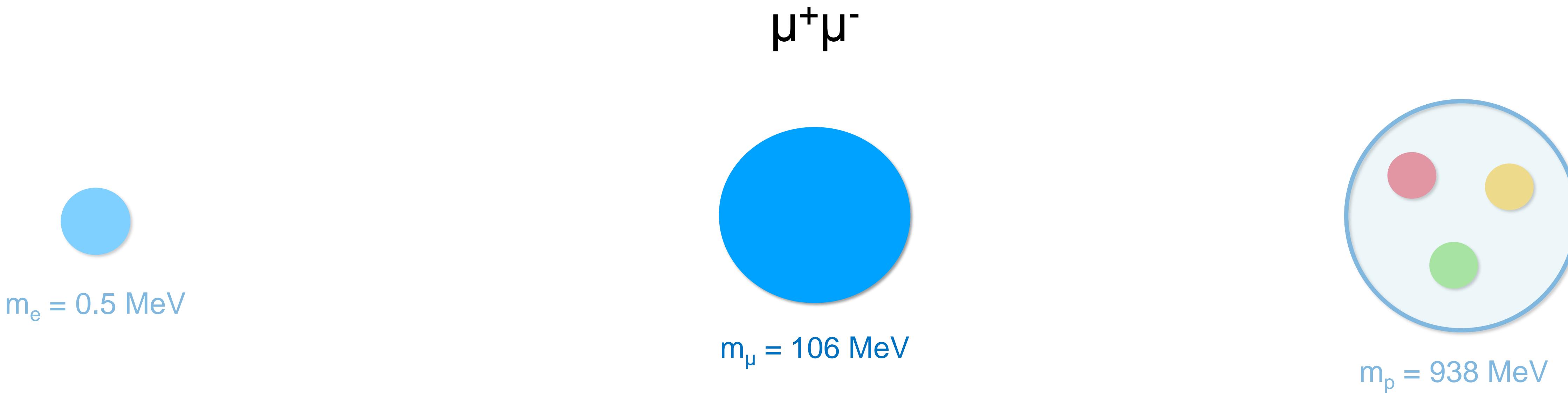
### COOL COPPER COLLIDER



# A MUON COLLIDER: PRECISION AND ENERGY



# THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS!



- ✓ Precision physics
- ✓ And high energy

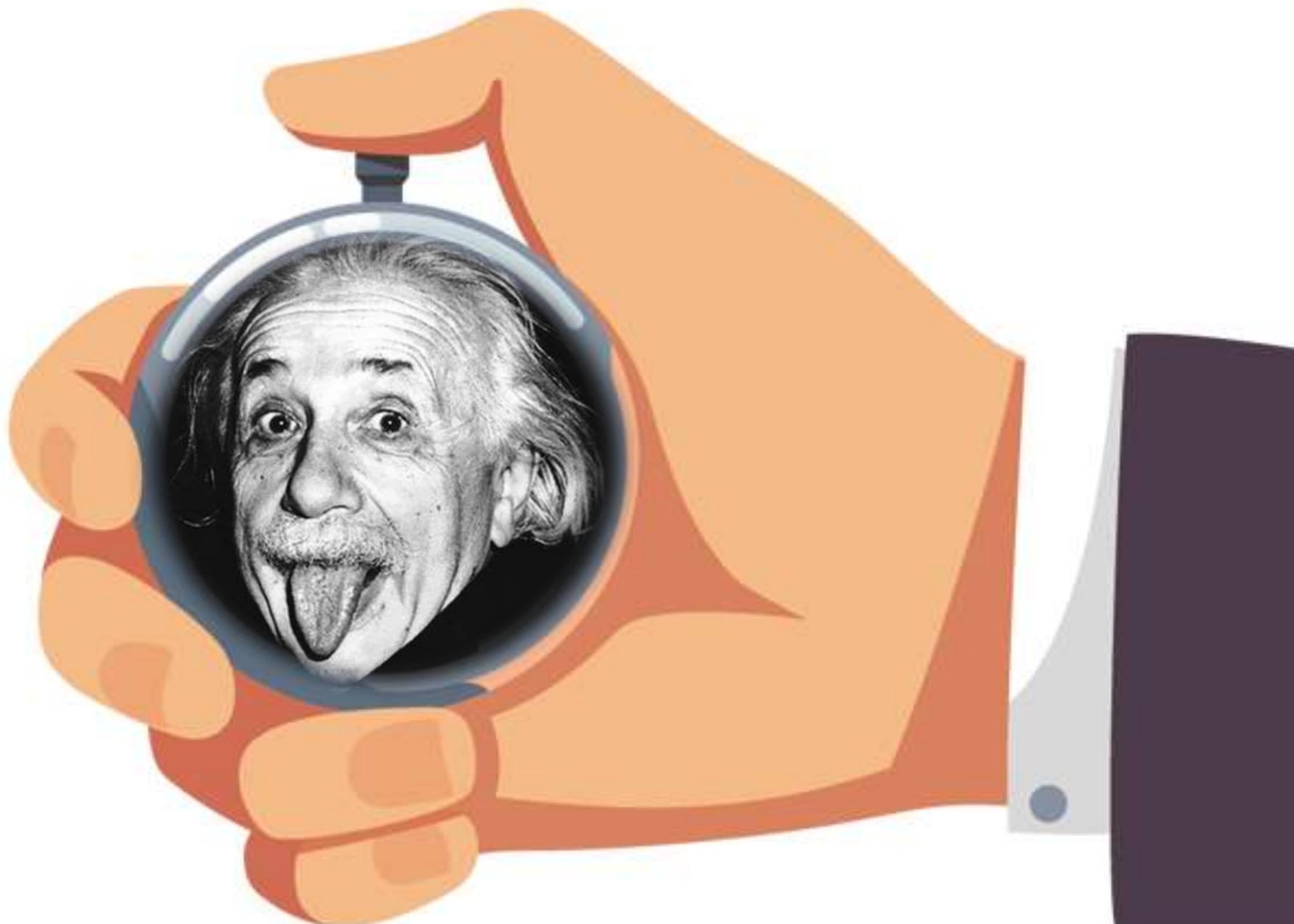
# MAIN CHALLENGE

The main challenge:

- Finite lifetime
  - $\tau_\mu = 2\mu\text{s}$

Example: 5 TeV muon

- $\gamma = 50,000$
- $\gamma \tau_\mu \sim 0.1\text{s}$
- $\gamma c \tau_\mu = 3 \times 10^7 \text{m}$ 
  - 1000 x LHC!

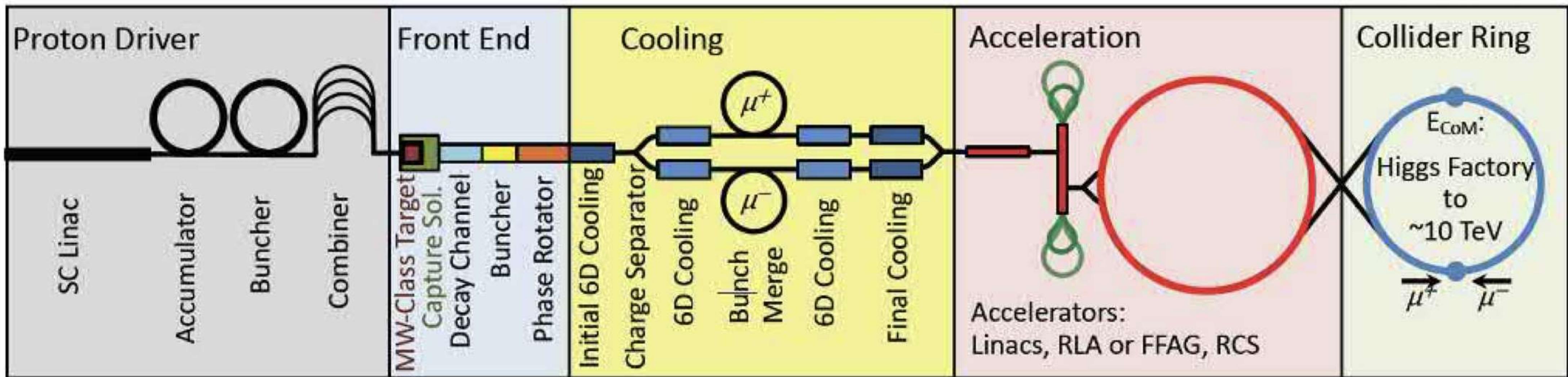


*“Een echte muoncollider-fysicus kan niet zonder gamma”*

# MUON COLLIDER: SCHEME

Approach:  $p \rightarrow \pi \rightarrow \mu \rightarrow \text{cool} \rightarrow \text{accelerate} \rightarrow \text{collide}$

In 0.1s 😊

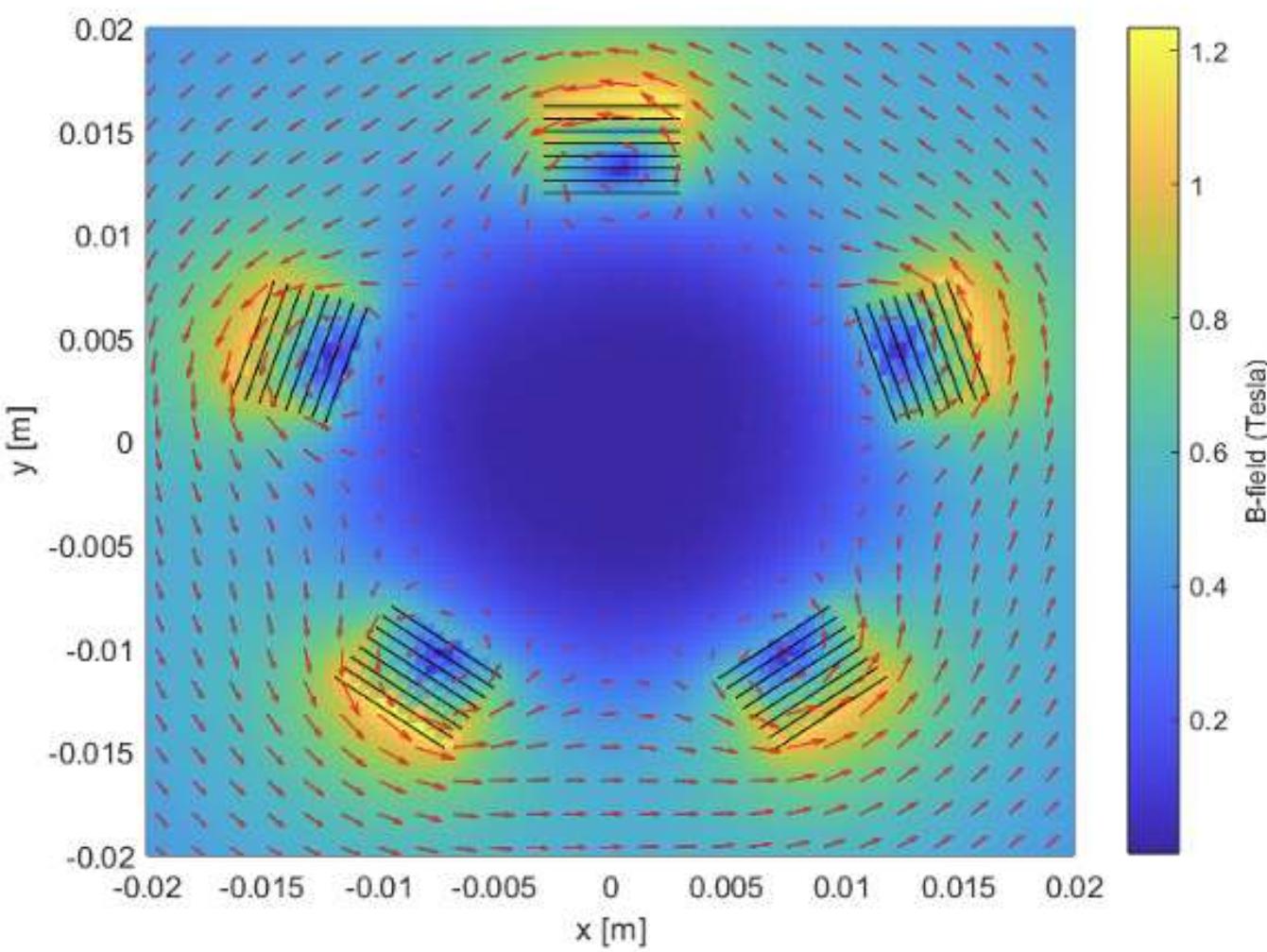


Various exciting challenges for accelerator technology

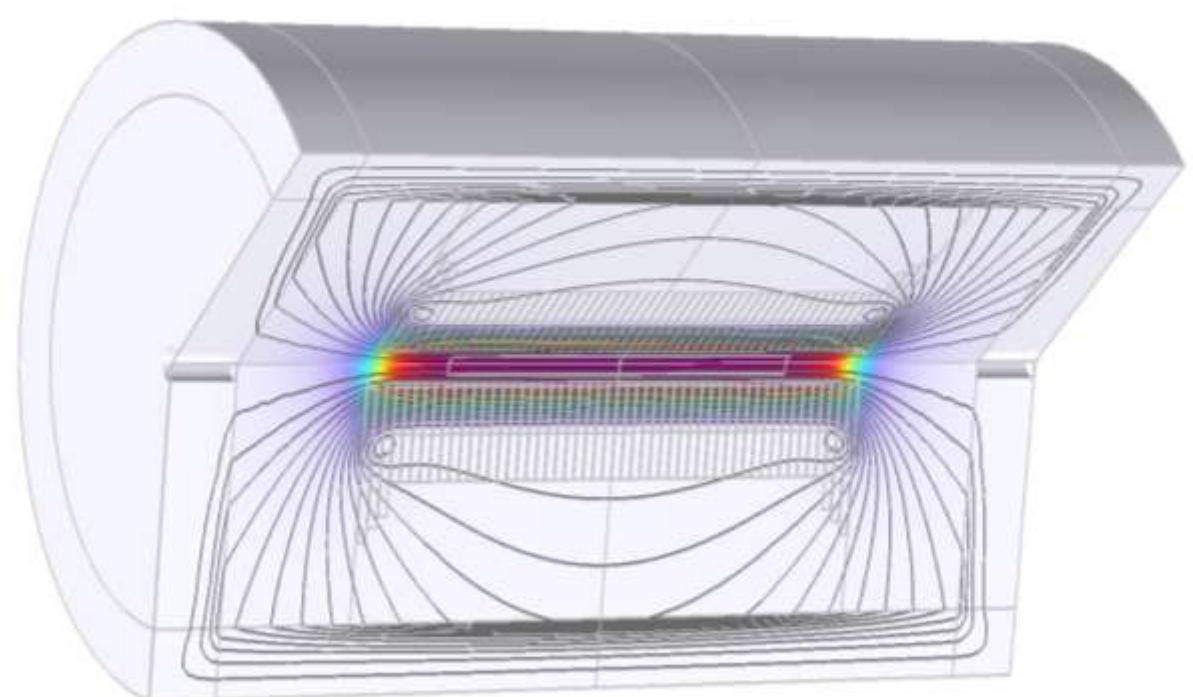
# ACCELERATOR TECHNOLOGIES

University of Twente

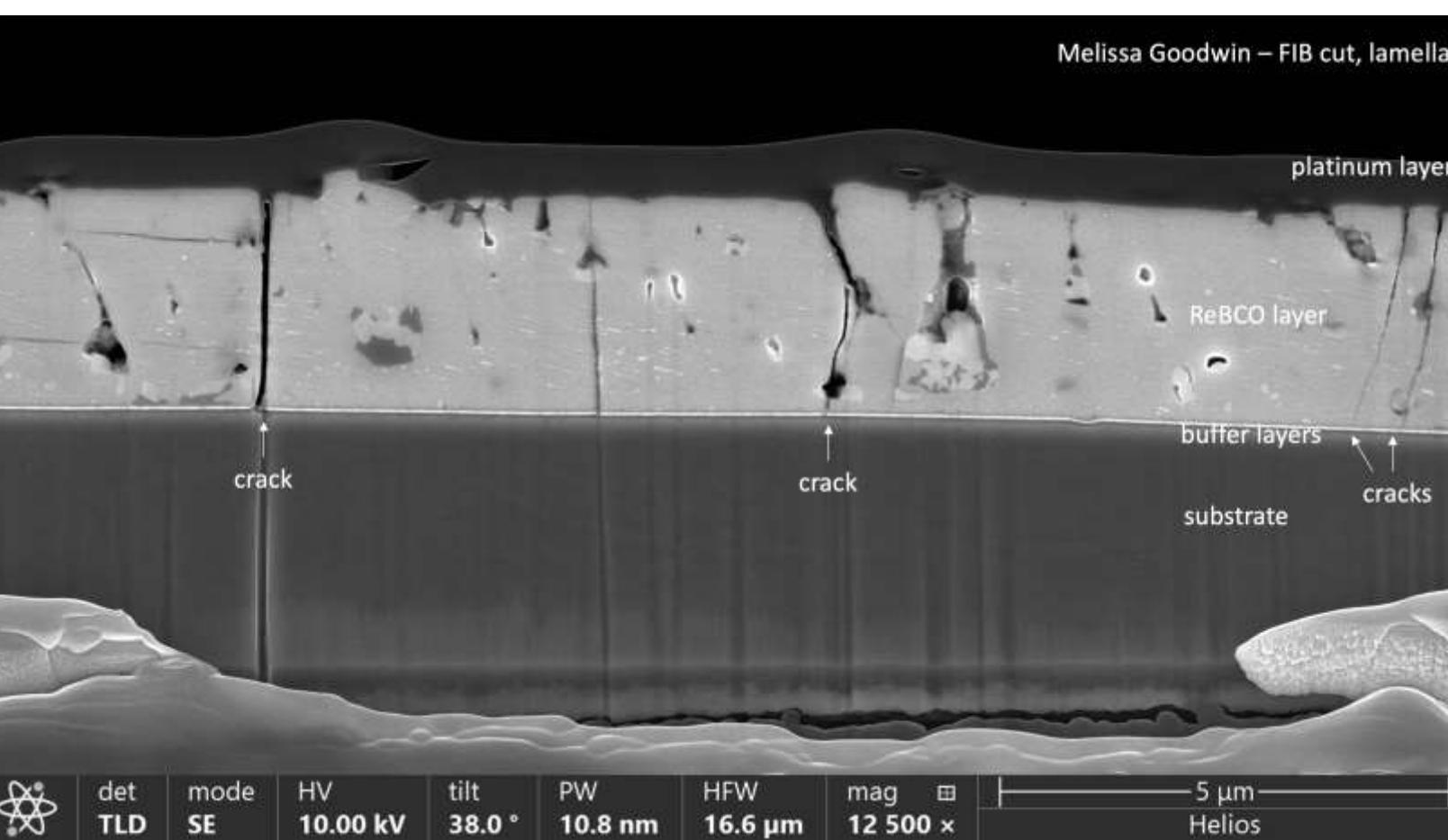
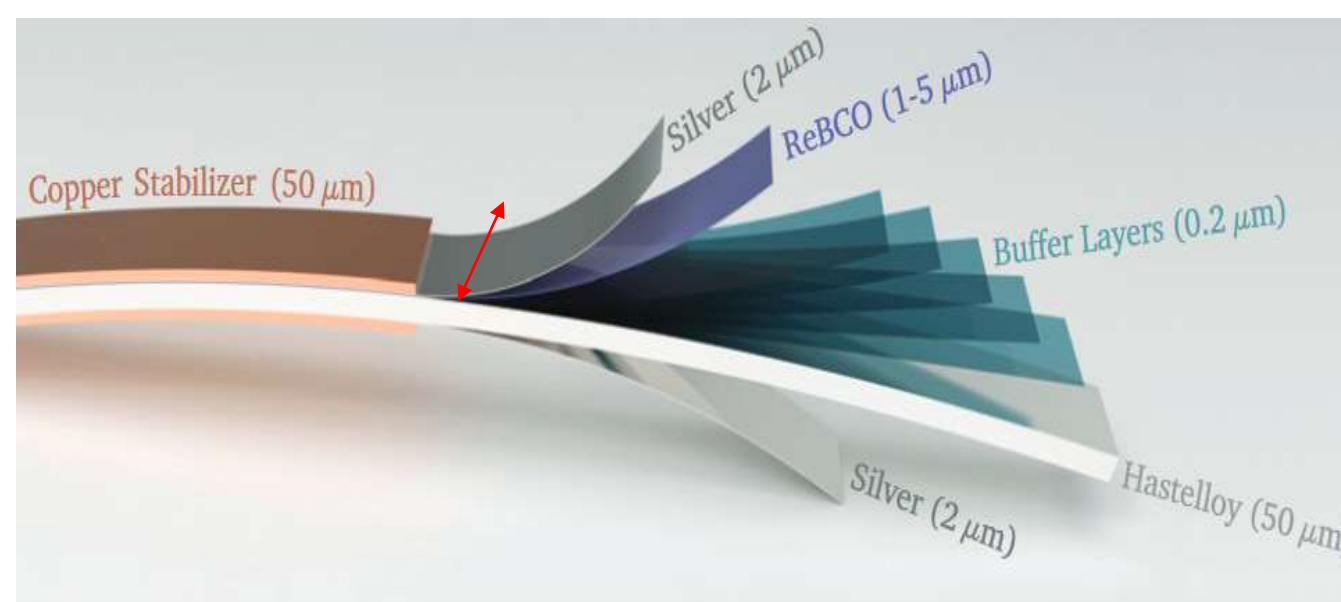
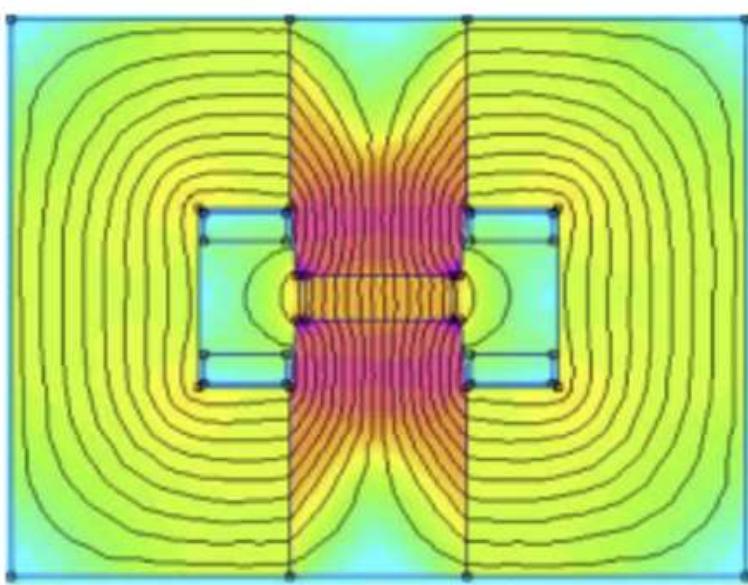
ReBCO cable magnetic field profile



$B_{\max} \approx 55 \text{ T}$



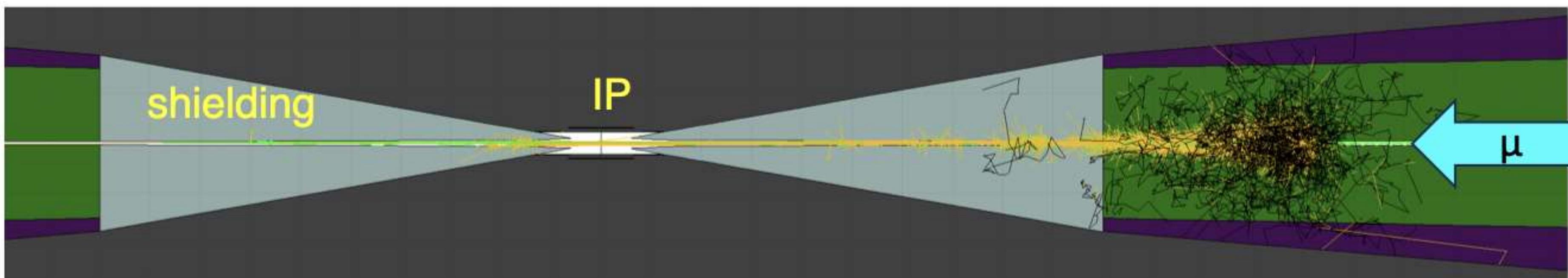
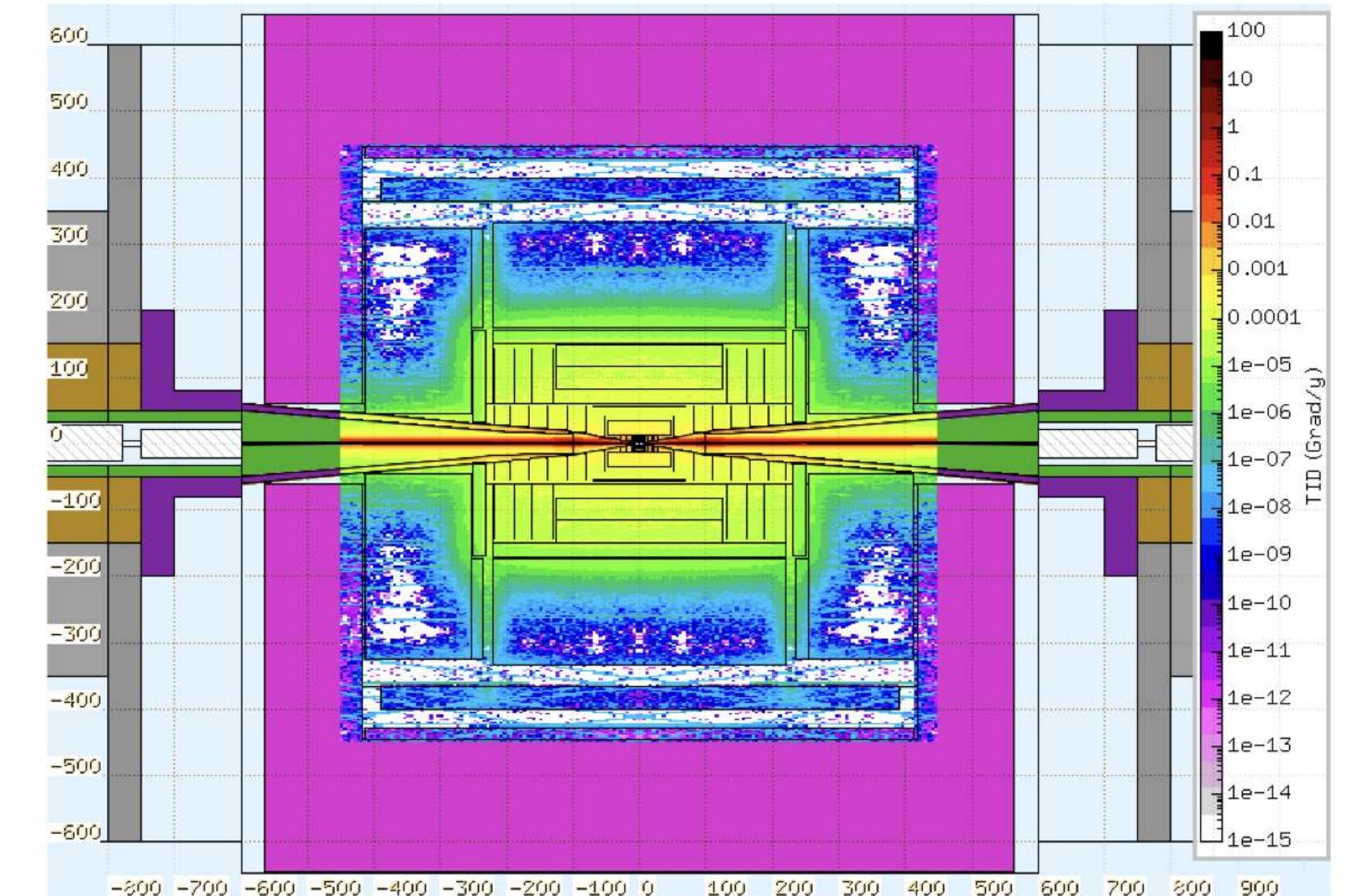
H-type



# MUON COLLIDER: DETECTOR CHALLENGE

## Beam Induced Background

- Muon decays
  - 5TeV:  $10^5$  muon decays/m
- Secondary products
  - In detector and in accelerator!



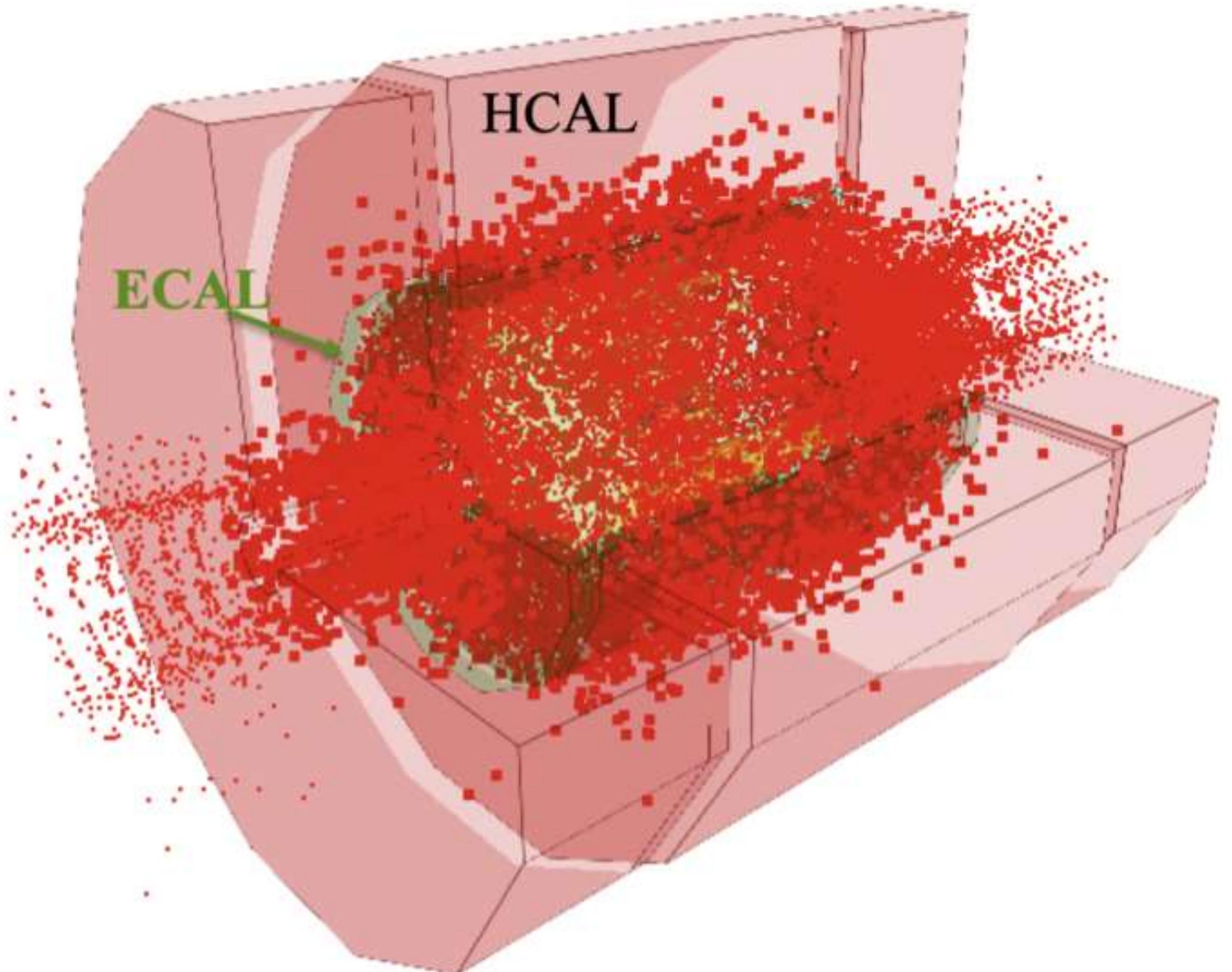
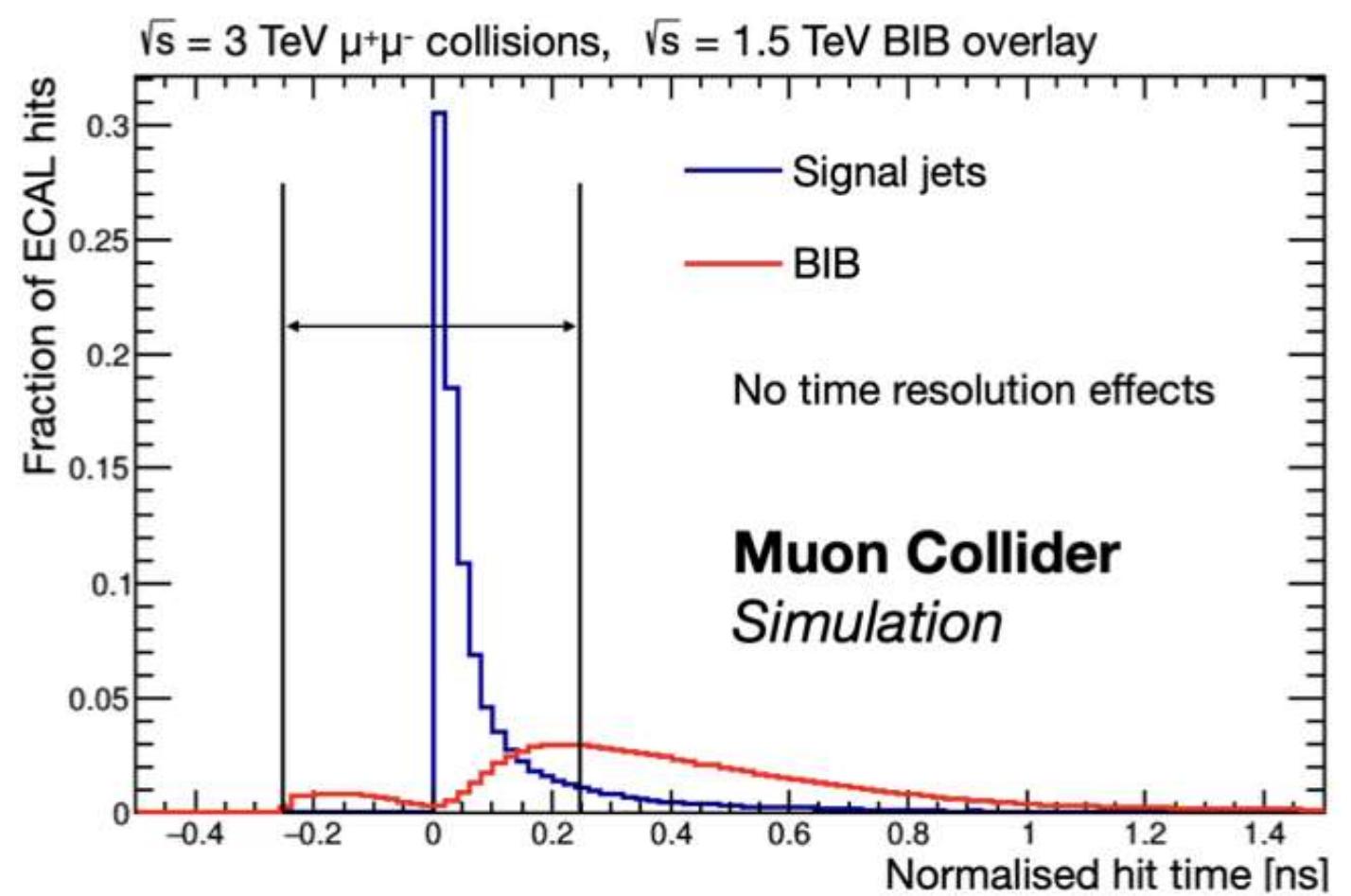
Single muon decay tracks  
 $N_\mu^\pm \sim 2 \times 10^{12} / \text{bunch}$

F. Collamati et al. 2021 JINST 16 P11009

# MUON COLLIDER: DETECTOR TECHNOLOGY

Main challenge: ‘BIB’

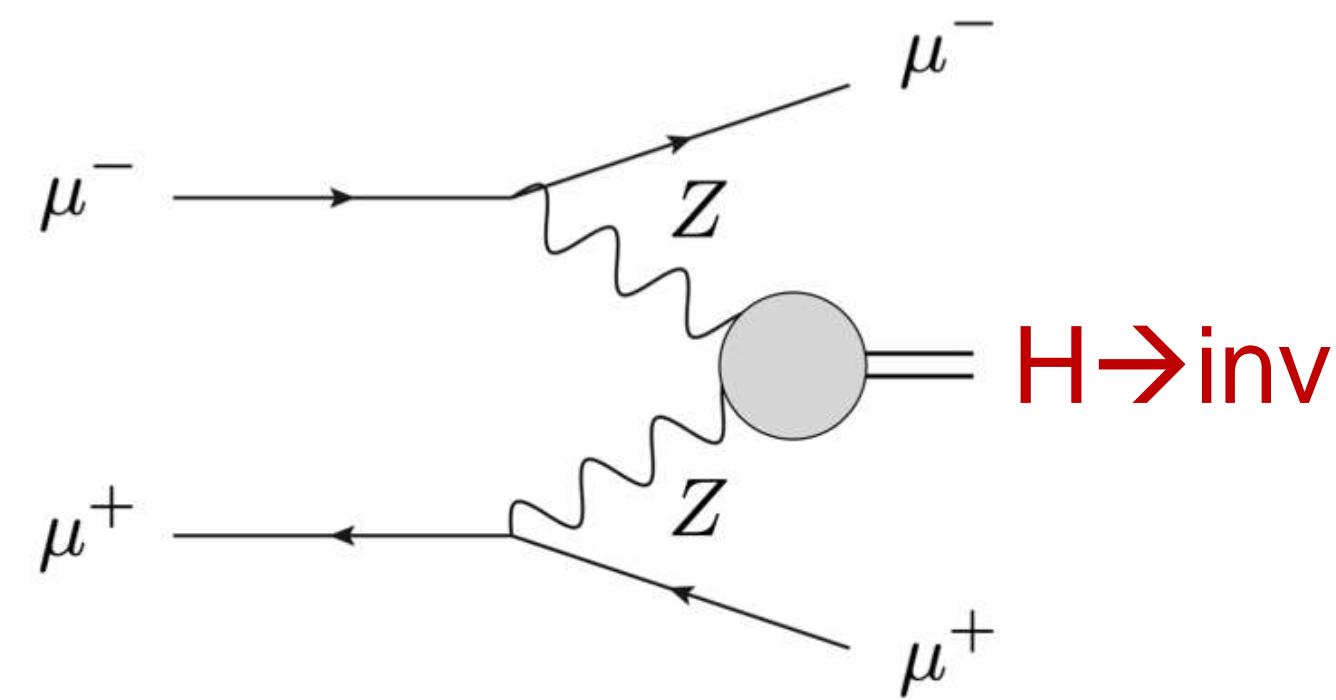
- Detector designs ongoing
  - Trackers & calorimeters
  - Crucial solution: timing



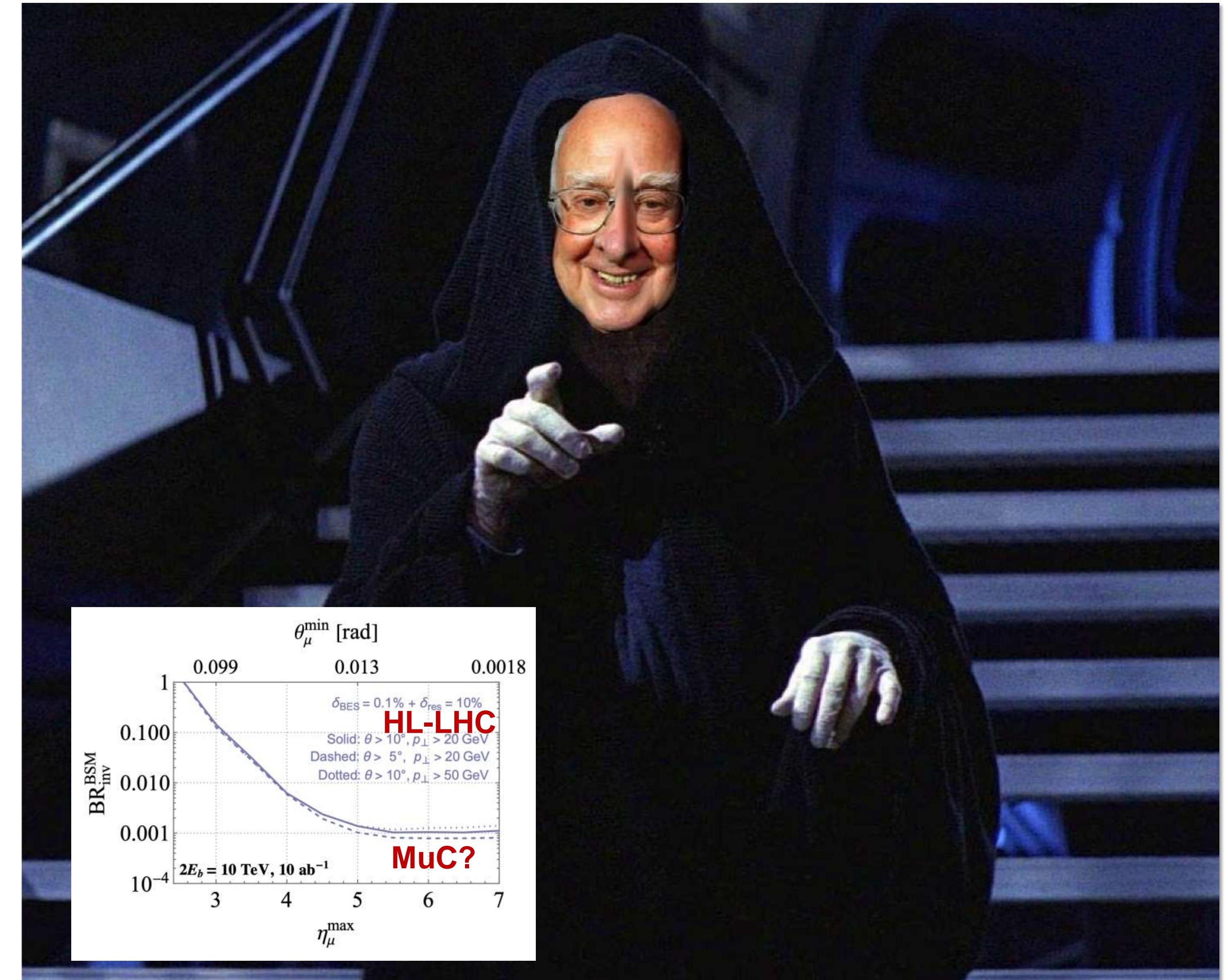
# MUCOL PHYSICS

Ex:  $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$

- Studies still needed
  - Higgs vs Dark Matter?



Important at future colliders



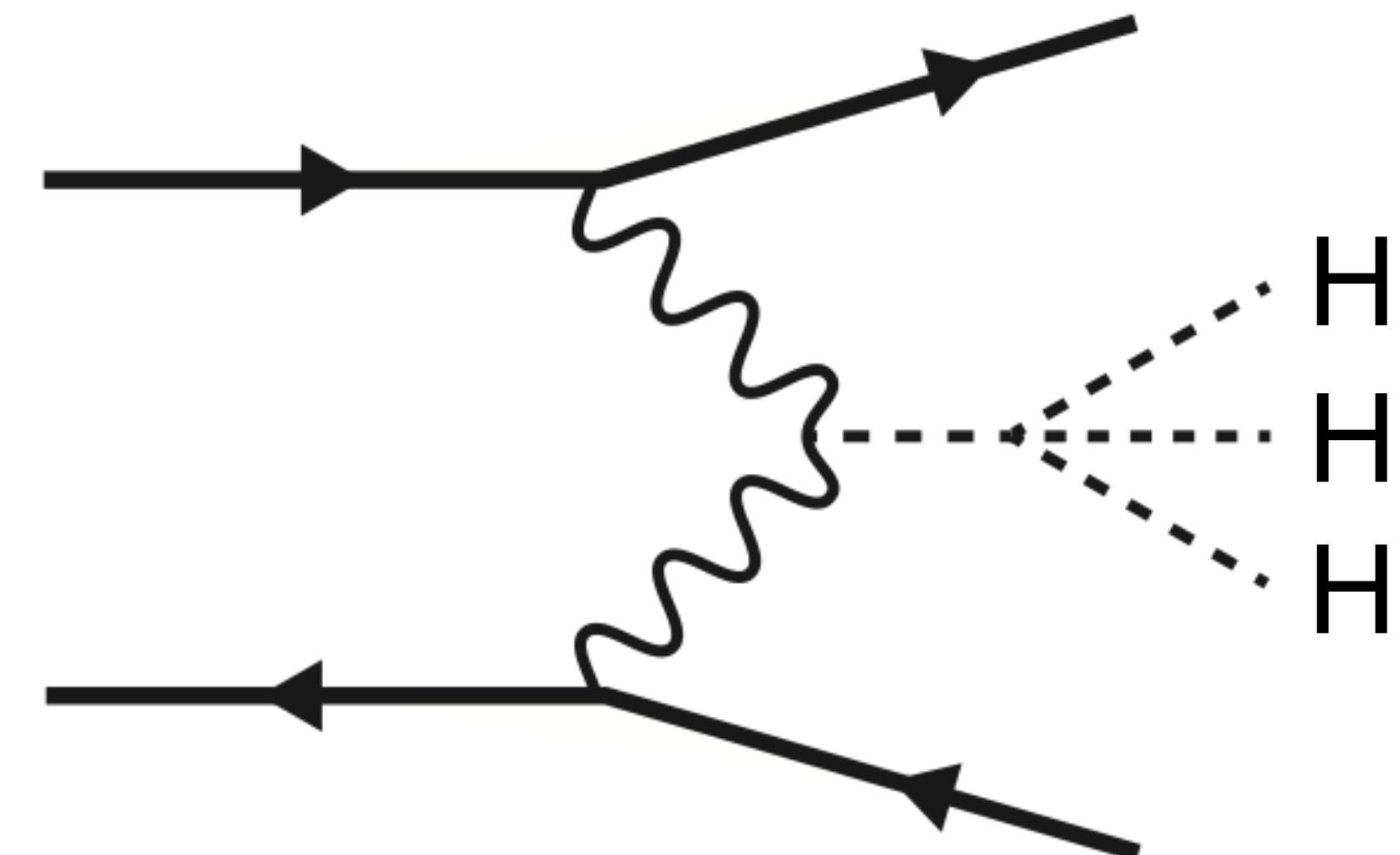
# MUON COLLIDER

E.g. HHH at MuCol

- Backgrounds
- Simulation
  - Work needed for muon collider studies



$$V = \frac{m_H^2}{2} H^2 + \frac{m_H^2}{2\nu} (1 + \delta\kappa_3) H^3 + \frac{m_H^2}{8\nu^2} (1 + \delta\kappa_4) H^4$$



*ATLAS publication in the works!*

# NEUTRINOS AS COLLIDER SPIN-OFFS

Muon collider as source  
for additional research

- Neutrino physics
  - Use flat sections
  - Short baseline

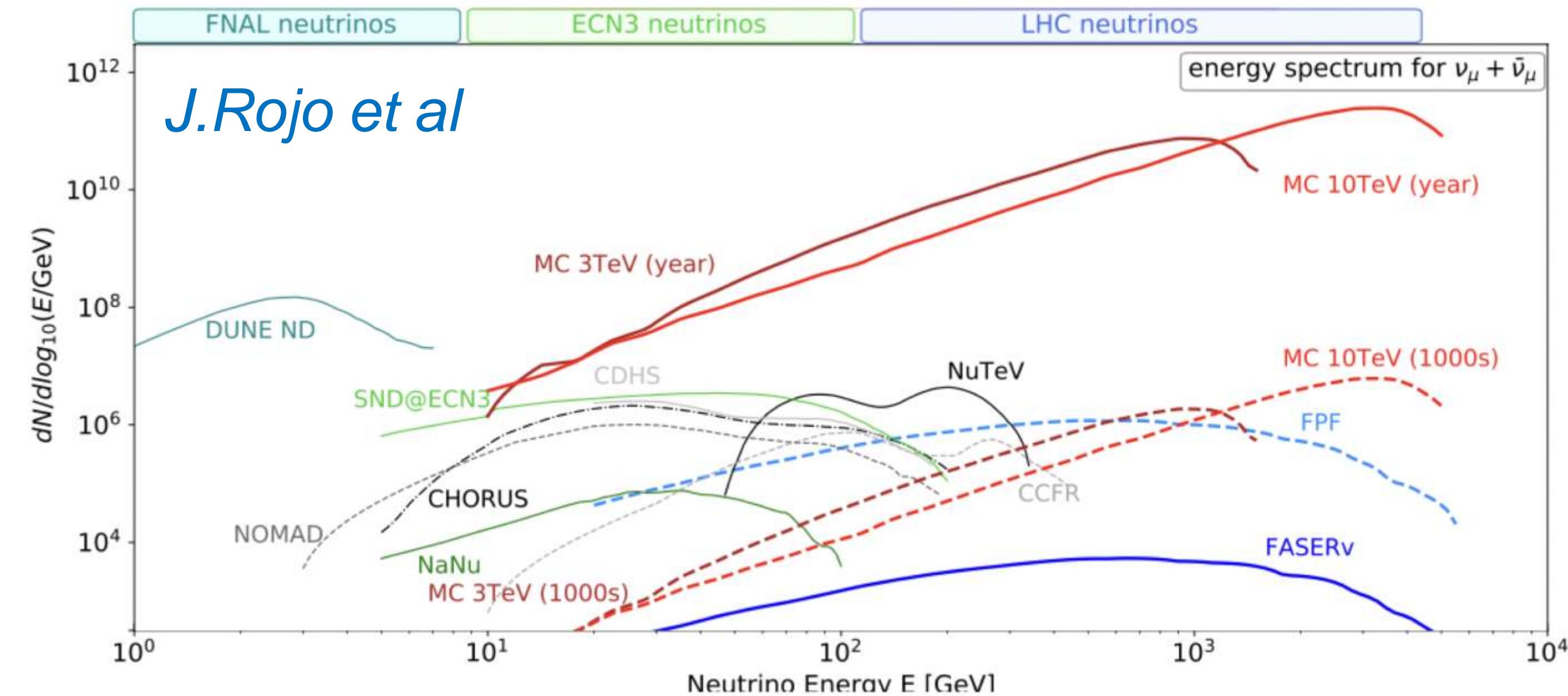


## Neutrinos at muon collider

- <https://inspirehep.net/literature/2808571>

## Faser-like at FCC-hh

- <https://inspirehep.net/literature/2824738>



# PLANS FOR A MUON COLLIDER DEMONSTRATOR

At CERN site?

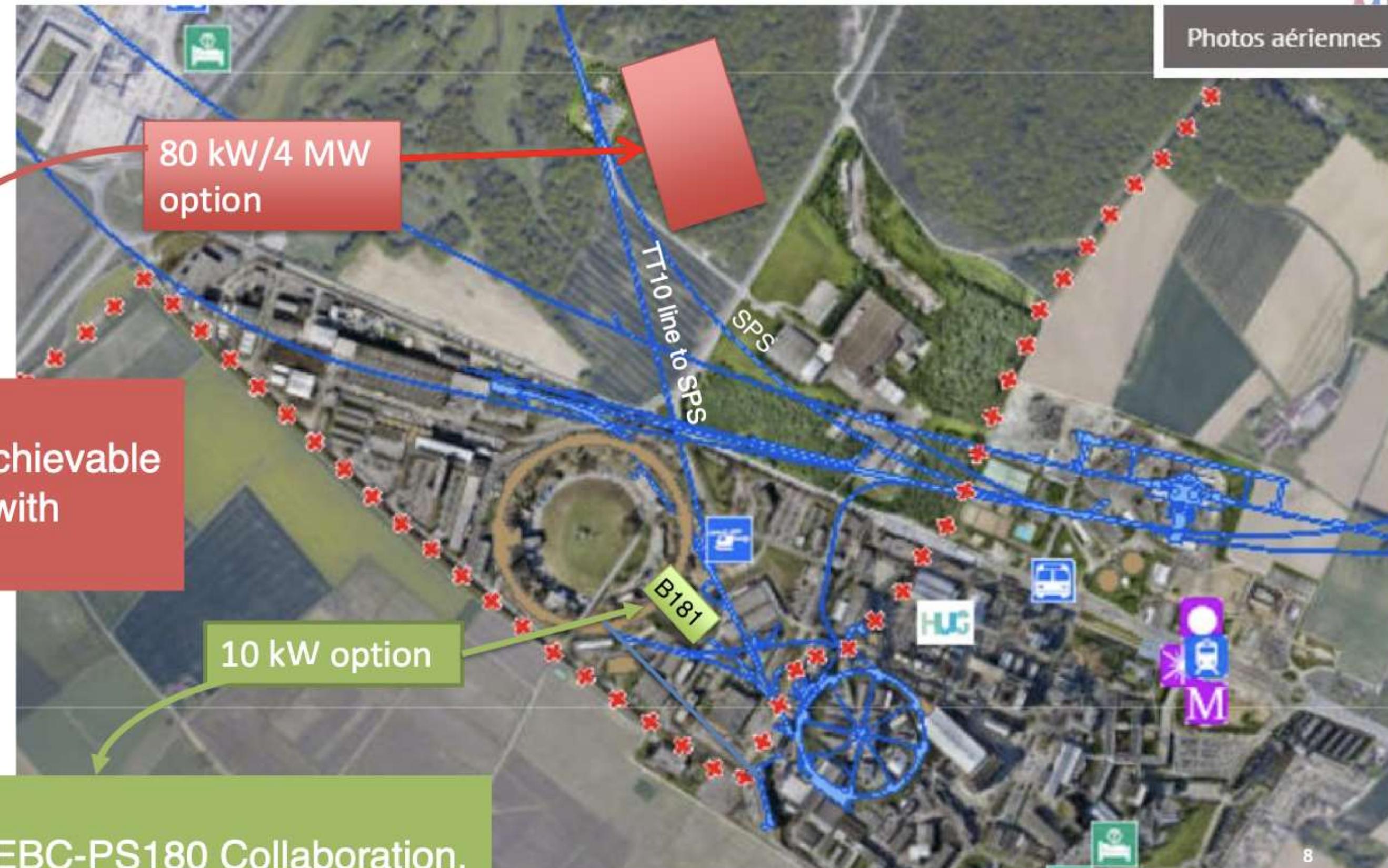
Both use maximum intensity per pulse  $\sim 10^{13}$  ppp (or more) in pulses of few ns at 20+ GeV.

Different repetition rate:

- 1 pulse/few second
- 1÷2 pulse/per minute

High power  
O(80kW) on target easily achievable  
No showstopper for 4 MW with beam at a depth of 40 m

D.Lucchesi, for the IMCC – 17 Oct 2023 at CERN



Low power:  
Reuse line of BEBC-PS180 Collaboration,  
decommissioned, extending it towards  
B181 (now magnet factory)

# NIKHEF STATUS TOWARDS FUTURE COLLIDERS

## ESUPP

- CERN Council
  - NL representation
- European strategy update
  - Voice your opinion!

## At Nikhef

- Future collider activities
  - Clara, Patrick, Wouter
- Colloquia, topical lectures, etc

## Future collider research

- ILC, C3, FCC, MuCol
  - Case-by-case basis

## Actual science

- No clear structure (yet)
  - Research suggestions on next pages

# WHY YOU SHOULD GET INVOLVED

It's exciting & interesting

- I hope ;-)

It's important

- For CERN
- For the field
- For your next job
- Postdoc / staff

The screenshot shows a job listing on the iNSPIRE HEP website. The title is "Postdoctoral position Lyon (France) - CMS/FCC". It specifies the location as "IP2I, Lyon - Europe" and the experiment as "hep-ex PostDoc • Experiments: CERN-LHC-CMS, CERN-FCC". The deadline is listed as "Deadline on Aug 31, 2024". The job description is titled "Job description: (Postdoc - 24 months)". It details the candidate's role within the CMS group at IP2I, Lyon, working on Higgs self-coupling analysis and future tracker simulations for the FCC project. It also mentions involvement in tracking studies for the FCC project at CERN. The postdoctoral fellow will be involved in R&D development in electronics and detector integration, validation of digitization software, and tracking-detector performance studies.

# SOME IDEAS

## Higgs physics

- $H \rightarrow cc$ ,  $H \rightarrow ss$ ,  $H \rightarrow gg$ 
  - c-/s-/g-tagging
- $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$
- $ee \rightarrow H$
- $HH$  and  $HHH$ 
  - Boosted tagging

## Other physics

- EWK, ttbar?
- B-physics at  $Z \rightarrow bb$ ?

My advice: do something

- New / exciting
- Low-hanging fruit
- Exploit ongoing activities

NB: The ‘right’ choice also depends on  
the stage of the project

# SOME IDEAS

## Higgs physics

- $H \rightarrow cc$ ,  $H \rightarrow ss$ ,  $H \rightarrow gg$ 
  - c-/s-/g-tagging
- $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$
- $ee \rightarrow H$
- $HH$  and  $HHH$

## Other physics

- EWK, ttbar?
- B-physics at  $Z \rightarrow bb$ ?

## Theory/combinations

- Higgs self-coupling
- SMEFT, NLO, jets
- BSM, Dark Matter

## Technology

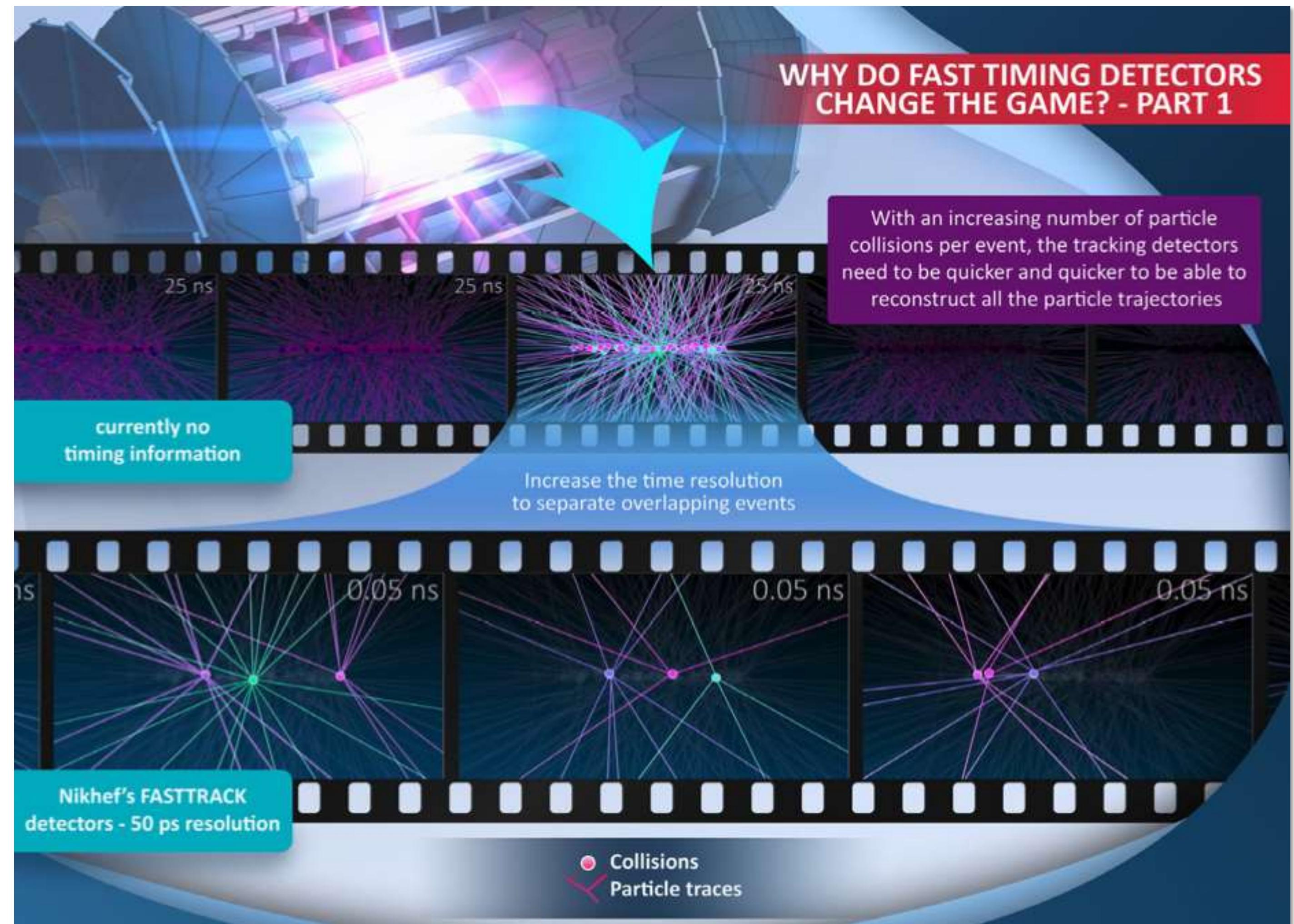
- Detector R&D – e.g. timing
- Reconstruction – e.g. calorimetry
- Accelerators, sustainability
- AOB, e.g. alignment

# DETECTOR R&D

## Nikhef: emphasis on “timing”

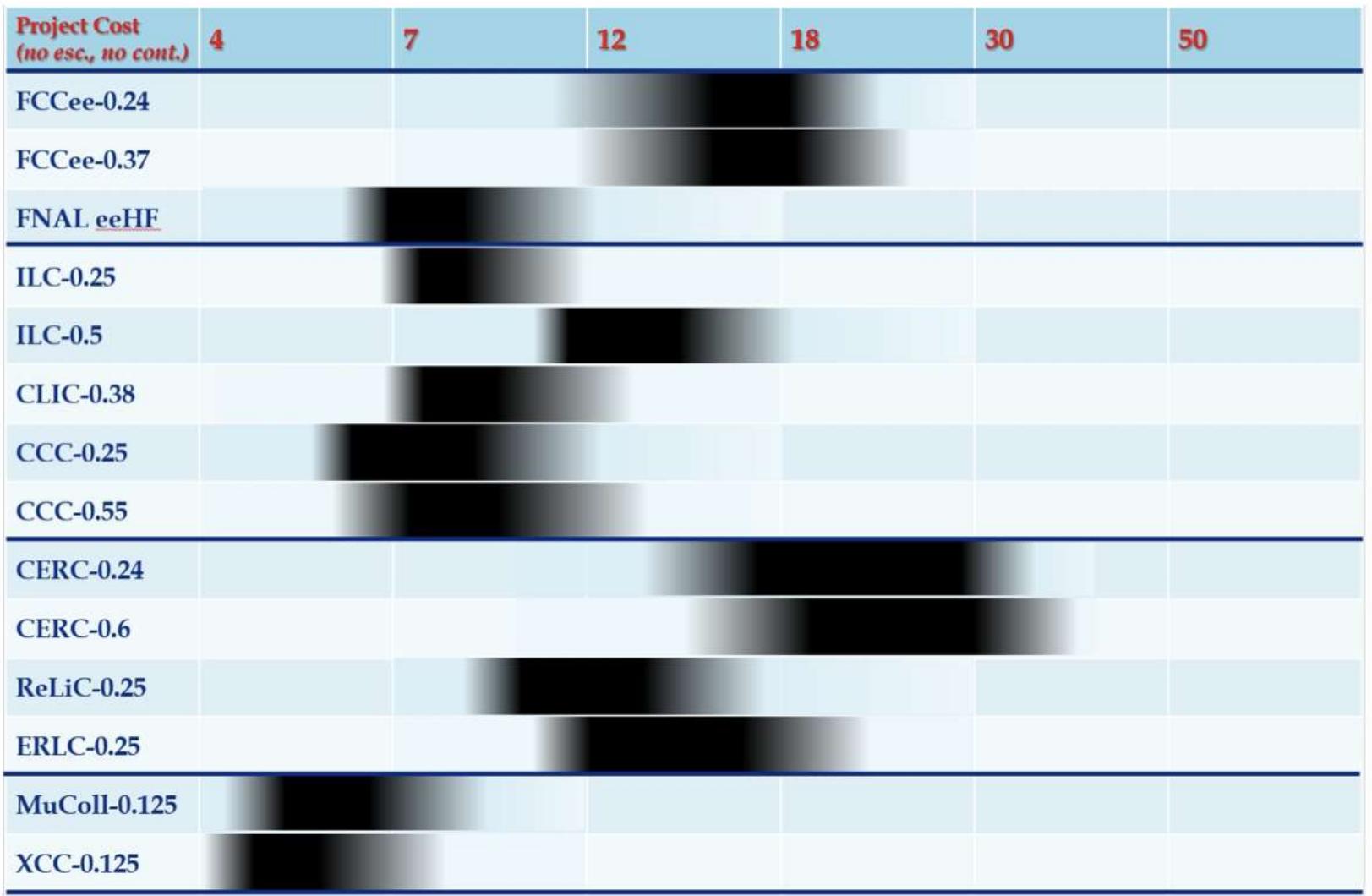
- In view of HL-LHC
  - Upgrades for Run-4+
- Also very relevant for future colliders
  - Out-of-time pileup
  - Beam-induced backgrounds

*Nikhef grant proposal for HL-LHC detector upgrades*

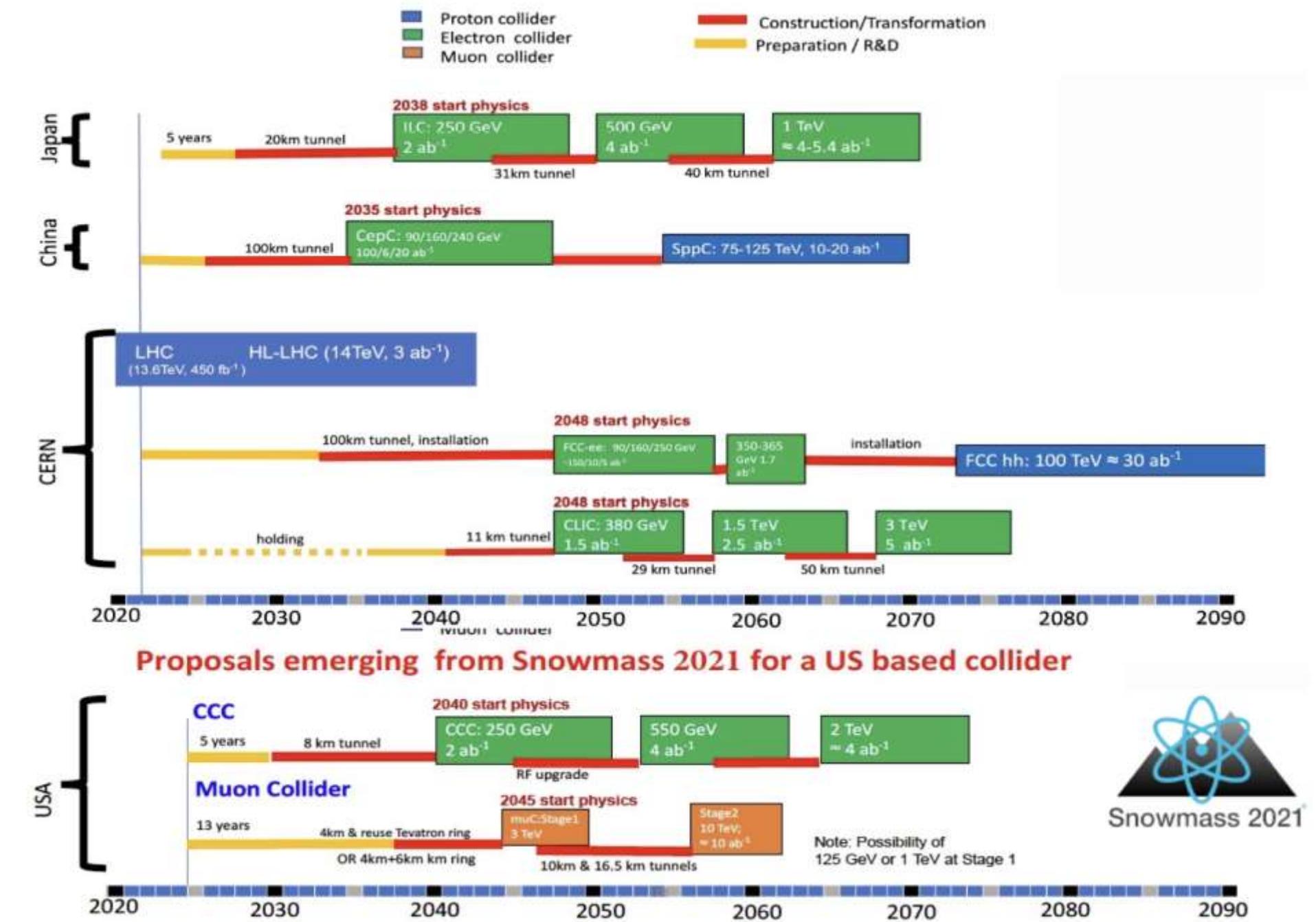


# IT'S MORE THAN JUST PHYSICS!

Physics  
+Society  
+Money  
+Time  
+R&D  
+...



**Figure 8.** The ITF cost model for the EW/Higgs factory proposals. Horizontal scale is approximately logarithmic for the project total cost in 2021 B\$ without contingency and escalation. Black horizontal bars with smeared ends indicate the cost estimate range for each machine.



# MY RECOMMENDATION TO YOU

It might be challenging to work on future colliders,  
since you already have to:

- Do your LHC analysis
- Work on reconstruction/software
- Detector upgrade & operation
- Maybe some HL-LHC projection
- And also some theory interpretation
  - Plus all the schools, courses, etc...

And then future colliders is at the end of the list...

- But I think you should try!



**SCIENCE NEEDS YOU**

# JOIN THE ADVENTURE TOWARDS THE NEXT ESUPP!



NPO2 with Diederik Jekel, 13 April 2022

Amsterdam



4 July 2012

CERN



CERN



Sydney

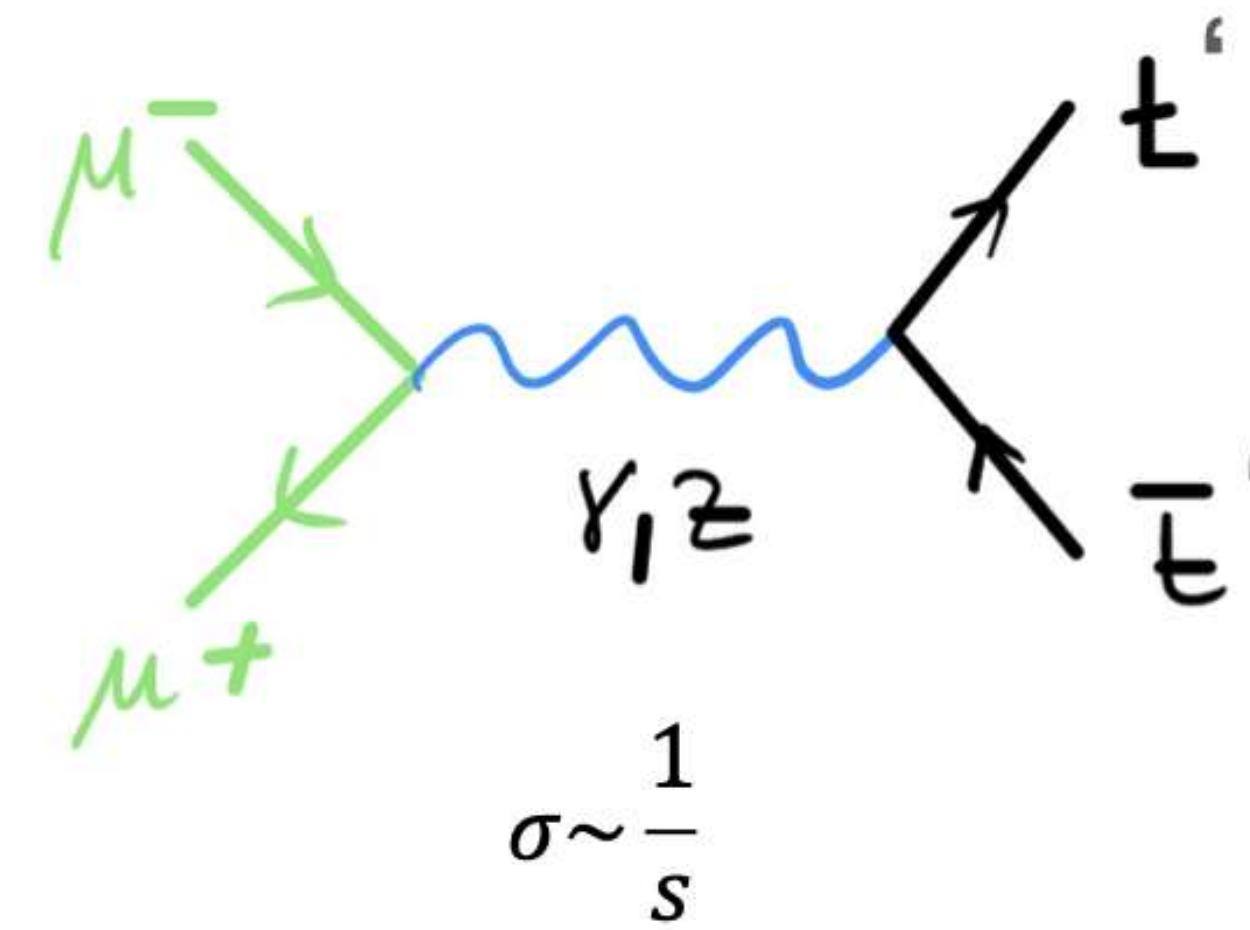


Amsterdam



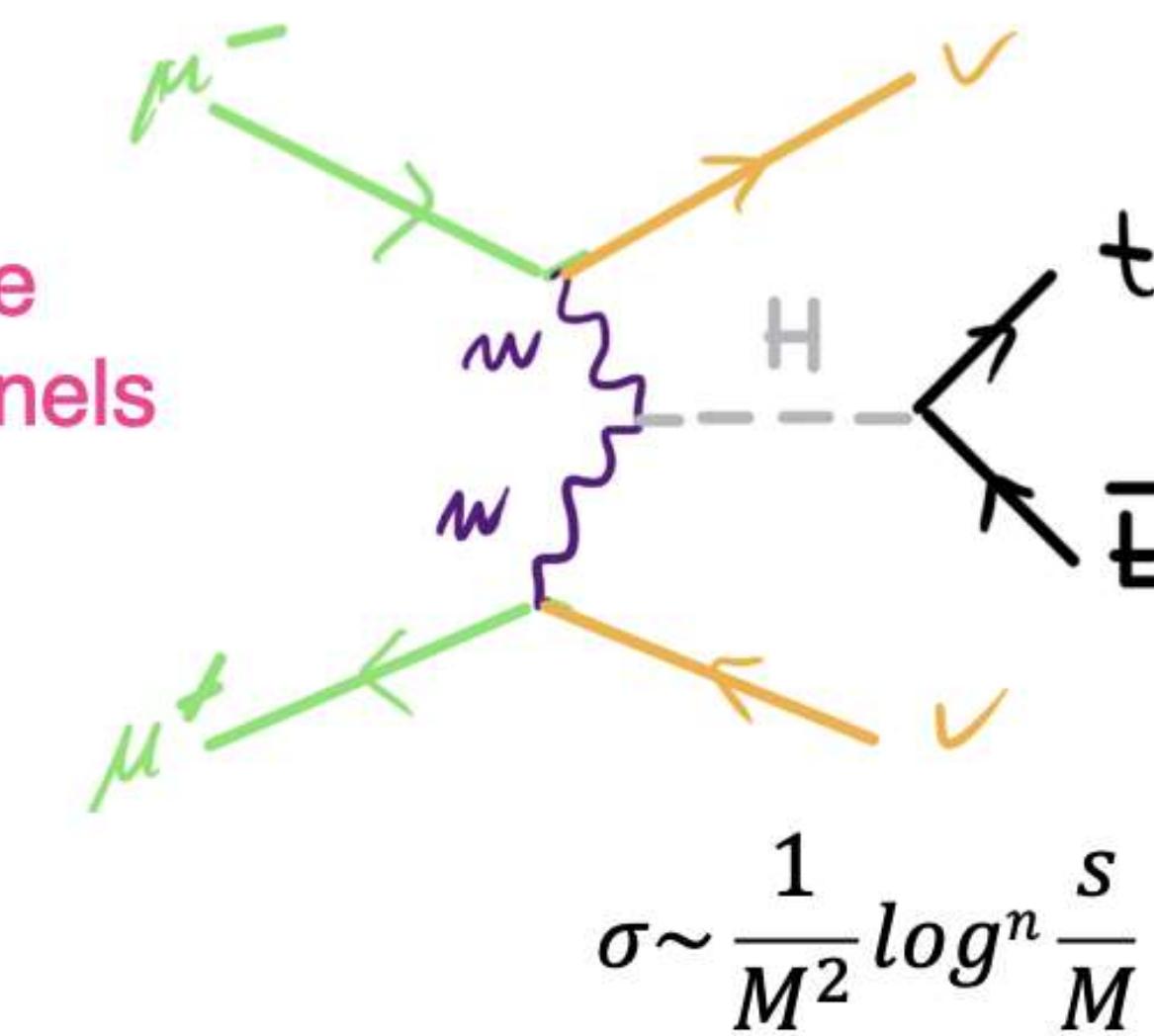
# MUCOL PHYSICS

## Multi-TeV collider: Higgs precision and Searches



Energetic final states  
(heavy particle or very boosted)

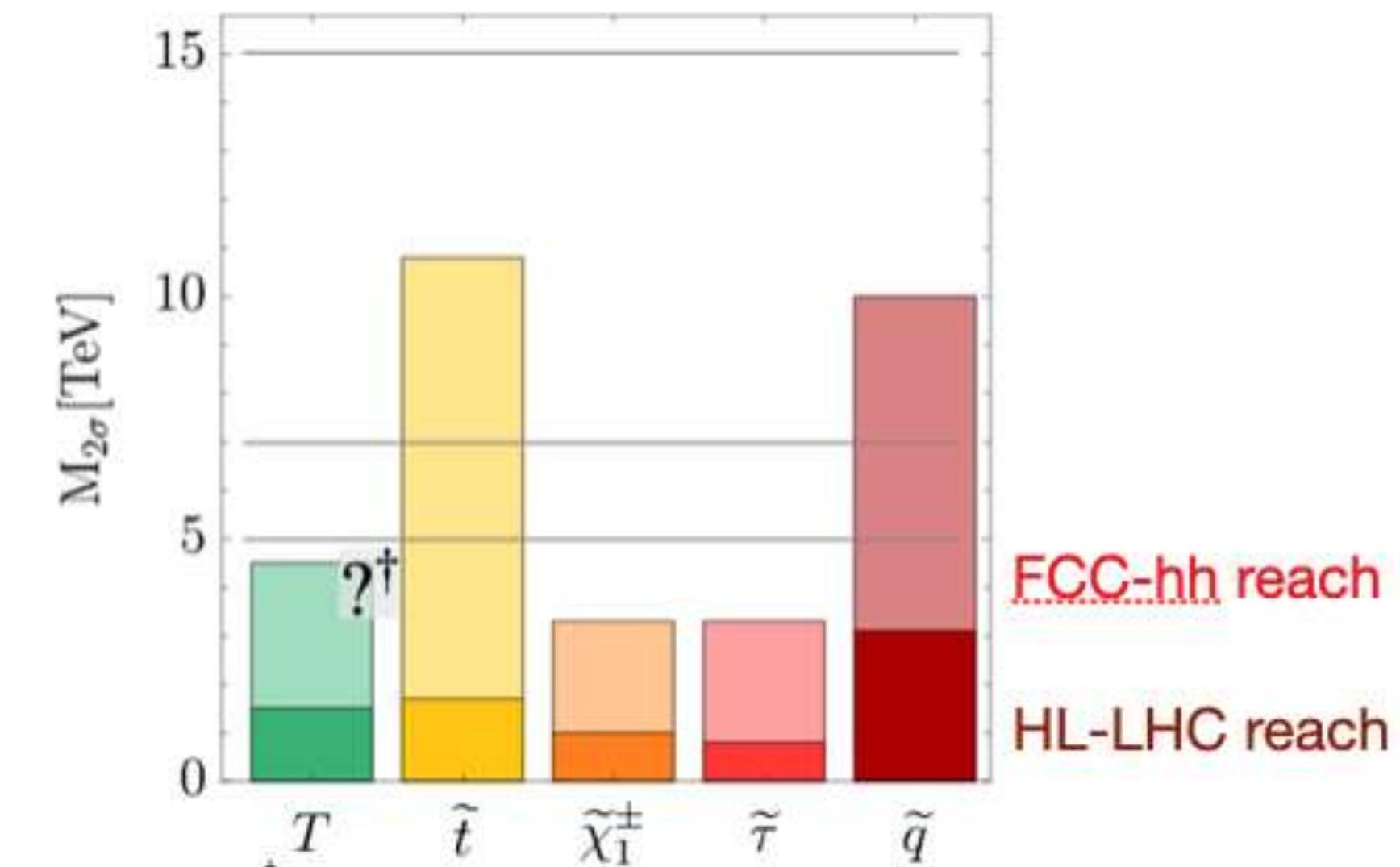
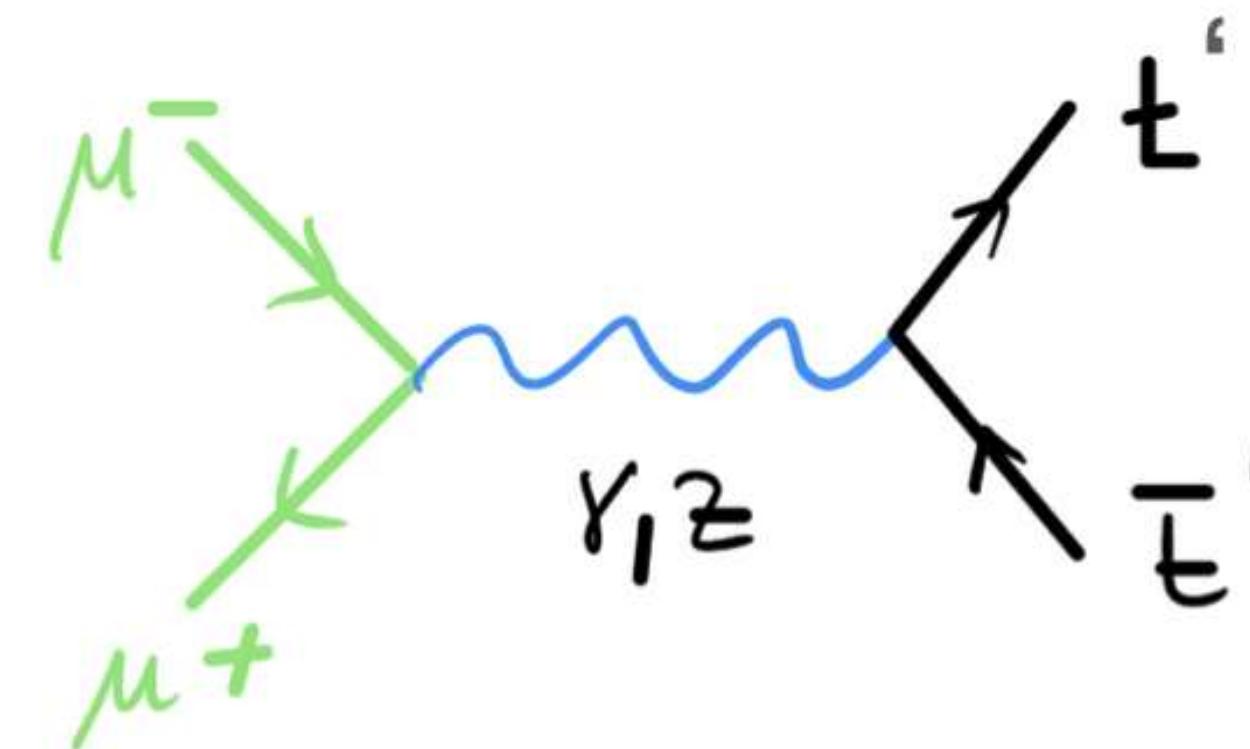
Different physics can be  
probed in the two channels



Standard Model coupling measurements  
Discovery light and weakly interacting particles

# MUCOL PHYSICS

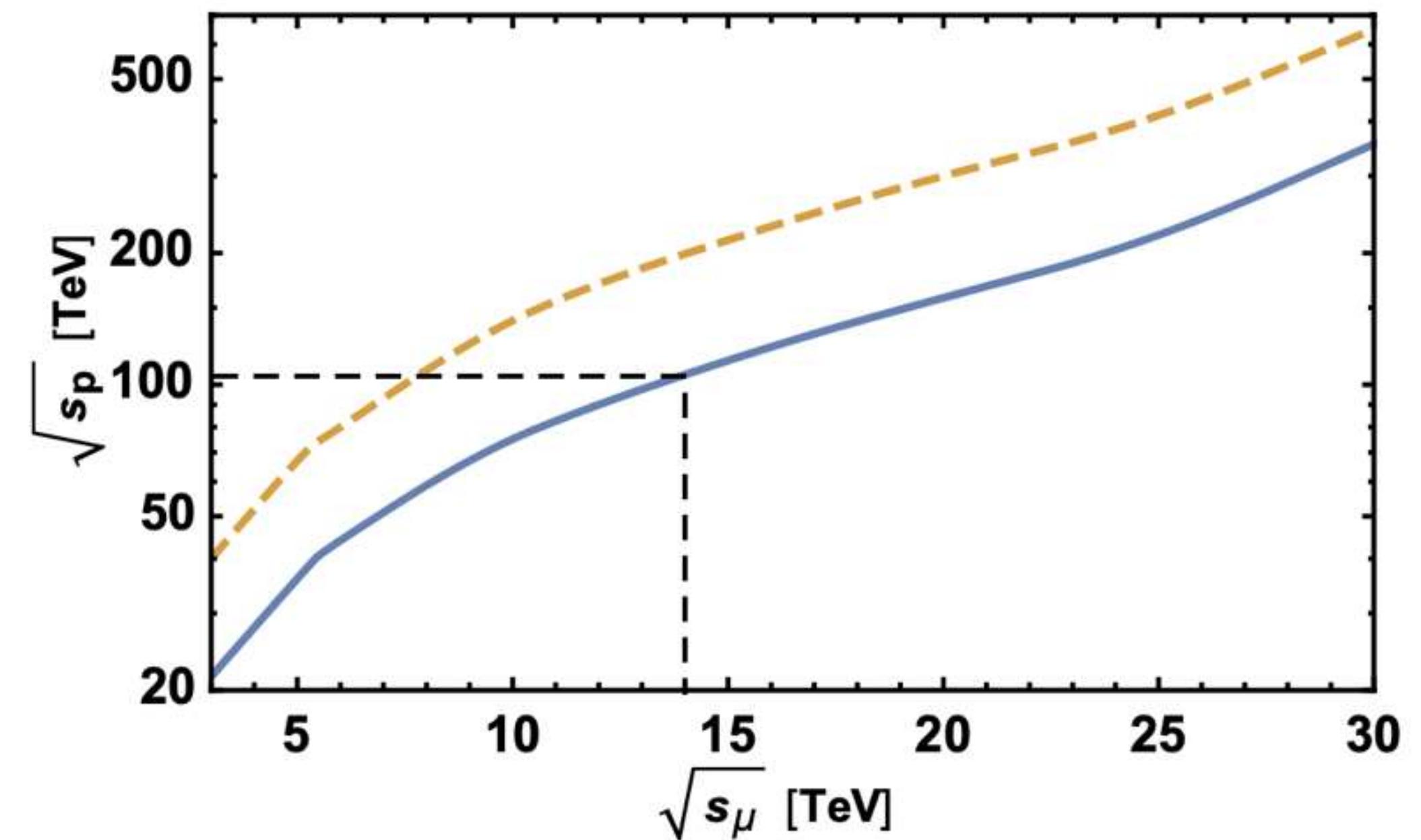
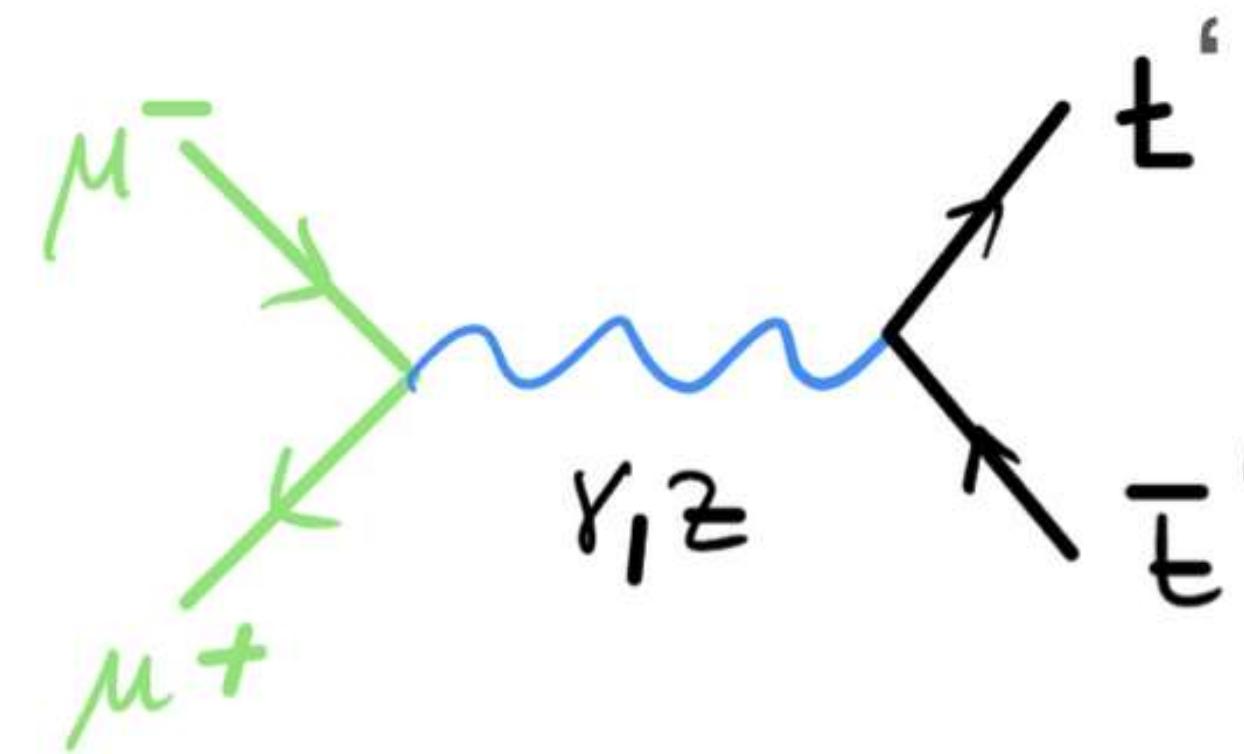
## Multi-TeV collider: Higgs precision and Searches



BSM direct reach in similar ballpark as FCC-hh!

# MUCOL PHYSICS

## Multi-TeV collider: Higgs precision and Searches

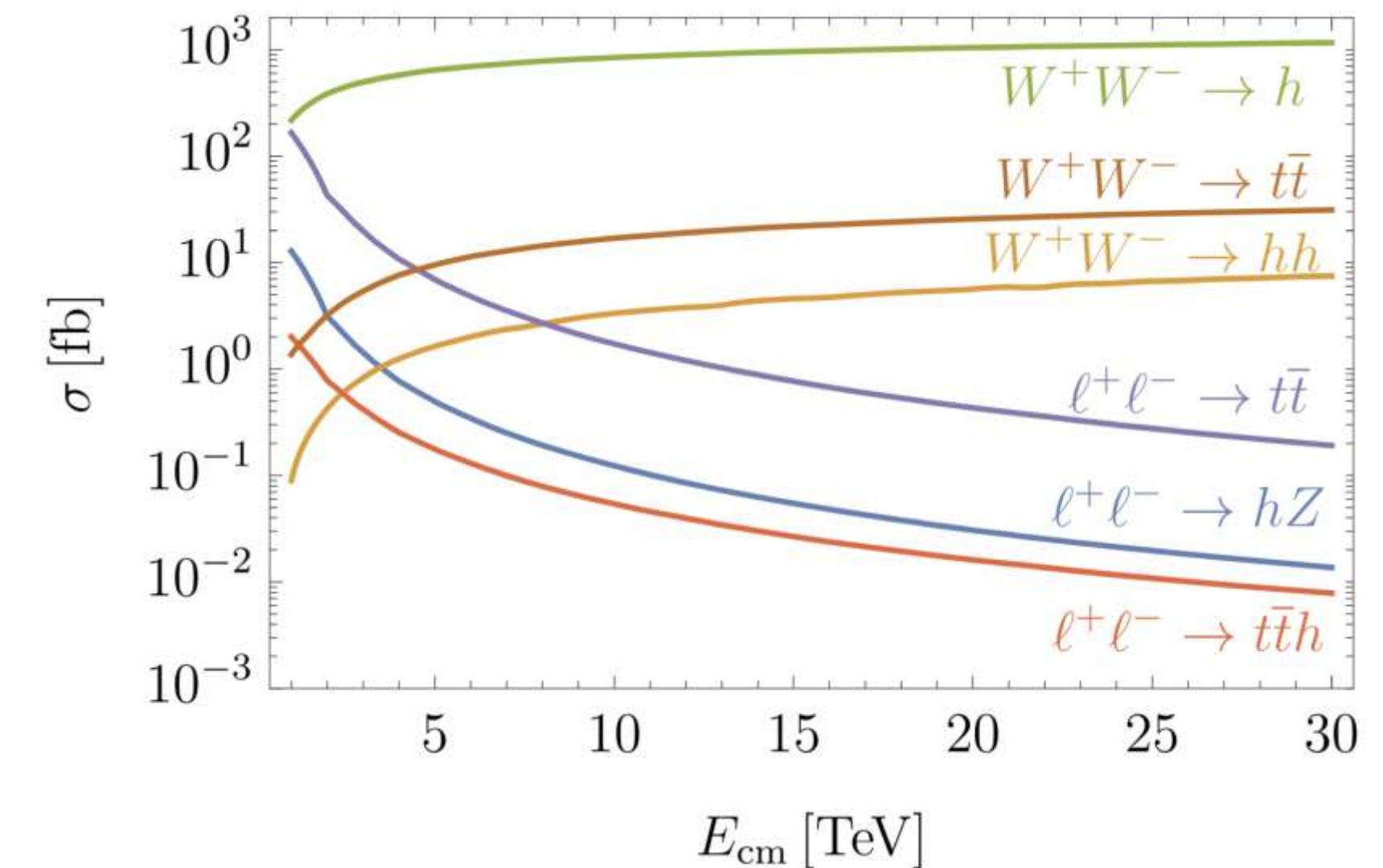
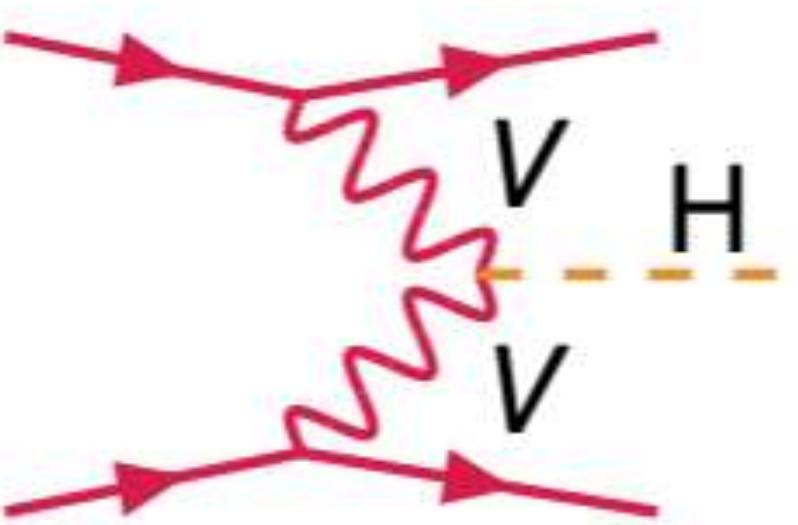


BSM direct reach in similar ballpark as FCC-hh!

# MUCOL PHYSICS: HIGGS

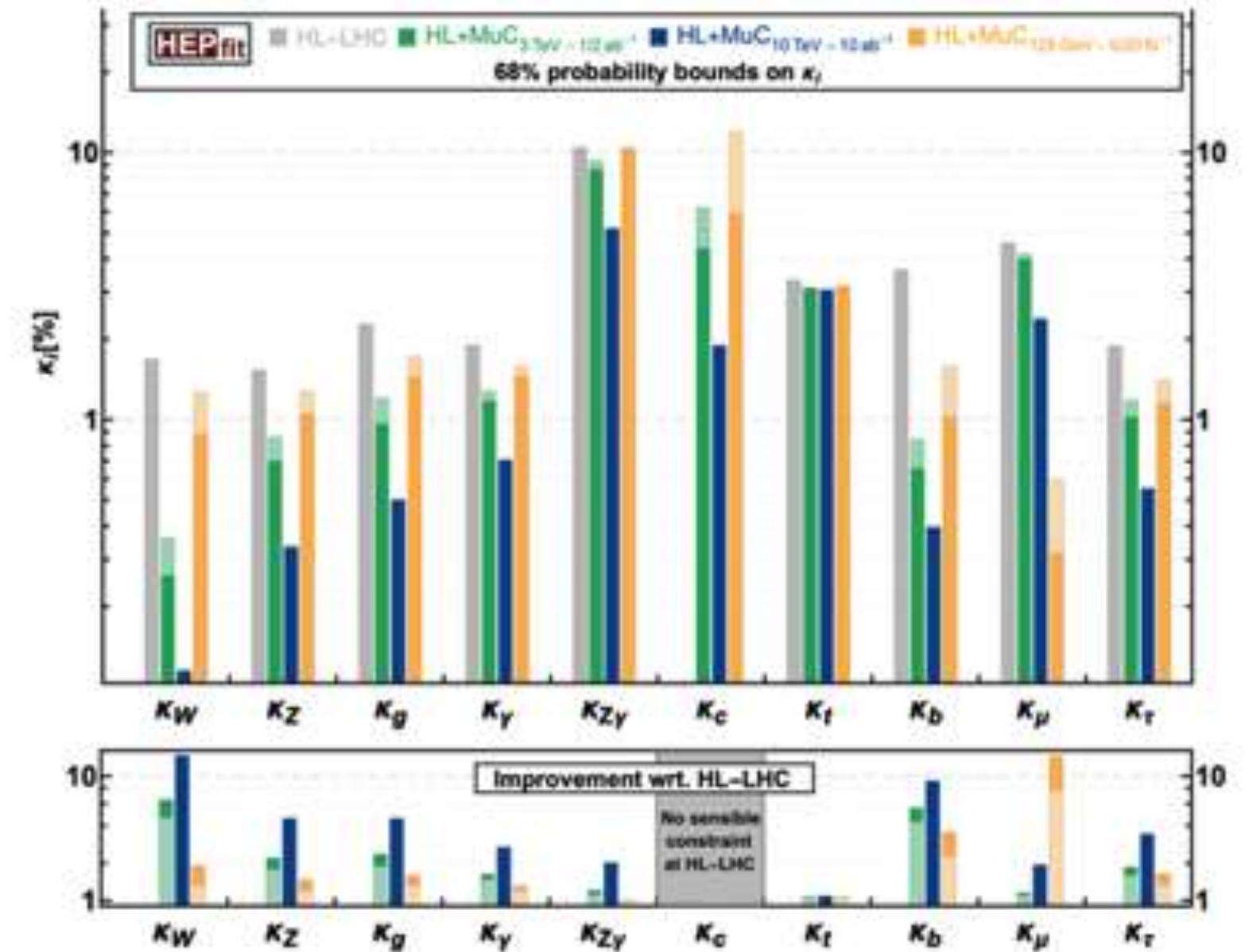
VBF-H production increases with energy

- 10/ab @ 10 TeV
- 10,000,000 single-H



Sizable sensitivity improvement

- $K_W, K_Z, K_g, K_c, K_b, K_\mu, K_T, \dots$
- Comparable to (other) Higgs factories!



# HH @ MUCOL

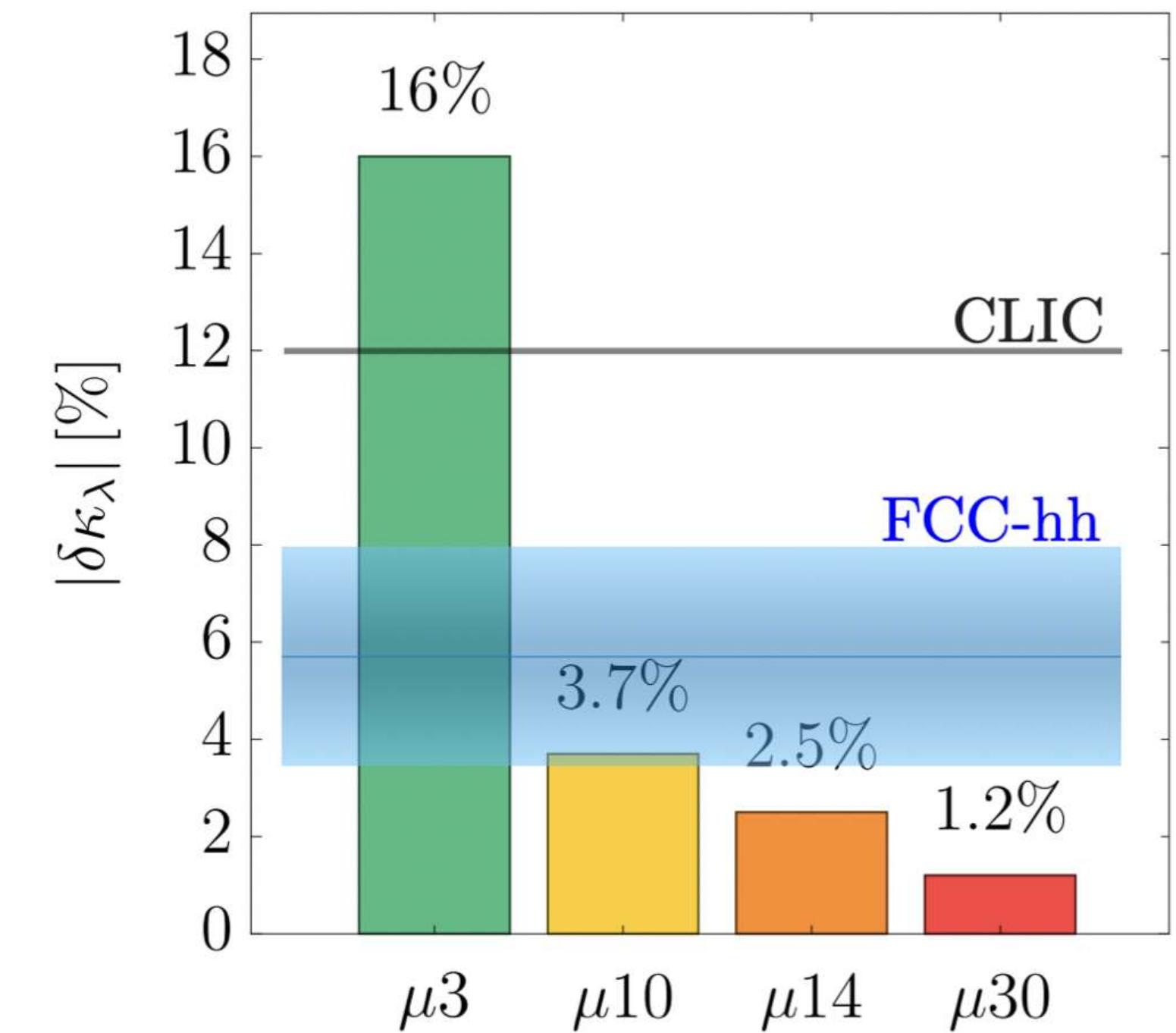
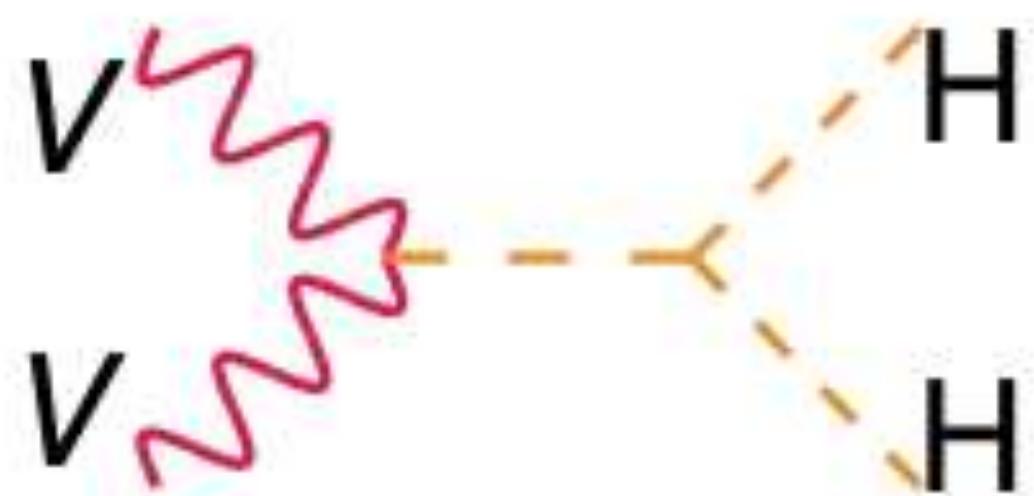
## Self-coupling from HH

- 10/ab @ 10TeV
- 30,000 VBF-HH

$$V = \frac{m_H^2}{2} H^2 + \frac{m_H^2}{2\nu} (1 + \delta\kappa_3) H^3 + \frac{m_H^2}{8\nu^2} (1 + \delta\kappa_4) H^4$$

## 10TeV MuCol

- <5% uncertainty on the self-coupling
- Similar to FCC-hh



# HH @ MUCOL

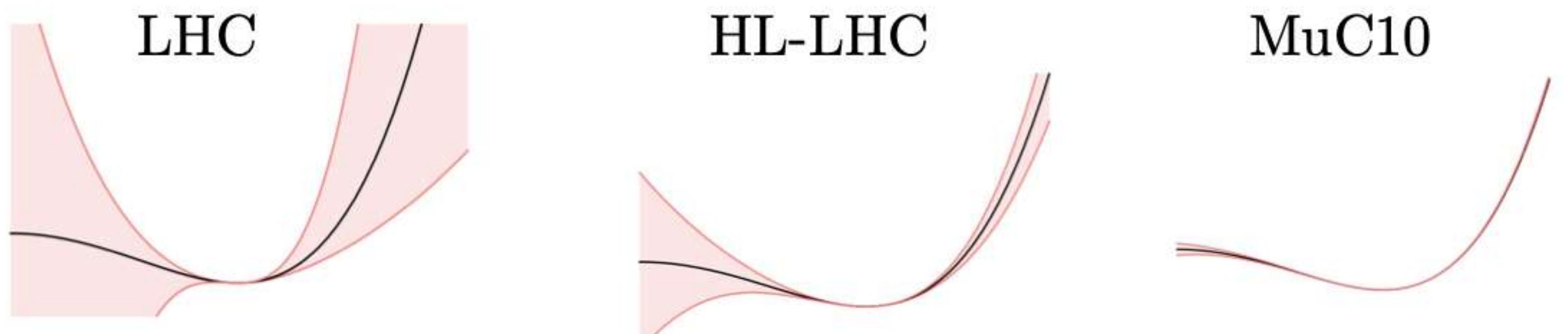
## Self-coupling from HH

- 10/ab @ 10TeV
- 30,000 VBF-HH

## 10TeV MuCol

- <5% uncertainty on the self-coupling
- Constrain shape of Higgs potential

$$V = \frac{m_H^2}{2} H^2 + \frac{m_H^2}{2v} (1 + \delta\kappa_3) H^3 + \frac{m_H^2}{8v^2} (1 + \delta\kappa_4) H^4$$



# HH(H) @ MUCOL

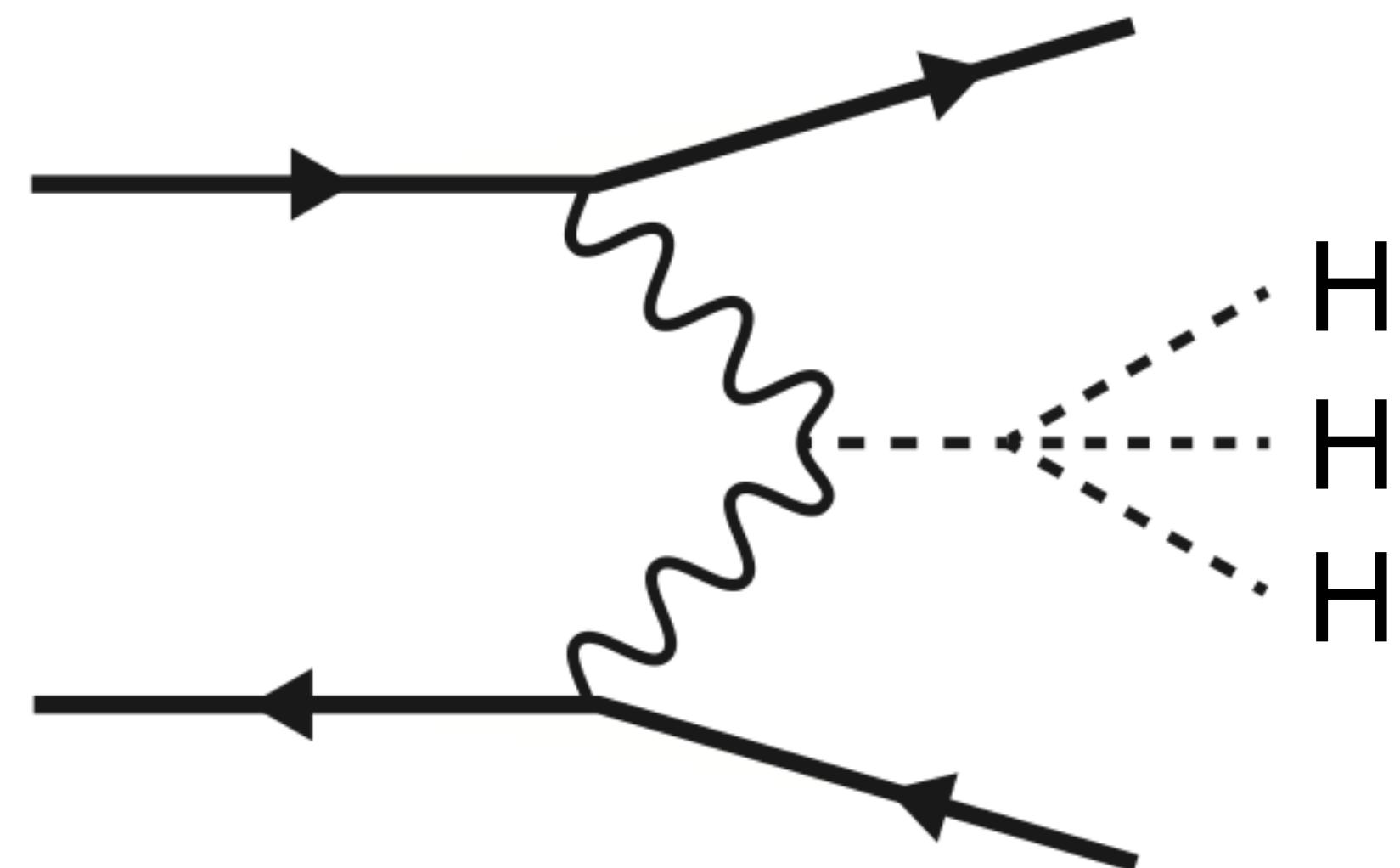
## Self-coupling from HH(H)

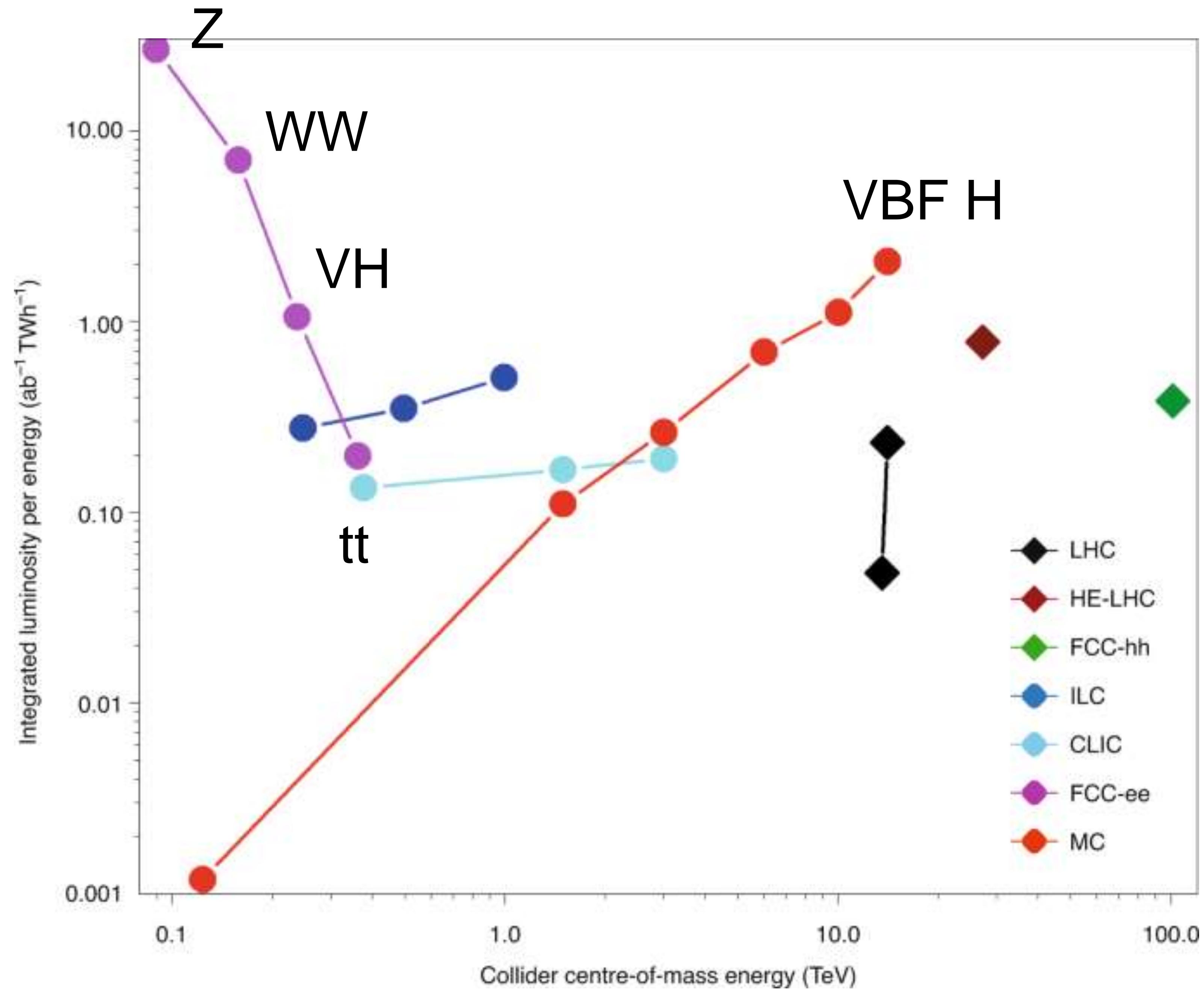
- 10/ab @ 10TeV

$$V = \frac{m_H^2}{2} H^2 + \frac{m_H^2}{2\nu} (1 + \delta\kappa_3) H^3 + \frac{m_H^2}{8\nu^2} (1 + \delta\kappa_4) H^4$$

## Constrain HH $\kappa_3$ self-coupling

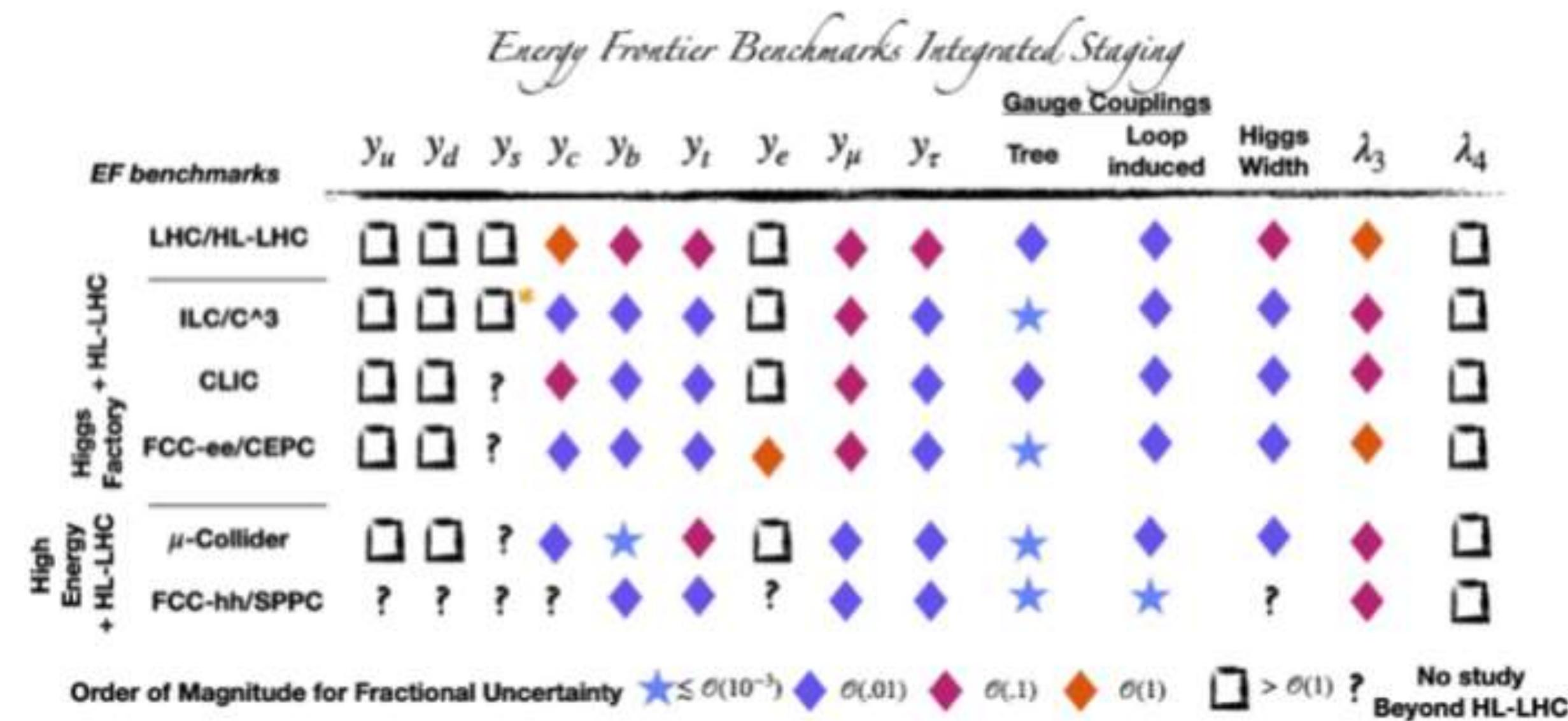
- Possibly even  $\kappa_4$
- Unique HHH production





# HIGGS PHYSICS SENSITIVITIES SUMMARY

Similar reach in Higgs physics for different future accelerators



→ The muon collider is a discovery machine and a precision machine!

# MUCOL PHYSICS SUMMARY

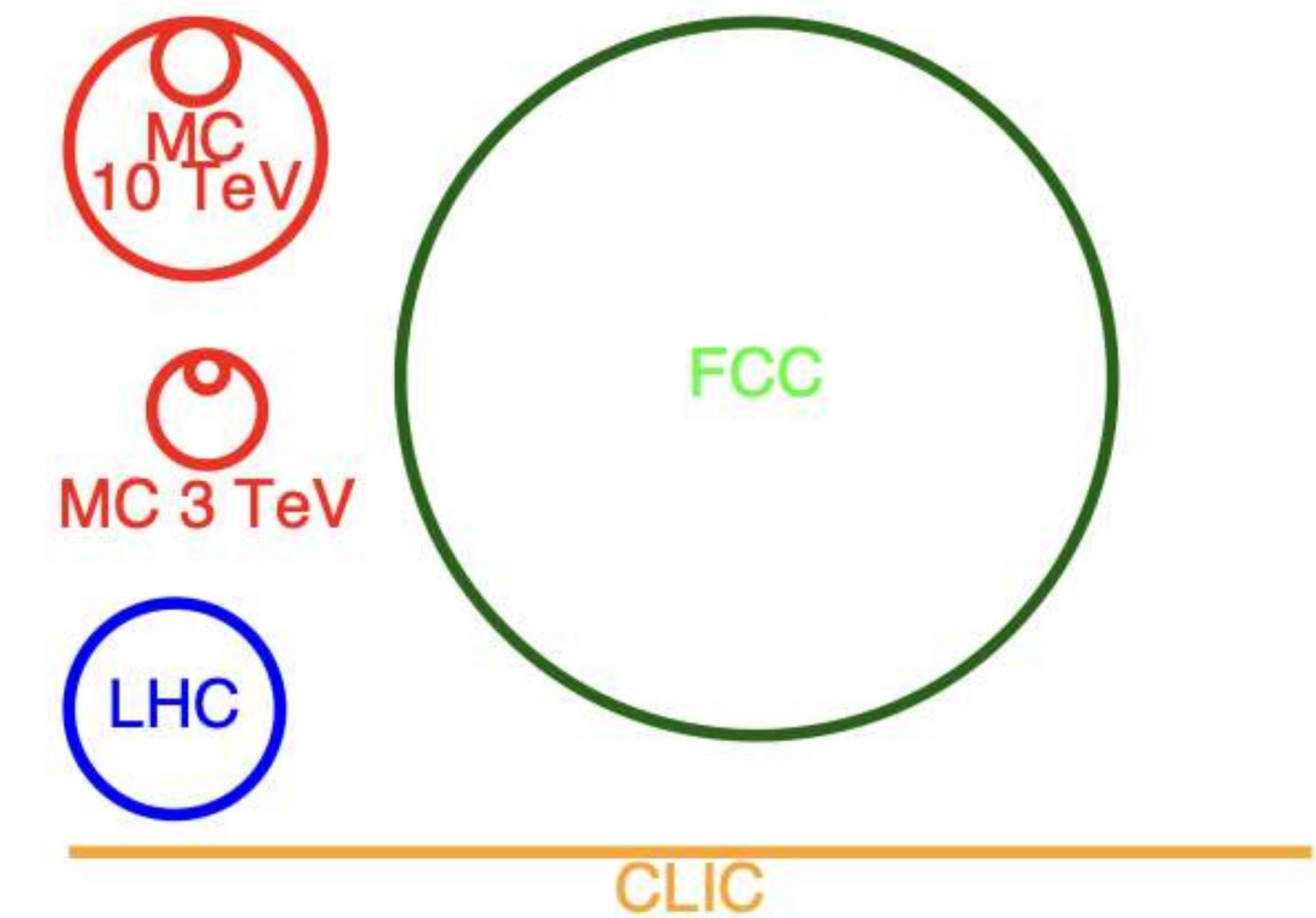
## Main physics programme

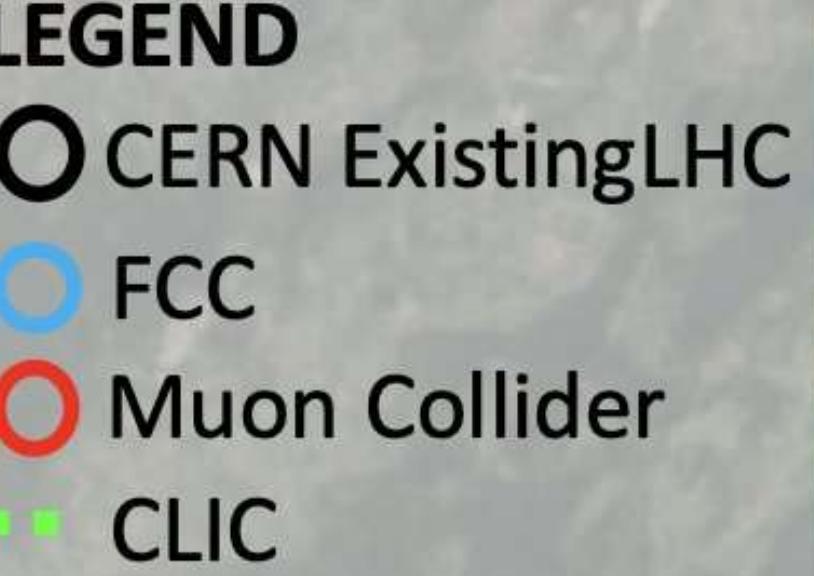
- Higgs precision
- Higgs self-coupling
- New energy scale

## Additional possibilities

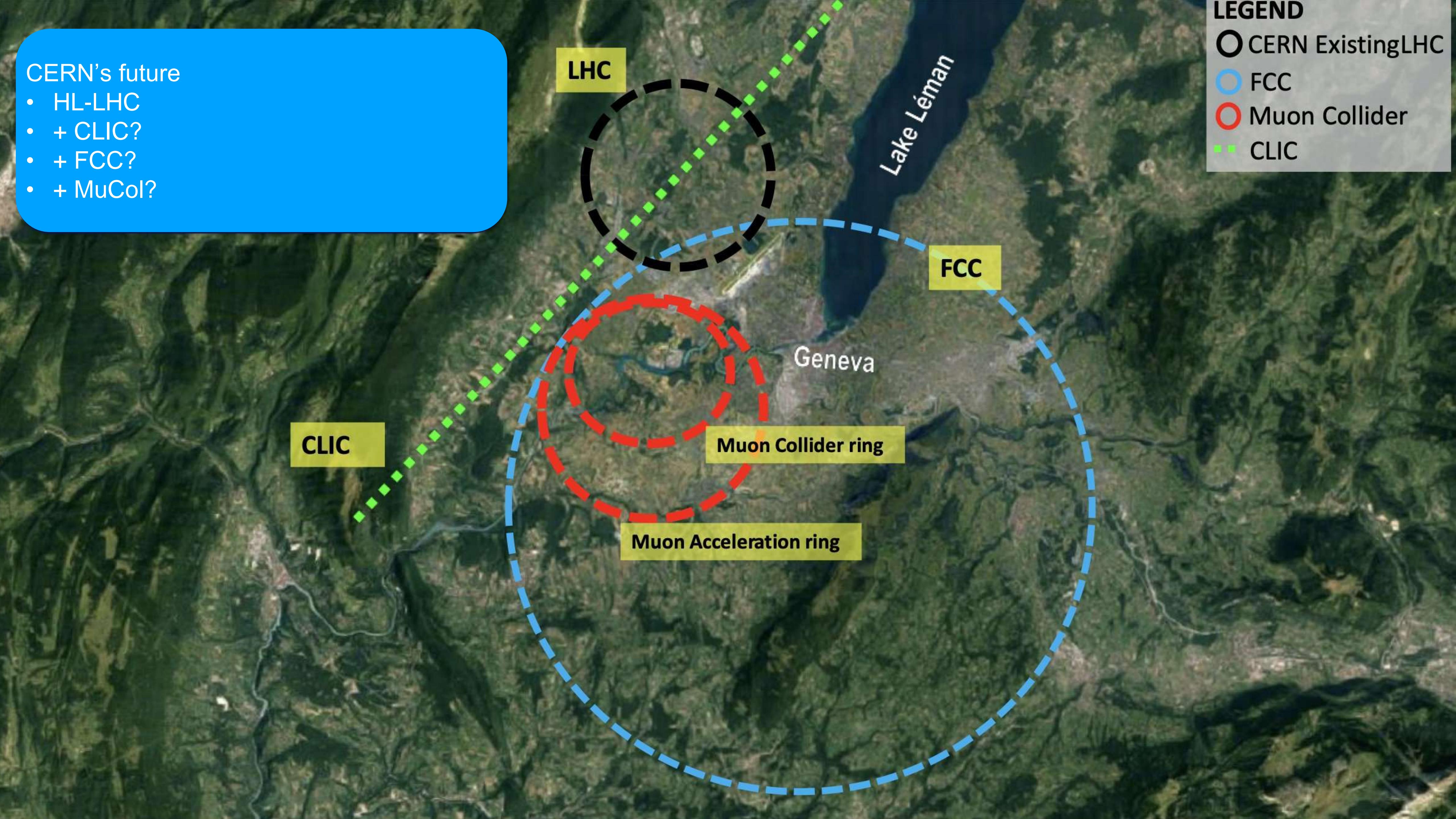
- Long-lived particles
- Neutrinos

And it's compact!





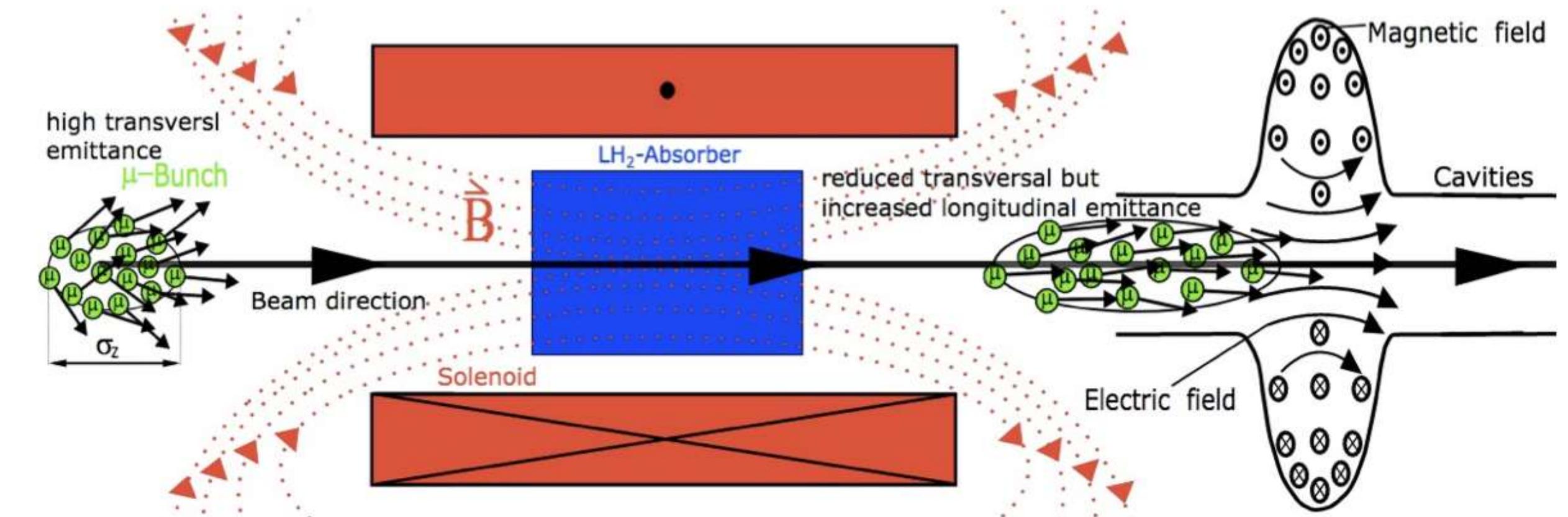
CERN's future  
• HL-LHC  
• + CLIC?  
• + FCC?  
• + MuCol?



# COOLING

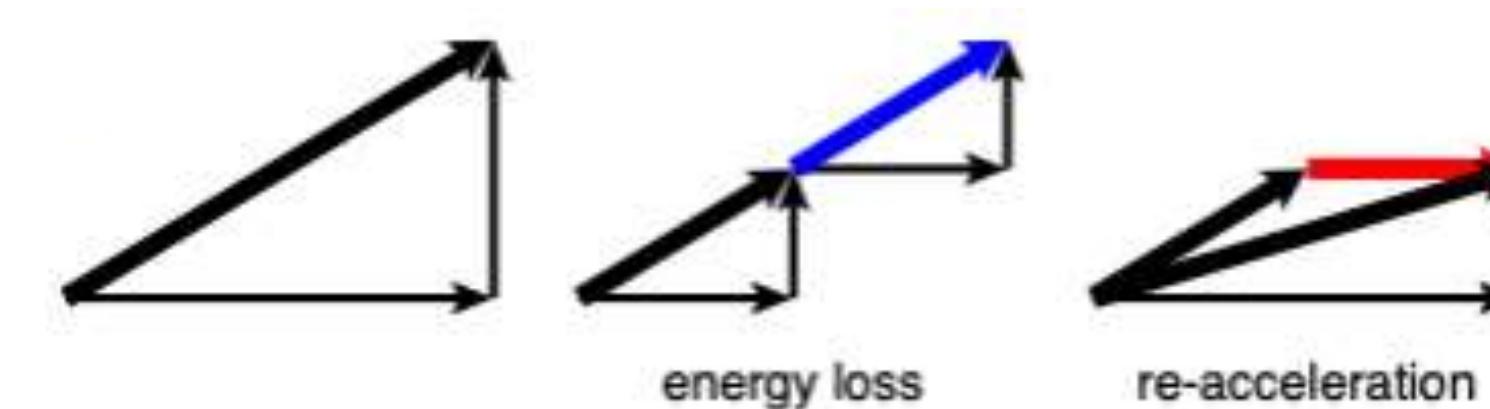
## Main challenge

- ‘6D’ ionization cooling



## Minimize energy loss:

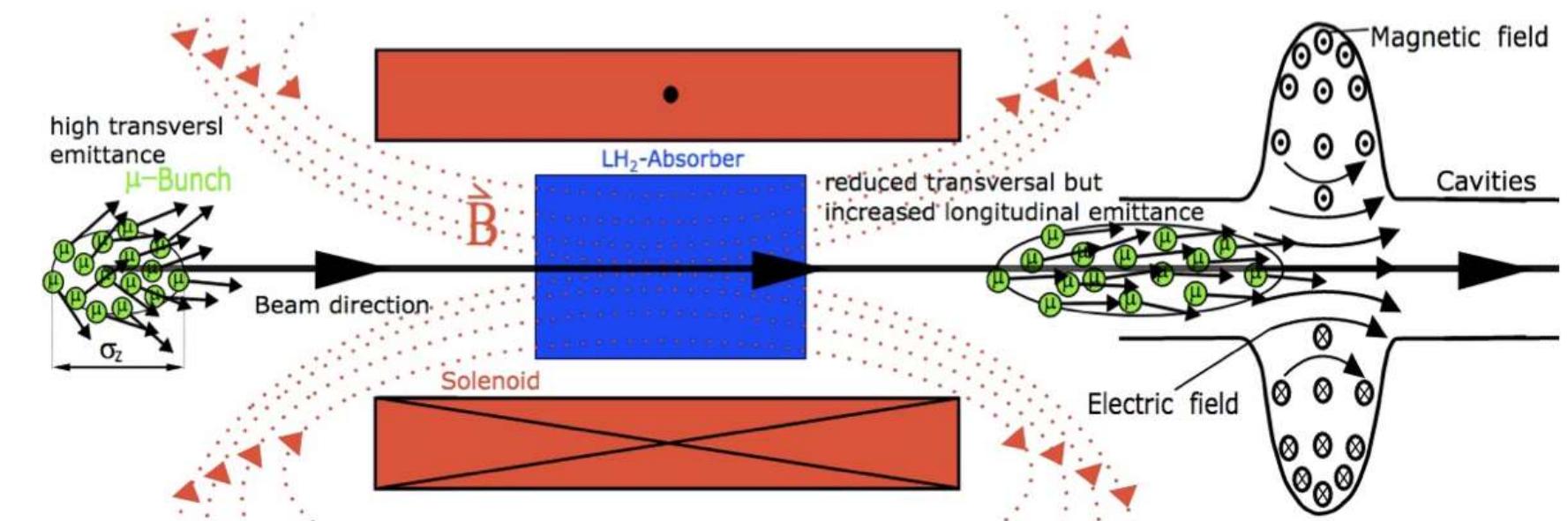
- Low-Z material → LH<sub>2</sub>
- In strong magnetic field



# COOLING

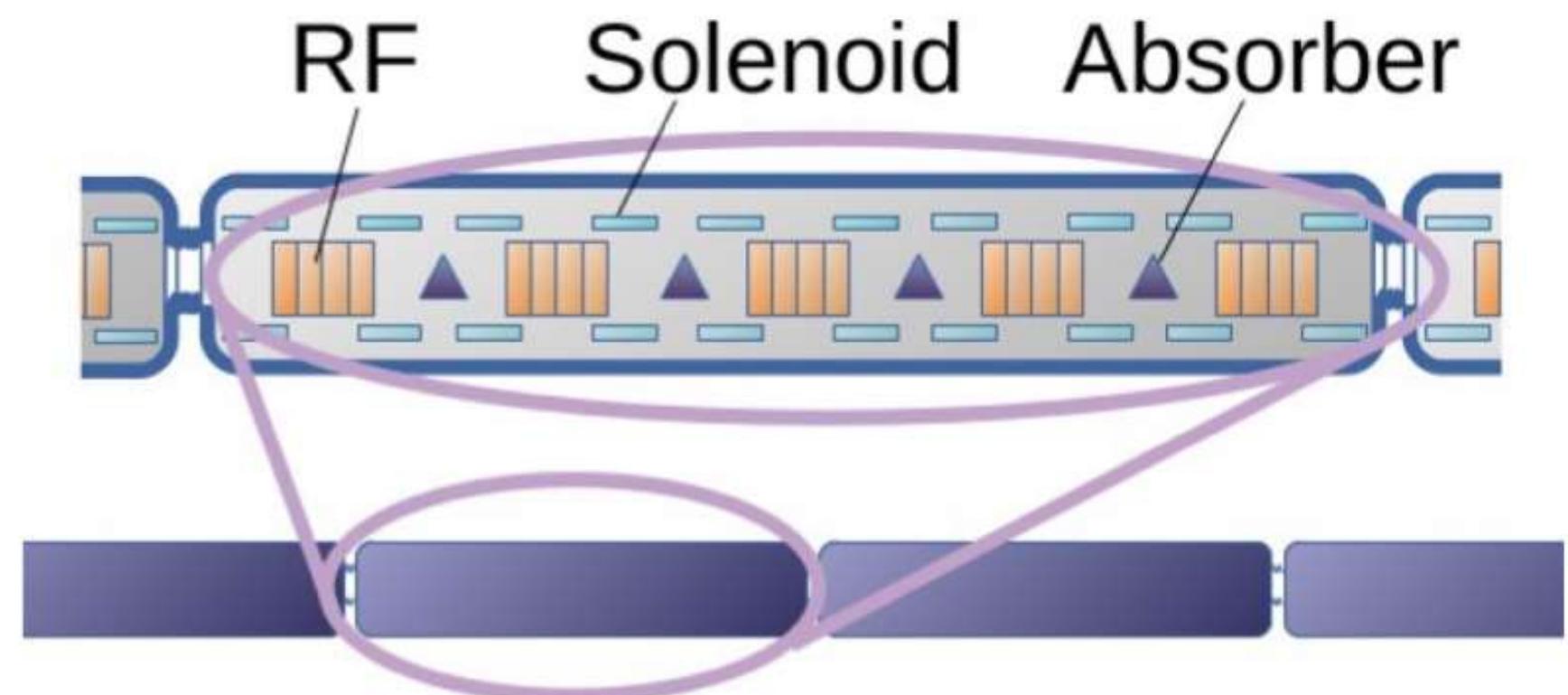
## Main goal of demonstrator

- Prove cooling
  - Absorber + magnet + RF



## Challenges

- Large bore solenoid
- High gradient RF
- Large intensity absorber
  - All together!



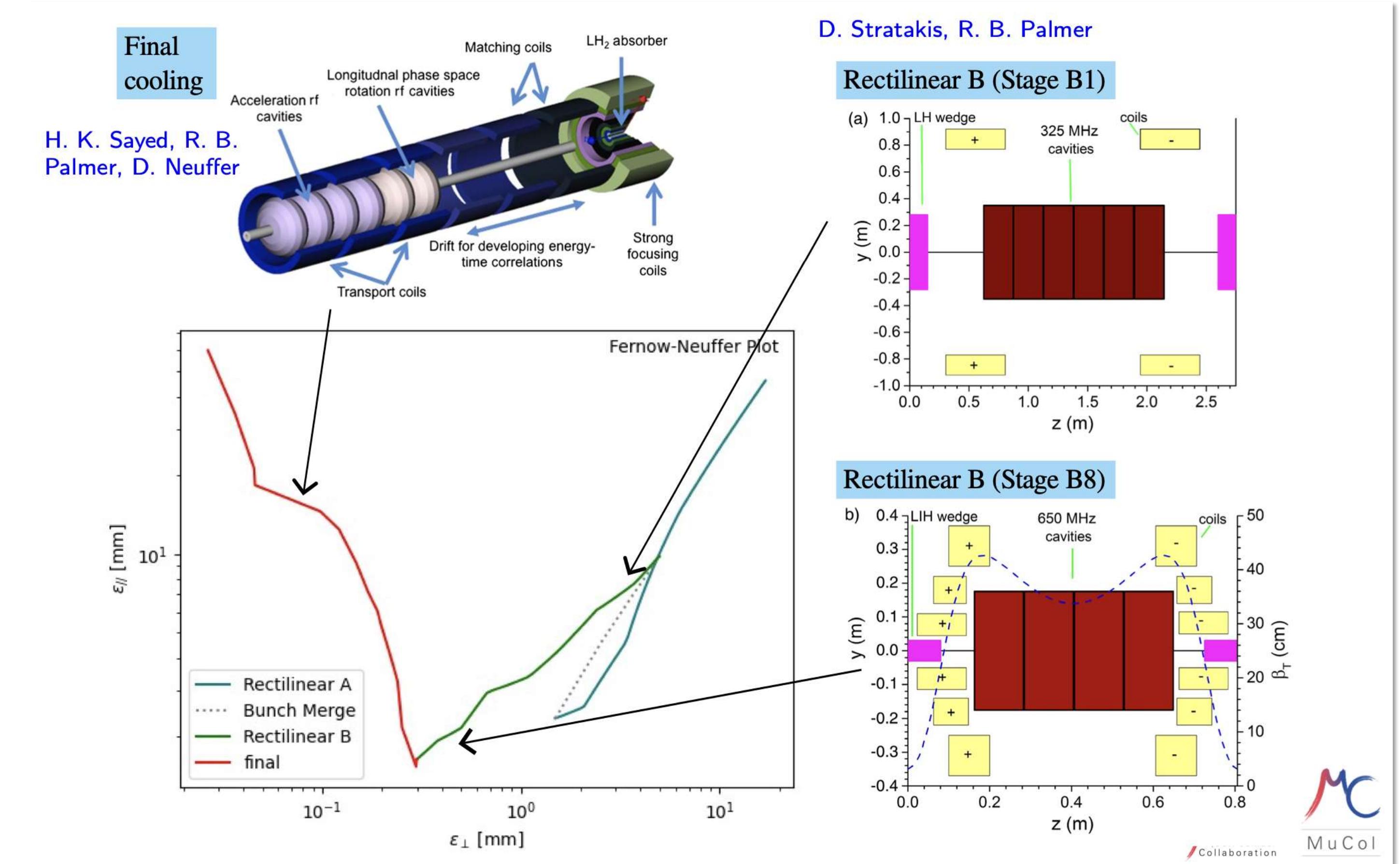
# COOLING

## Main goal of demonstrator

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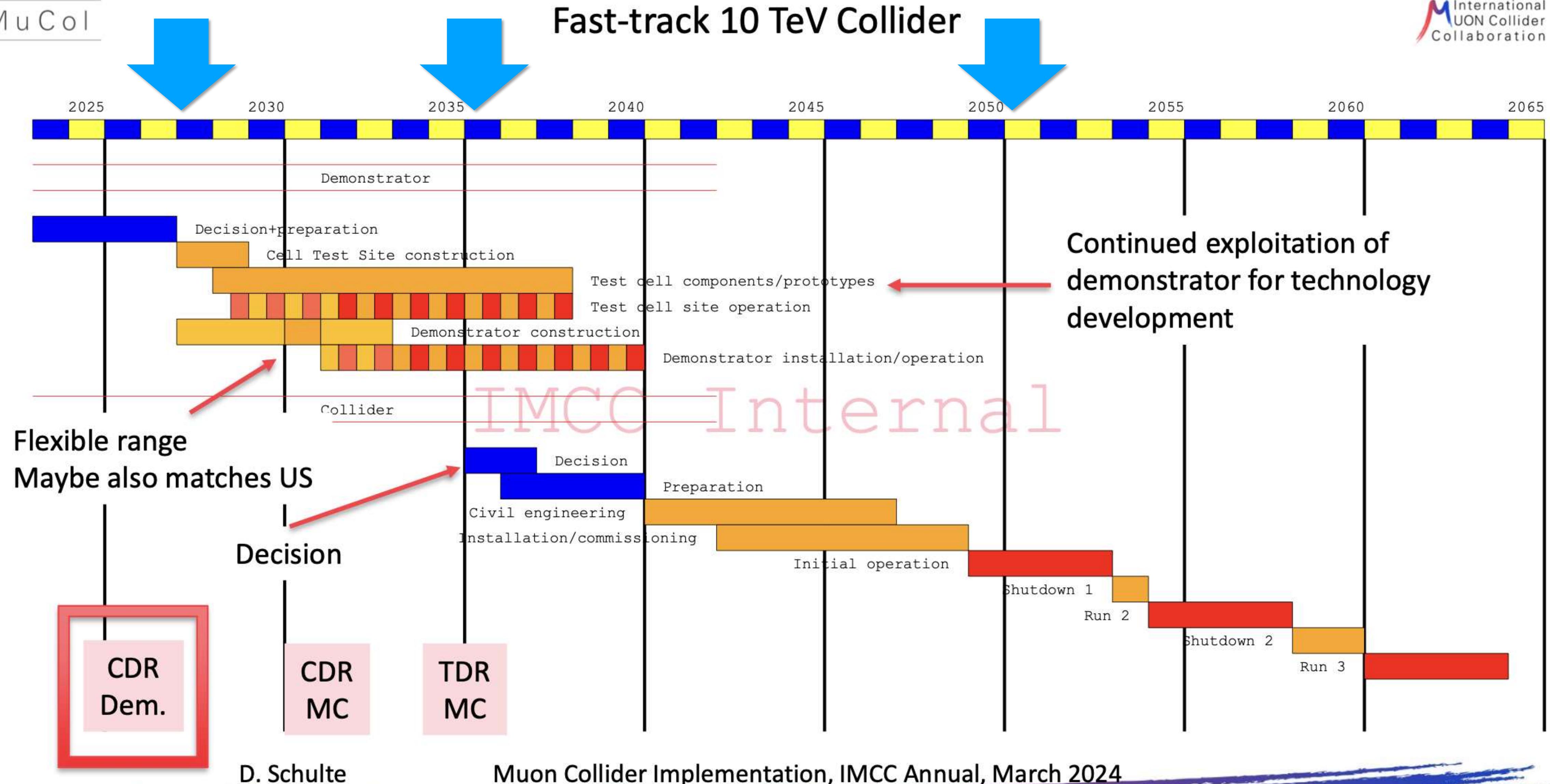
- Large bore solenoid
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- Large intensity absorber
  - All together!





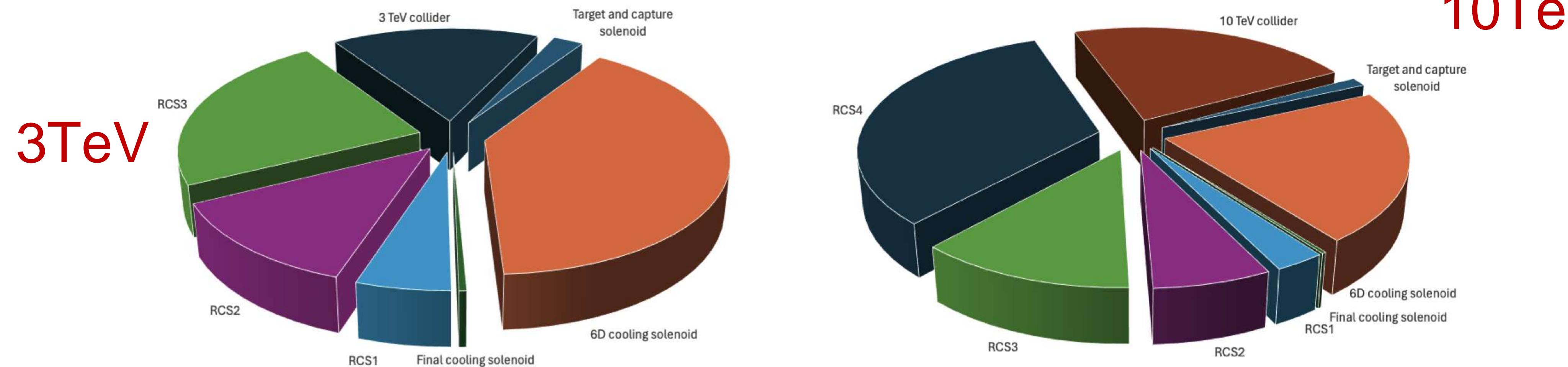
Mu Col

# Example Timeline



# COSTS

## Relative costs in MuCol project



## Largest costs in 6D cooling and accelerator (RCS)

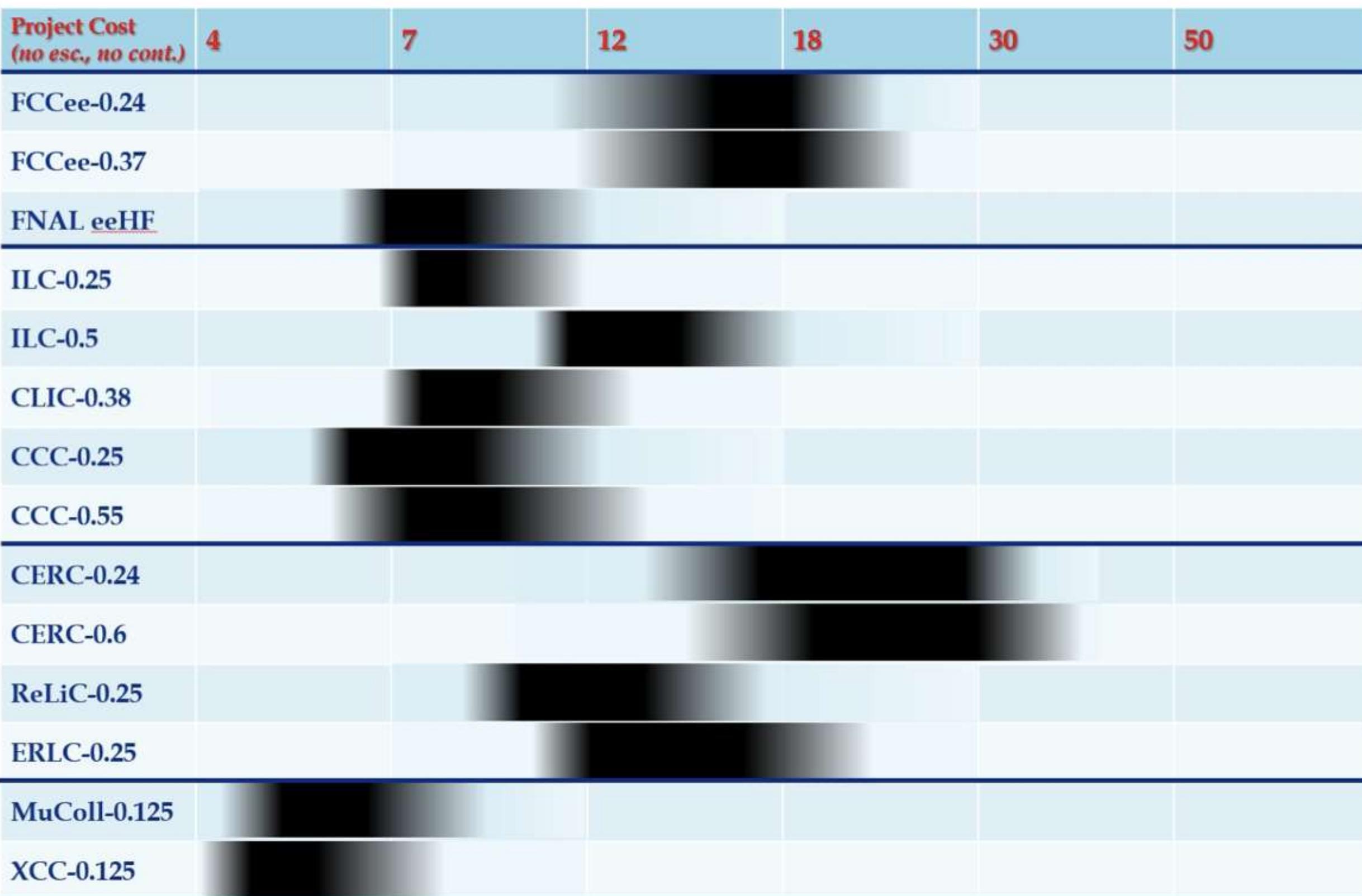
- Target, capture, final cooling only small fraction
  - Not dominated by (relatively) small collider

# COSTS (1)

125-600 GeV

- Overall: 5-15B\$
  - MuC on lower side of spectrum

Snowmass 21 - <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1748-0221/18/05/P05018/pdf>



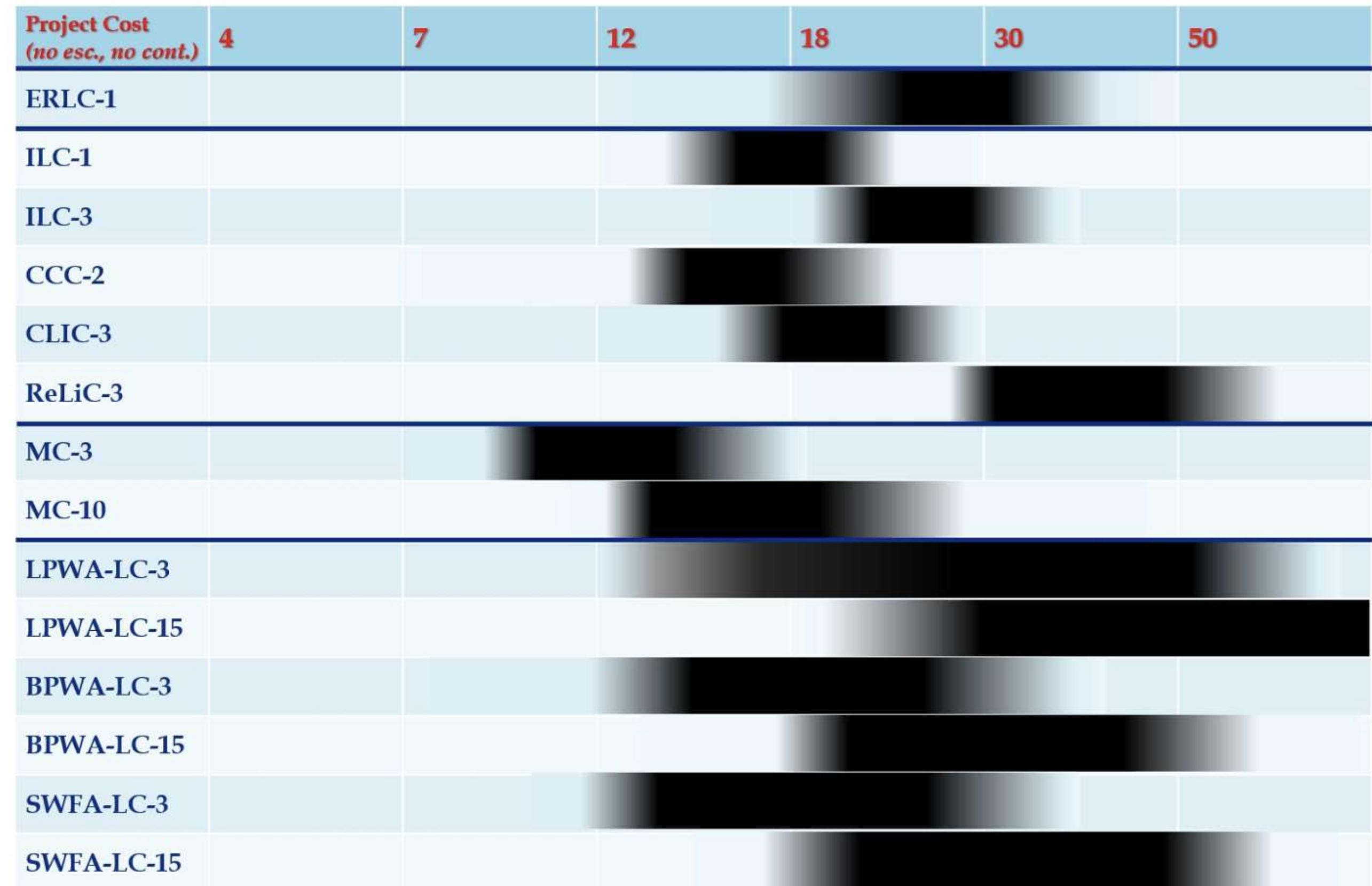
**Figure 8.** The ITF cost model for the EW/Higgs factory proposals. Horizontal scale is approximately logarithmic for the project total cost in 2021 B\$ without contingency and escalation. Black horizontal bars with smeared ends indicate the cost estimate range for each machine.

# COSTS (2)

1-10 TeV

- Overall: 10-30B\$
  - MuC on lower side of spectrum

Snowmass 21 - <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1748-0221/18/05/P05018/pdf>



**Figure 9.** The ITF cost model for the multi-TeV lepton collider proposals. Horizontal scale is approximately logarithmic for the project total cost in 2021 B\$ without contingency and escalation. Black horizontal bars with smeared ends indicate the cost estimate range for each machine.

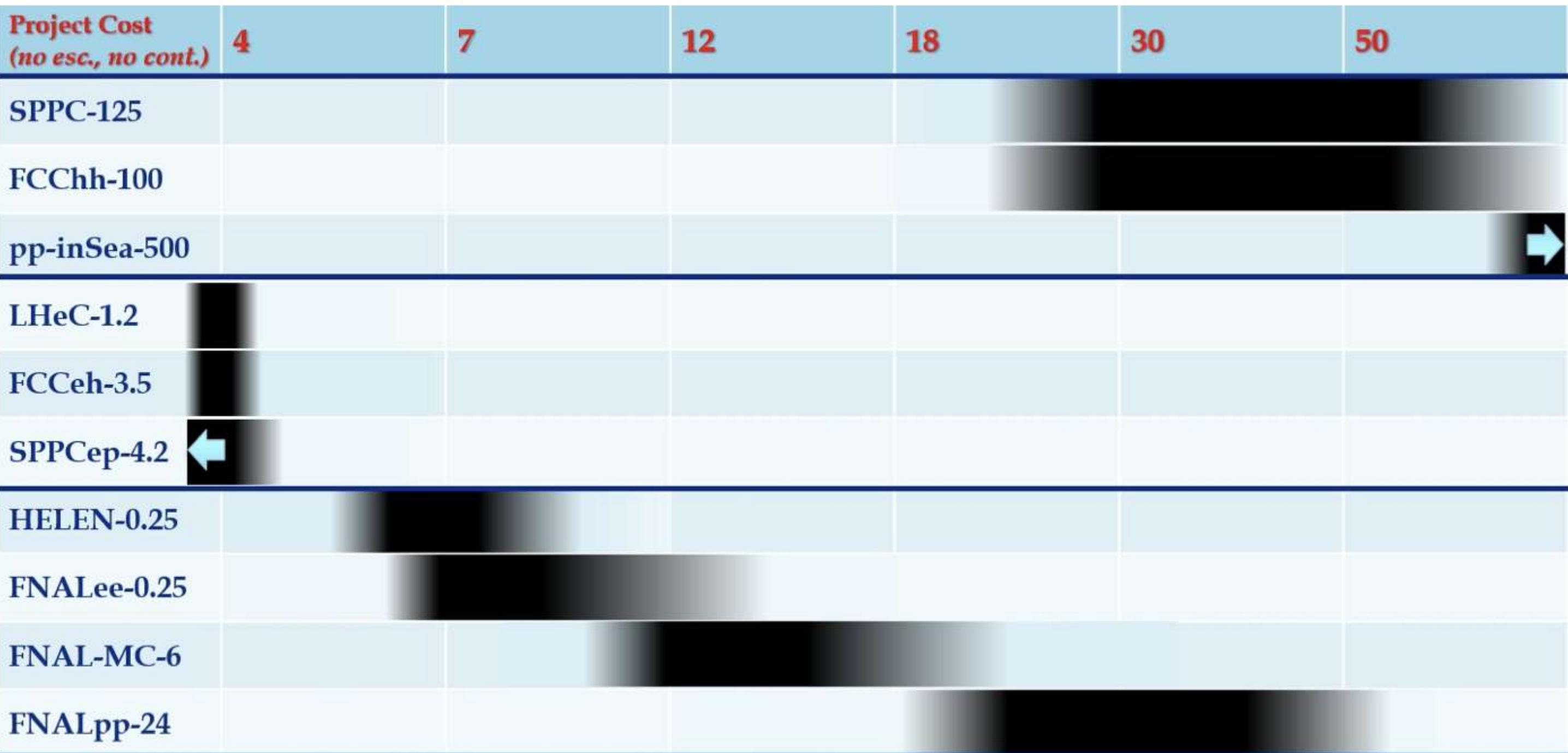
# COSTS (3)

## Other projects

- FCC-hh >25B\$



Snowmass 21 - <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1748-0221/18/05/P05018/pdf>

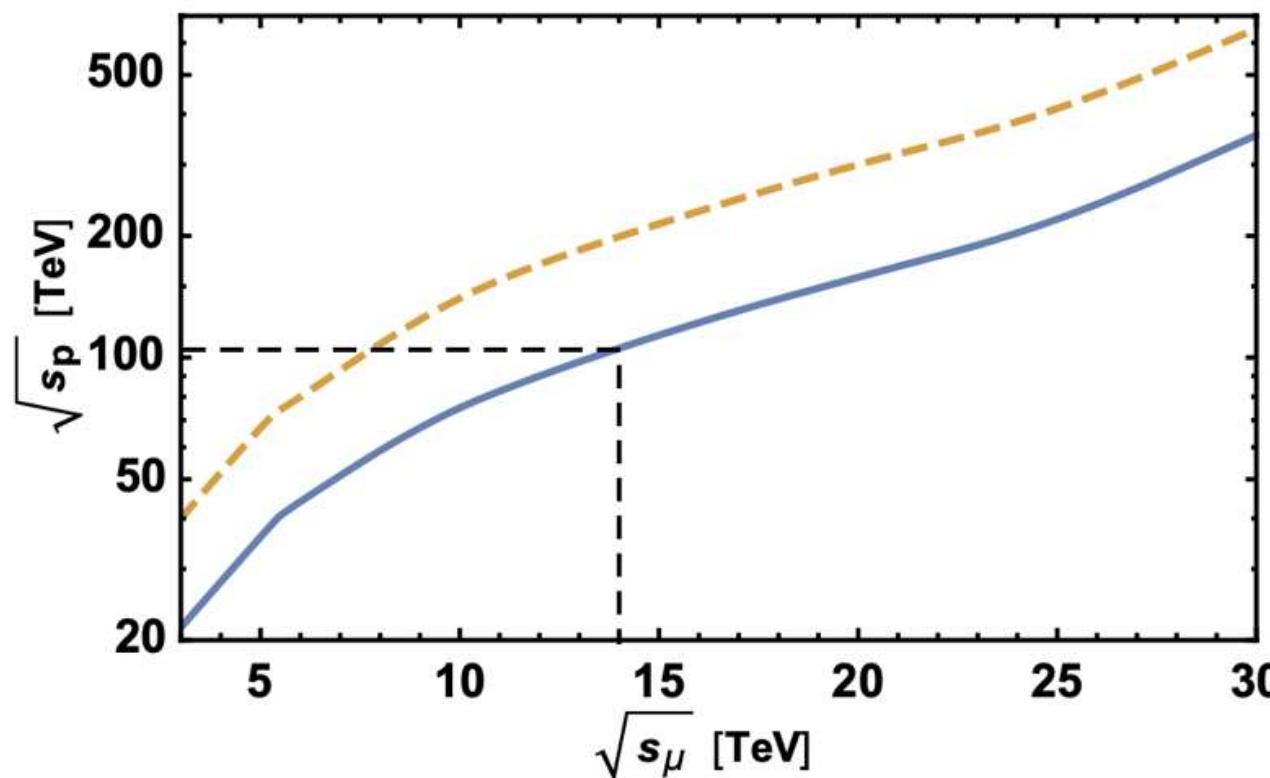


**Figure 10.** The ITF cost model for the energy frontier hadron collider, electron-proton colliders (incremental cost from hadron collider only) and for the proposed Fermilab site-filler colliders. Horizontal scale is approximately logarithmic for the project total cost in 2021 B\$ without contingency and escalation. Black horizontal bars with smeared ends are the cost estimate range for each machine. Right-arrow for the 500 TeV “Collider-in-the-Sea” indicates higher than 80 B\$ cost. Left-arrow for the electron-proton “SPPC-CEPC” collider concept indicates smaller than 4 B\$ cost.

# MUON COLLIDER BENEFITS

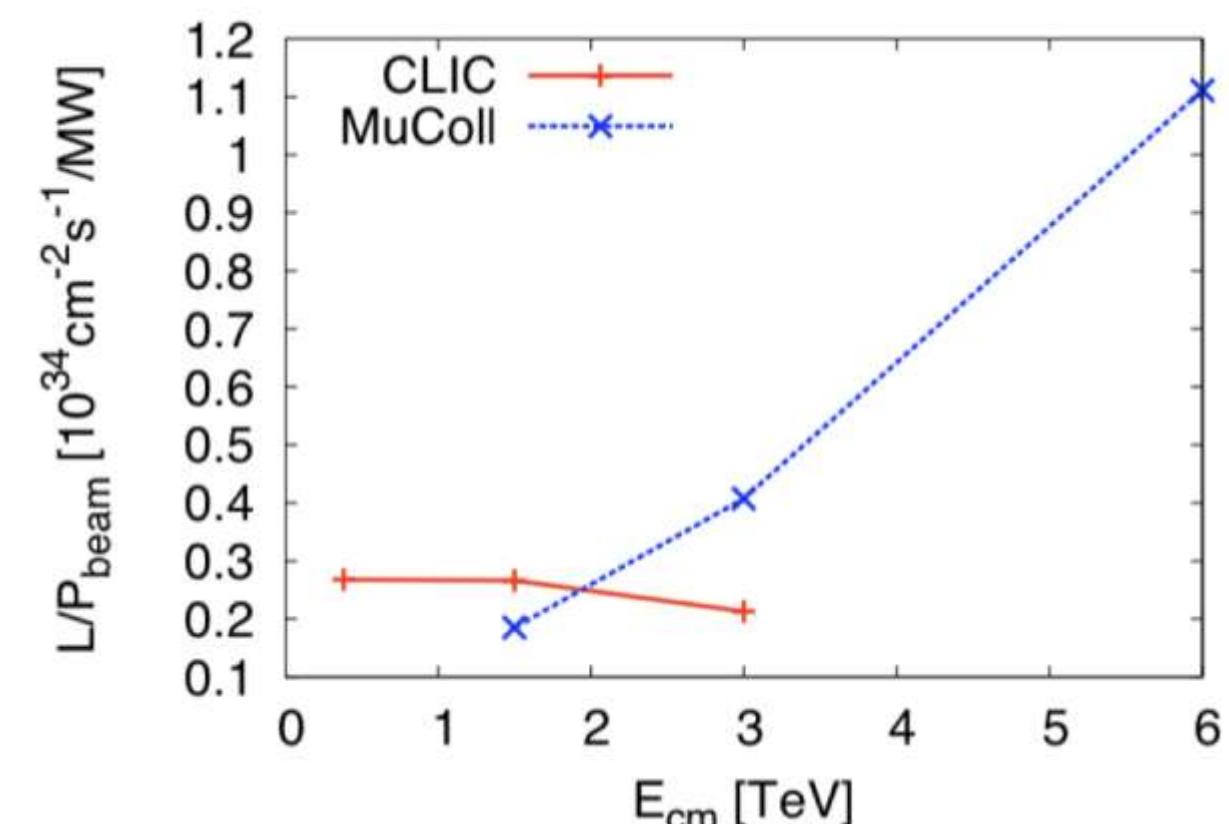
## High energy

- Discovery machine
- Higgs self-coupling
- Like FCC-hh



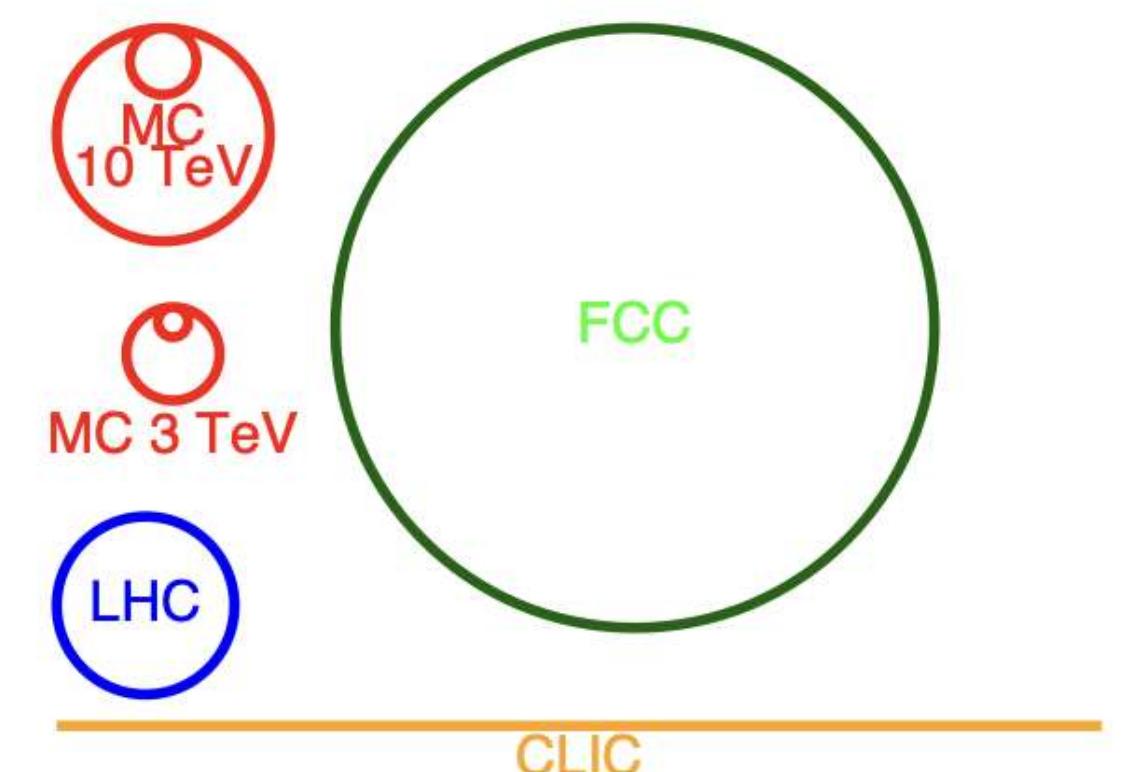
## Precision physics

- Luminosity frontier
- Higgs factory
- Like FCC-ee



## Compact & efficient

- $\sqrt{s}=10$  TeV:  
10-30km
- Like LHC



➤ And in the meantime we will do a lot of accelerator+detector R&D

# MUON COLLIDER

Physics case of a muon collider is great

- But it might not even be the main criterium

Muon collider has many advantages

- Physics: Precision & Discovery
- Technology and Innovation
- Practicalities: Footprint & Cost
- Outreach: It's New & Exciting!

Now: Let's study physics, detector, accelerator

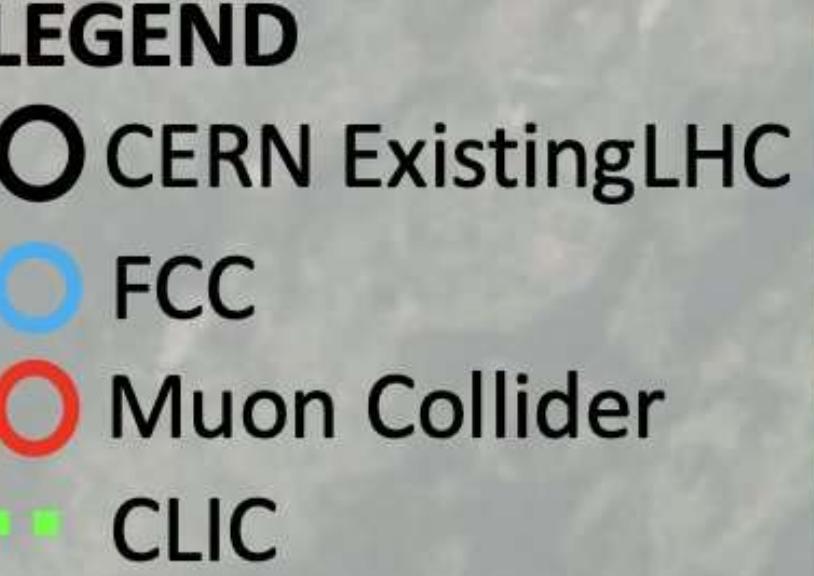
The New York Times

## Particle Physicists Agree on a Road Map for the Next Decade

A “muon shot” aims to study the basic forces of the cosmos. But meager federal budgets could limit its ambitions.

Share full article

96



CERN's future  
• HL-LHC  
• + CLIC?  
• + FCC?  
• + MuCol?

